



2020-2021

ESC 10 4A Congress Legislation

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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. School authorship is designated.



A Bill to Require Citizens to be Vaccinated to Protect the General Welfare

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All United States citizens shall be required to be vaccinated by all U.S.

3 Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved vaccines.

4 **SECTION 2.** Vaccines shall be defined as a substance used to stimulate the production
5 of antibodies and provide immunity against one or several diseases.

6 **SECTION 3.** The FDA shall oversee the implementation of this bill with the help of all
7 federal and state funded health insurance agencies.

8 A. If a citizen is unwilling to be vaccinated, then they shall lose any
9 government funded health coverage such as, Medicaid, Medicare,
10 BlueCross BlueShield, etc. until they are vaccinated.

11 B. If a citizen is unwilling to be vaccinated, then they cannot be hired by
12 any government agency until they are vaccinated.

13 C. If a citizen is not vaccinated, then they will not be allowed to attend
14 any government funded school or college/university until they are
15 vaccinated.

16 D. Only patients who have a known allergy to a substance in a vaccine(s)
17 shall be exempt from taking a particular vaccine(s).

18 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall take effect January 1, 2023.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Mabank High School.



A Bill to Ban the Use of Tear Gas to Disperse Crowds

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Under the passage of this legislation it will be mandatory to ban the use
3 of tear gas to disperse large groups of people by both state and federal
4 law enforcement.

5 **SECTION 2.** Tear gas is a non-lethal chemical weapon used to disperse crowds by
6 firing canisters filled with the gas into the air. By banning its use, all of the
7 health risks associated with tear gas exposure can be avoided.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice is responsible for law enforcement, will thus
9 oversee the enforcement of this bill.

10 A. This is a national law which all states must follow.

11 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be implemented immediately upon passage.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Caddo Mills High School.



A Resolution to Ban the Use Pyrotechnics and Binary Explosives from Non-Certified Specialists

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Explosives such as pyrotechnics and binary explosives are still
2 unregulated and available for public use without certification; and
- 3 **WHEREAS,** Improper use of pyrotechnics has resulted in recent devastation from the
4 West Coast fires with over two million acres scorched and seven lives lost
5 since September 9, 2020 and binary explosives have been linked to a
6 series of accidental deaths across the country and terrorist attacks in
7 cities such as New York; and
- 8 **WHEREAS,** Without federal oversight, there is a continued direct threat to the
9 American public during this unstable time between domestic and
10 international relations; now therefore, be it
- 11 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following
12 recommendation to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and
13 Explosives (ATF) to ban the use of pyrotechnics and binary explosives
14 from Non-Certified Specialists.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Mabank High School.



A Resolution to Pardon Nonviolent Drug Offenders

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Prisons are overcrowded with nonviolent drug offenders; and
2 **WHEREAS,** Many nonviolent offenders are subject to mandatory minimum
3 sentences; and
4 **WHEREAS,** Statistics prove that prison does not help rehabilitate drug offenders; and
5 **WHEREAS,** A criminal record makes finding a job much harder; and
6 **WHEREAS,** Minority communities have been targeted by draconian drug laws; now,
7 therefore, be it
8 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following
9 recommendation for solution that the President pardon all federal
10 nonviolent drug offenders; and, be it
11 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress recommend all governors pardon their
12 respective state's nonviolent drug offenders.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Princeton High School.



A Bill to Establish a Joint Task Force to Curb Illicit Opioid Trafficking

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** \$5 billion shall be appropriated to the creation of a new Joint Task Force
3 for the purposes of curbing illicit opioid trafficking into the U.S.

4 **SECTION 2.** Joint Task Force (JTF) shall be defined as a specific, unified effort within
5 the Department of Homeland Security to conduct integrated
6 investigations and operations within joint operating areas.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security will be responsible for
8 implementing this policy.

9 E. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall give an annual report to 10
10 Congress regarding the JTF's effectiveness through the use of specific,
11 relevant performance metrics. The DHS's report shall be evaluated by
12 Congress for the purposes of future appropriations of resources.

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect fiscal year 2022.

14 A. This policy will sunset quinquennially after its implementation unless
15 otherwise extended.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School.



A Bill to further regulate Social Media Giants to Protect the First Amendment

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Social Media giants shall not include in their policy, the ability to remove
3 any post within their platforms which is not deemed as harmful or
4 destructive to the American public.

5 **SECTION 2.** Social Media giants is defined as social media platforms that contain over
6 two million users.

7 Harmful and destructive is defined as information that could cause direct
8 physical damage to an individual.

9 Policy is defined as the companies operating procedures of removing a
10 post, excluding when they are legally required to remove it by law.

11 **SECTION 3.** The Department of the Interior will oversee the enforcement of this bill

12 A. Companies may put legitimate labels on posts that are verifiably false
13 or misleading, but may not shadow ban or limit the viewers of that
14 post.

