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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. School authorship is designated.



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A Bill to Restrict Age of Candidates for Federal Elections

1	E IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
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- 2 SECTION 1. Candidates for federal elections shall be prohibited from running for
- ³ office after the age of 70.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Candidates for federal elections refers to any person who meets other
- 5 established qualifications.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Election Commission will enforce this bill.
- 7 **SECTION 4.** Implementation will be immediate upon the passage of this bill.
- 8 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Hooks High School.



A Bill to Eliminate the National Debt

1	SECTION 1.	70 billion U.S. dollars will be reallocated annually from the military
2		budget to eliminate the United States' debt.
3	SECTION 2.	Military refers to every branch included in the U.S. Armed Forces. United
4		States' debt refers to the amount of money the U.S. owes to its creditors.
5	SECTION 3.	This bill will be overseen and enforced by the Office of Management and
6		Budget. The reallocation of funds will be determined and managed
7		by the Department of Defense (DoD).
8		A. This money cannot be recouped through increased taxes or reductions
9		in military personnel pay.
10		B. The military budget cannot be increased more than 3% annually and
11		will be overseen by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).
12	SECTION 4.	This bill shall become effective January 1, 2023. The terms of the
13		legislation will expire when the debt is paid off.
14	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Chapel Hill High School.



A Resolution to Publicly Condemn the Republic of Turkey

1	WHEREAS,	The Republic of Turkey continues to degrade human rights by limiting
2		digital privacy, restricting the intrinsic right of freedom of speech, and
3		arbitrary killings and mysterious disappearances; and
4	WHEREAS,	Turkey still holds that the Armenian Genocide was simply a deportation
5		and does not recognize the 600,000-1,000,000 people murdered for their
6		ethnicity; and
7	WHEREAS,	The Republic of Turkey continues to commit human rights violations and
8		shows no plans of stopping; now, therefore, be it
9	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled recommends that the United
10		States federal government condemn the Republic of Turkey for the
11		Armenian genocide and the continued human rights violations that are
12		committed by The Republic of Turkey.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Atlanta High School.



A Bill to Mandate Non-Animal Testing Methods in the Cosmetic Industry

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 SECTION 1. Cosmetic manufacturers will replace all animal testing with advanced
- ³ non-animal testing methods within two years of the passage of this bill.
- SECTION 2. Animal testing is the use of living animals in experiments to obtain a
 controlled result.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall enforce this bill. The FDA
- 7 will conduct annual inspections beginning at the two-year deadline.
- A. Manufacturers not in compliance with this mandate shall be subject
 to consequences determined by the FDA.
- B. Consequences may include any or all of the following: injunctions,
- asset seizures, and fines.
- 12 SECTION 4. The implementation of this mandate will take place exactly two years
- 13 after the passage of this bill.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Hooks High School.



A Bill to Raise the National Minimum Drinking Age to 25

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The national minimum drinking age will be increased from the age of 21
3		to 25.
4	SECTION 2.	Drinking will be defined as the action or habit of consuming alcohol.
5	SECTION 3.	The Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control will oversee the
6		enforcement and implementation of this bill.
7		A. All current state-mandated consequences of underage drinking will
8		remain in effect.
9		B. Citizens older than 21 yet still under the new legal age requirement
10		will be granted a 14-day grace period upon this bill's passage to
11		discard and/or dispose of any alcohol in their possession.
12	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage
13	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Chapel Hill High School.



A Bill to Reform United States Department of Veterans Affairs

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States will hereby increase funding for the Department of
3		Veteran Affairs in the amount of 3 billion dollars for veterans' care.
4	SECTION 2.	The Department of Veteran Affairs is defined as the entity that handles
5		all veteran benefits through the federal government. Funding is defined
6		as any money that would be allocated to the Department of Veterans
7		Affairs.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Veteran Affairs will oversee the implementation of
9		this bill.
10	SECTION 4.	The implementation of this bill will begin on January 31, 2022.
11	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Atlanta High School.