15 B. This bill will outlaw the current enforcement of operating procedures
16 and policies by any social media platform's removal of posts based on
17 any form of bias or personal opinion.

18 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect January 1, 2022.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Midlothian High School.



A Bill to Increase Conflict Management Training for Police Officers to Lower Levels of Police Violence

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All persons in training to be a law enforcement officer must acquire a minimum
3 of eighty total hours of conflict management training in order to be certified.

4 **SECTION 2.** Conflict management training is to be defined as courses revolving around de-
5 escalating situations to limit the necessity of violent force.

6 **SECTION 3.** This bill enforcement of this bill will be through the Department of Justice

7 A. Courses may be determined by the states

8 B. Failure to comply with increased training will result in a \$10,000 fine per
9 person not certified.

10 **SECTION 4.** This law will begin implementation upon passage and be completed by January
11 1, 2022.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitesboro High School.



A Bill to Criminalize the Use of Deepfakes to Protect the Identity and Reputation of Americans

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The use of “deepfakes” or any other synthetic media that portray another’s
3 likeness without their consent is prohibited.

4 **SECTION 2.** Deepfakes are defined as ultra-realistic videos utilizing machine-generated
5 algorithms that mimic human movement and/or another’s likeness. Other
6 synthetic media should be defined as any other photo or video editing software
7 that can alter one’s likeness past recognition.

8 **SECTION 3.** This bill shall be implemented by the National Security Agency.

9 A. Uses of synthetic media for the purposes of satire or parody shall not be
10 banned under this bill

11 B. The usage of deepfake technology will result in a fine of \$5,000 and a
12 minimum sentence of six months or 336 hours of community service.

13 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect immediately upon passage.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitesboro High School.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and has permission to be presented.



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Set Term Limits Upon the United States Legislator

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the UIL Congress here assembled, that the following article is
3 proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall
4 be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by
5 the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the
6 date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE XXV

8 **SECTION 1:** No person shall be elected to the office of legislator more than three times, and
9 no person who has held the office of legislator, or acted as legislator, for more
10 than twelve months of a term to which some other person was elected legislator
11 of a district shall be elected to the office of a legislator more than once. This
12 article shall not prevent any person who may be holding the office of legislator,
13 or presently acting as a legislator, during the term within which this Article
14 becomes operative from holding the office of legislator or acting as legislator
15 during the remainder of such term.

16 **SECTION 2:** The UIL Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate
17 legislation.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitesboro High School.

*We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and
has permission to be presented.*



A Bill to Reform U.S. Prison Systems in Order to Prevent Re-incarceration

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Due to the high number of re-incarceration rates in the U.S. Prison System, a
3 complete reformation of the prison system is due in the form of creating a two-
4 tiered system, one being a reformation center, the other being a detention
5 center. The basis on which facility is assigned will be based upon the offense
6 committed. Non-violent offenses and minor convictions will be sent to a
7 rehabilitation center, while those who commit major felonies and violent
8 offenses will be sent to a detention center.

9 **SECTION 2.** A reformation is a complete change in an institution or practice. Non-violent
10 offenses include but are not limited to minor assault, harassment, hazing, and
11 robbery or theft. Violent offense includes but is not limited to aggravated
12 battery, child abuse, homicide, human trafficking, and armed assaults.

13 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Bureau of Prisons will oversee the implementation of this bill.

14 A. This bill will be implemented over the course of ten years.

15 B. All U.S. Prisons not enforcing this mandate will be withheld \$1,000 from their
16 federal budget per prisoner per week.

17 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect immediately upon its passing.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitesboro High School.



A Resolution to Disband ICE and Use the Funding for the DREAM Act

- 1 **WHEREAS,** The U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Agency has committed
2 multiple human rights violations; and
- 3 **WHEREAS,** During the Barack Obama administration a record number of deportations
4 occurred, 2.4 million and 40% of whom did not have criminal convictions; and
- 5 **WHEREAS,** The United States federal government has allocated \$7.6 billion towards ICE as
6 their annual budget; and
- 7 **WHEREAS,** Many immigrants have benefits to the economy and workforce from common
8 occupations to the highest forms of education, many of whom may be funded by
9 the DREAM Act; now, therefore, be it
- 10 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following recommendation for
11 the disbanding of ICE; and, be it
- 12 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That all funds for ICE be used to fund the DREAM Act to support many
13 who have immigrated to the U.S.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Caddo Mills High School.



A Bill to Fund the Research and Production of Plastic Eating Bacteria to Decrease the Pollution of Plastics

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will begin providing grants to scientific groups or
3 research associated with Plastic Eating Bacteria “PEB” that require
4 funding assistance for the purpose of decreasing plastic pollution.