A Bill to Eliminate the Marketing of Junk Food in Children's Television Programming

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1 SECTION 1. Junk food marketing in children's television programming shall be 2 banned. 3 The designation of "junk food" is any food or beverage that does not SECTION 2. 4 meet the nutritional standards set by the Children's Food and Beverage 5 Advertising Initiative of 2020. 6 Enforcement of this bill will be carried out by the Federal **SECTION 3.** 7 Communications Commission (FCC). 8 A. Infractions may result in monetary forfeiture, fines, or license 9 revocation, as determined by FCC Regulations. 10 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage. 11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. 12 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Hooks High School.



A Bill to Reduce Federal Prison Sentences for Nonviolent Offenders

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Federal judges are hereby granted authority to set sentences below the
3		mandatory minimum for nonviolent offenders with no criminal history.
4		The bill also extends the Fair Sentencing Act to grant current federal
5		prisoners the eligibility to petition for sentence reduction.
6	SECTION 2.	The term nonviolent offenders in this bill is defined as property, drug,
7		and public order offenders whose offenses did not involve a threat of
8		harm or an actual attack upon a victim. The Fair Sentencing Act of 2010
9		(FSA), enacted August 3, 2010, eliminated the mandatory minimum
10		sentence for simple possession of crack cocaine and increased statutory
11		fines. It also directed the Commission to amend the U.S. Sentencing
12		Guidelines to account for specified aggravating and mitigating
13		circumstances in drug trafficking offenses involving any drug type.
14	SECTION 3.	The Federal Bureau of Prisons will oversee the enforcement of this bill.
15	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect by the fiscal year of 2022.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Chapel Hill High School.



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Grant the Supreme Court the Power to Review Presidential Pardons

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the UIL Congress here assembled, that the following
3		article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
4		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the
5		Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the
6		several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the
7		Congress:
8		ARTICLE XXVIII
9	SECTION 1:	The Supreme Court of the United States shall review each presidential
10		pardon before it is officially granted. The Supreme Court shall have the
11		power to deny presidential pardons by the majority of Justices voting
12		against the pardon being reviewed. All presidential pardons will be
13		reviewed individually.
14	SECTION 2:	The UIL Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate
15		legislation.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Hooks High School.



A Bill to Require Part Availability to Enhance Right to Repair

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Producers of replacement parts for electronics and industrial machines
3		shall be required to make their products readily available within 90 days
4		of a purchase order, at a reasonable price and a reasonable quality.
5	SECTION 2.	Reasonable Price is defined as being sold with a profit margin of 20% or
6		less. Electronics is defined as, an item that operates by controlling the
7		flow of electrons or other electrically charged particles in circuits, using
8		interconnections such as resistors, inductors, capacitors, diodes,
9		switches, transistors, or integrated circuits, including a device that is used
10		for audio, video, or text communication or any other type of computer or
11		computer-like instrument. Industrial Machine is defined as a machine
12		used for work in industries including but not limited to medical devices,
13		agricultural machinery, and fabricating machines.
14	SECTION 3.	This bill will be enforced by the:
15		A. Federal Communication Commission: The FCC will monitor the parts
16		and content of parts for quality.
17		B. Federal Trade Commission: The FTC will monitor complaints against
18		noncompliant companies through an already existing anonymous
19		reporting system.
20	SECTION 4.	This bill shall be enacted by the start of the fiscal year of 2022.
21	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Chapel Hill High School.



A Bill to Define Characteristics of Wetlands in the United States to Better Protect the Environment

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Environmental value of wetlands will be determined by a consideration of
3		the specific wetland's contribution to the environment.
4	SECTION 2.	Wetlands will be categorized on a scale ranking 1-5 with 1 being of the
5		lowest value and 5 being of the highest value.
6	SECTION 3.	The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall have jurisdiction over
7		the enforcement of this bill.
8	SECTION 4.	This bill shall be implemented and each wetland shall be ranked by the
9		end of 2023.
10	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Atlanta High School.



A Resolution to Mandate Covid-19 Vaccinations for Residents of the United States

1	WHEREAS,	Covid-19 is spreading rapidly and hospitals are running out of ICU beds;
2		and
3	WHEREAS,	The United State federal government needs to take action to ensure that
4		our healthcare system does not collapse; and
5	WHEREAS,	A collapse of our healthcare system would mean that we would no longer
6		be able to treat and care for routine, preventable deaths; and
7	WHEREAS,	If we stand by and take no action, we will be allowing our country's
8		infrastructure to break and fail our people as a nation; now, therefore, be
9		it.
10	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled recommends that all citizens of
11		the United States be mandated to receive the COVID-19 vaccine; and be
12		it
13	FURTHER RES	OLVED, that we as congress must own our responsibility to the American
14		people to provide them with the protection and resources needed.
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Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Rivercrest High School.



1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All private federal prisons will be closed and all federal prisoners housed
3		therein will be immediately transferred to a prison that is part of the
4		United States Federal Bureau of Prisons.
5	SECTION 2.	A private prison is defined as a for-profit prison that is owned and
6		operated by a private company through a contractual agreement with
7		the federal government. Federal prisoners are defined as persons legally
8		held in a federal prison for crimes that violated federal law. The Federal
9		Bureau of Prisons is defined as the law enforcement agency that operates
10		a nationwide system of prisons and detention facilities to incarcerate
11		inmates sentenced to imprisonment for federal crimes.
12	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice will oversee the enforcement of this bill.
13	SECTION 4.	All federal private prisons must be closed and prisoners transferred by
14		January 1, 2024.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by North Lamar High School.



A Resolution to Support Increased Funding for Disaster Relief

1	WHEREAS,	The funding for the Disaster Relief Fund is \$5.1 billion, but there are
2		major power outages and massive amounts of damage that occur from
3		hurricanes that cannot be adequately addressed with this amount of
4		money; and
5	WHEREAS,	During Tropical Cyclone Maria, Puerto Rico had major power outages
6		with no way to contact the United States, and Hurricane Harvey caused
7		\$125 billion damages in Houston, Texas, for which the city is still
8		recovering today; and
9	WHEREAS,	Current Puerto Ricans and some future descendants now have to live in
10		debt for the rest of their lives because the Federal Emergency
11		Management Agency(FEMA) was not able to provide enough aid for
12		complete recovery, so they are much further behind the rest of the U.S.
13		in economy. Furthermore, Hurricane Harvey caused so much damage
14		that most estimates suggest that it will take 15 years to recover, which
15		leaves Texans in debt; now, therefore, be it
16	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled calls for an increase in funding for
17		disaster relief.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Harts Bluff Early College High School.



A Bill to Fund Military Action to Protect All Afghan Citizens Who Aided and Abetted the U.S. Military

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Congress will fund all necessary military action needed
3		to protect and evacuate any friend of the state.
4	SECTION 2.	Necessary military action is clarified as all initiatives needed to
5		successfully protect and evacuate allies of the United States. Friend of
6		the State is any individual who has knowingly assisted in the military
7		actions during our presence in Afghanistan.
8	SECTION 3.	The executive branch will order all necessary military actions to satisfy
9		the initiative.
10		A. Special Operations as needed will be deployed to protect and aide all
11		friends of the state.
12		B. All Military presence will be recalled as soon as all known friends of
13		the State are assisted to safety.
14	SECTION 4.	This will be implemented immediately upon passage.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Rivercrest High School.



A Bill to Protect Cancer Patients from Financial Hardship

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- SECTION 1. All cancer patients who are physically unable to work during treatment
 shall be paid their normal wages.
- SECTION 2. "Cancer patients" are defined as persons who have been diagnosed and
 are receiving active treatment for a malignancy. "Treatment" is defined
- as a course of medical care or the administration of a dose of medicine,
- 7 including but not limited to surgery, chemotherapy and radiation.
- 8 "Normal wages" are defined as the remuneration paid by employers as
- 9 wages, commission, or a combination of a flat rate, task or piece rate, or
- 10 hourly rate and any regular bonus. "Cannot work" is defined as being
- 11 temporarily unable to fulfill the duties of their employment because of
- 12 physical disability caused by the cancer or the medical treatment.
- SECTION 3. The United States Department of Health and Human Services will oversee
 the enactment of this legislation.
- A. Only cancer patients that are deemed by their physicians to be
- 16 temporarily disabled during treatment will be eligible to receive
- 17 payments.
- B. \$40 billion will be allocated to fund this legislation.
- 19 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be enacted immediately upon passage.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by North Lamar High School.



A Resolution to Encourage the Increase of Title 1 Funding to Support Higher Teacher Pay

1	WHEREAS,	Teachers are not paid adequately, causing them to leave the profession;
2		and
3	WHEREAS,	The hiring pool of teachers is slimming, including more uncertified
4		candidates, with 13.2% of school districts reporting that they are losing
5		teachers and are unable to hire qualified replacements; and
6	WHEREAS,	In the U.S., over 1000 teachers are suffering from depression, because
7		they can no longer teach since their teaching salaries are not adequate to
8		support a family; and
9	WHEREAS,	The lack of qualified teachers results in the quality of education of the
10		United States declining. In many schools, test scores have dropped 25%
11		since the exit of qualified, veteran teachers. With many who are
12		unqualified to teach, students cannot get the education they deserve;
13		and
14	WHEREAS,	With higher funding to pay teachers, veteran teachers will be more
15		interested in returning to the teaching profession; now, therefore, be it
16	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled recommends increasing Title I to
17		increase teacher pay.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Harts Bluff Early College High School.



A Resolution to Extend Student Loan Forgiveness Programs to STEM Professions

1	WHEREAS,	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) professions
2		are currently experiencing a shortage in the workforce; and
3	WHEREAS,	Economic projections point to a need for approximately \$1 million more
4		STEM professionals that the U.S. will produce over the next decade; and
5	WHEREAS,	If we fail to supplement the STEM labor force, it could mean the collapse
6		of our infrastructure and lead to the United States falling behind in
7		technological areas; and
8	WHEREAS,	We must act now so that current students will be inclined to enter the
9		STEM field and take advantage of student loan forgiveness; now,
10		therefore,
11	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled recommend supplementing
12		Student Loan Forgiveness to prepare for a future STEM worker shortage.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Rivercrest High School.



A Resolution to Diversify Federal Judges

1	WHEREAS,	73% of federal judges are men while 49.2% of the general population is male;
2		and
3	WHEREAS	80% of federal judges are white while 60.1% of the general population is white;
4		and
5	WHEREAS	Only 1% of all judges identify as part of the LGBTQ+ community while 4.5% of the
6		general population identifies as such; and
7	WHEREAS,	These numbers indicate that the federal judiciary does not represent the diverse
8		population it serves; and
9	WHEREAS,	This lack of diversity can introduce biases in courts, making the judicial process at
10		best appear to be unfair to defendants; and
11	WHEREAS,	65% of judges believe that systemic racism exists in the criminal justice system;
12		and
13	WHEREAS	Many judges do not recognize that prejudice in the judicial system exists or are
14		unwilling to admit it; and
15	WHEREAS	Implicit biases often impact decisions made by judges; and
16	WHEREAS	Systemic racism is the primary reason why black Americans and other minorities
17		are incarcerated at higher rates and for longer sentences than white Americans;
18		now, therefore, be it
19	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled calls for increased diversity among federal
20		judge appointees in the United States.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by North Lamar High School.



21		A Bill to Adopt Universal Health Care
22 1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government will provide universal health care
3		to anyone who has paid taxes in the previous completed tax year.
4	SECTION 2.	A "tax year" extends from January 1st to December 31st.
5	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the
6		enforcement of this legislation.
7		A. The Department of Treasury will collect funds through the
8		International Revenue Service.
9		B. The Congressional Budget Office will prepare the budget for the funds
10		to be distributed to the Department of Health and Human Services.
11	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect on January 31, 2022.
12	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Harts Bluff Early College High School.



A Bill to Increase Offshore Windmill Farms

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government shall designate \$30 billion toward
3		the development of offshore windmills. Funding will be given directly to
4		the Department of Energy, who will designate ideal spots for wind farms
5		based on need and location.
6	SECTION 2.	Offshore is defined as situated at sea within 30 nautical miles of the
7		United States' coastline. Wind farm is defined as an area containing a
8		group of energy-producing windmills or wind turbines.
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Energy will enforce this bill.
10		a. The Department of Energy will employ all necessary workers and
11		technicians.
12		b. In tourist areas, all windmills must be built out of sight of the coastline.
13	SECTION 4.	This law shall be implemented on January 31, 2022.
14	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Mount Pleasant High School.



A Bill to Ban Unnecessary Animal Testing

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- SECTION 1. A bill to prohibit the manufacturing and sale of any material goods in the 2 U.S. that have been tested on animals. 3 SECTION 2. Unnecessary means that it is not needed for human survival. This 4 includes but is not limited to cosmetics, household cleaning supplies, hair 5 care, laundry supplies, etc. 6 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Agriculture will oversee the 7 implementation of this bill. 8 A. The manufacturer or corporation is responsible for ensuring that 9 neither the brand nor any of its manufacturers or suppliers may 10 conduct, commission or be party to animal tests for raw materials or 11 ingredients anywhere in the world. 12 B. The manufacturer or corporation must set up a continuous monitoring 13 system to ensure compliance with this bill and must open up their 14 monitoring system to regular audits. 15 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be implemented immediately upon passage. 16 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. 17 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Sulphur Springs High School.



A Bill to Institute a Carbon Tax to Confront Climate Change

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	All corporations will be required to pay a carbon tax of \$15 per ton,
3		escalating by \$10 per ton annually until it reaches \$115 per ton by 2030.
4	SECTION 2.	A corporation is an organization or group of people authorized to act as a
5		single entity. A carbon tax is a tax on the emission of carbon into the
6		atmosphere.
7	SECTION 3.	The Environmental Protection Agency will work with the U.S. Department
8		of the Treasury to enforce this legislation.
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect by January 31, 2022.
10	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Mount Pleasant High School.	



A Bill to Mandate the COVID Vaccination to Limit New Cases

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	Federally approved COVID-19 vaccines will be mandated for all those
3		above 12 years of age without a valid medical exemption.
4	SECTION 2.	Federally approved is defined as approved by the Food and Drug
5		Administration.
6	SECTION 3.	The surgeon general will publish a list of conditions that qualify a person
7		for a medical exemption from vaccination. Any citizens in public spaces
8		who fail to present vaccination cards or digital copies of proof of
9		vaccination will be fined, at minimum \$75 but not to exceed \$1,200, by
10		federal officers.
11		A. The Department of Justice will implement these measures.
12		B. Organizations failing to enforce this bill may lose federal funding.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect 15 days after passage.
14	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Texas High School.	



A Bill to Re-interpret the Clean Water Act to Delegate Authority to Each Native Tribe

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government shall, recognizing its duty to tribal
3		water rights as per the Trust Doctrine, reinterpret the Clean Water Act to
4		delegate congressional authority to each Native tribe to administer
5		regulatory programs over their entire reservations.
6	SECTION 2.	Delegate means to entrust a task or responsibility onto another. The
7		Trust Doctrine refers to the principle that the federal government holds
8		trust for public use of resources, regardless of private property
9		ownership.
10	SECTION 3.	The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) will oversee the enforcement
11		of the bill along with a few other mechanisms including
12		A. Re-interpreting Section 518 of the Clean Water Act to delegate.
13		B. Providing a pathway for Treatment as a State (TAS) statutes to tribes
14		not recognized on the local, state and federal levels.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will be implemented on January 31, 2022.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Mount Pleasant High School.



A Resolution to Federally Mandate the Use of Masks in Public Schools

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	WHEREAS,	As covid-19 cases continue rising throughout the country as well as	
3		worldwide, the virus becomes more easy and rapid to spread as public	
4		places start reopening; and	
5	WHEREAS,	State and local government officials are prohibiting school districts the	
6		use of masks in order to prevent any outburst casualties from happening	
7		between the children, parents, and staff; and	
8	WHEREAS,	Anti-mask policies increase the probability of students, faculty, and staff	
9		from being infected with COVID-19; and	
10	WHEREAS,	Ensuring that everyone in public schools is required to use a face mask	
11		would continue slowing the spread in these facilities along with putting	
12		others in safety in order to prevent spreading; now, therefore be it	
13	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled calls upon the President to	
14		federally mandate the use of masks in K-12 public schools.	
15	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by Mount Pleasant High School.	