5 **SECTION 2.** Grant shall be defined as financial assistance that provides support or
6 stimulation to accomplish a public purpose. Scientific groups or research
7 shall be determined as a group of people or corporations that study
8 and/or produce PEB for the use decreasing plastic pollution. Plastic Eating
9 Bacteria or PEB shall refer to a bacteria called Ideonella sakaiensis, which
10 is a biological organism with the ability to consume some plastics.

11 **SECTION 3.** The United States Environmental Protection Agency shall oversee the
12 enforcement of this legislation.

13 A. Only groups and research that prove the need of assistance with
14 funding will receive the assistance from the USEPA by filing for a grant
15 and filling out the grant application.

16 **SECTION 4.** This Bill shall be implemented January 1, 2022.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Mabank High School.



A Bill to Invest in Deep Sea Mining

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A \$1 billion competitive grant program for research and development
3 into deep sea mining technology shall be established to advance U.S.
4 interests in the acquisition of critical minerals.

5 **SECTION 2.** Deep sea mining is the process of retrieving minerals from the ocean
6 floor.

7 **SECTION 3.** The National Science Foundation and the National Oceanic and
8 Atmospheric Administration shall jointly administer this competitive
9 grant program
10 A. U.S. entities, including private companies, non-profits, and
11 universities, shall be eligible to receive grant funding.
12 B. Foreign entities applying for grant funding will be required to undergo
13 a national security review from the Committee on Foreign Investment
14 in the United States (CFIUS).

15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect January 1, 2022.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School.



A Bill to Abolish Cash Bonds to Limit Income Inequality Among the Incarcerated

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The system of cash bonds for release from pretrial jail is to be abolished. This
3 system shall be replaced with personal recognizance bonds based on risk levels
4 for the incarcerated individual as determined by the judge.

5 **SECTION 2.** “Personal recognizance bonds” shall be defined as bonds that contain a series of
6 conditions the defendant must meet rather than a dollar amount that must be
7 paid. “Risk levels” are to be defined as a measure of danger the defendant poses
8 to the general public.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall oversee the
10 implementation of this bill.

11 A. A refundable security deposit proportional to 5% of the defendant’s income
12 must still be paid in order to ensure court attendance.

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect by January 1, 2022.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitesboro High School.



A Resolution to Eliminate Bilateral Relations with Israel

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Israel has used U.S. military aid and diplomatic support to suppress Palestinians;
2 and
- 3 **WHEREAS,** The United States has vetoed 32 UN resolutions against Israel since 1972, and, in
4 that time, Israel has procured more than 16,700 individual pieces of military
5 hardware from the United States; and
- 6 **WHEREAS,** During the time that the Unites States has supported Israel, more than half a
7 million Palestinians have been pushed from their homes, Israel has annexed a
8 large majority of the land that they evacuated; and
- 9 **WHEREAS,** Forcing Israel to have to defend its actions on its own on the international stage
10 creates the possibility of a realistic solution to the Israel-Palestine conflict with
11 minimal United States intervention; now, therefore, be it
- 12 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled make the recommendation to eliminate
13 bilateral relations with Israel.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Princeton High School.



The Climate Change Compromise of 2020

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The U.S. shall implement a carbon tax of \$50 per metric ton of carbon
3 emitted by companies.

4 **SECTION 2.** A carbon tax shall be defined as a tax levied on the emission of carbon
5 through the burning of fossil fuels. Companies shall be defined as legal
6 entities that emit greater than 10,000 metric tons of carbon annually.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Energy and Internal Revenue Service shall be in
8 charge of overseeing and implementing this legislation.

9 A. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall collect the tax accordingly
10 and increase the tax by \$10 per metric ton annually for companies
11 who fail to comply.

12 B. The tax revenue shall be allocated to the Department of Energy's
13 budget for the research and subsidization of renewable energy
14 sources, as well as the power grid upgrades for the use of renewable
15 energy.

16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect January 1, 2022.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School.



A Bill to Increase Federal Tax Credits for Electric Vehicles

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The maximum amount of tax credits given to those who own electric
3 vehicles qualified for tax incentives will be increased from \$7,500 a year
4 to \$10,000 a year.

5 **SECTION 2.** A “tax credit” is defined as an amount of money taxpayers can subtract
6 from the amount of taxes owed to the government.

7 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Internal Revenue Service will oversee the implementation of this
8 bill.

9 A. This bill replaces all previous laws regarding tax incentives for electric
10 vehicles.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation goes into effect January 1, 2022.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Independence High School.



A Bill to Send Infrastructural Aid to Improve Health Security in Peru

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** \$500 million shall be appropriated to the government of Peru over the
3 course of 10 years through the Economic Support Fund for the purpose of
4 improving upon health infrastructure

5 **SECTION 2.**

6 A. Health infrastructure shall be defined as infrastructure that improves
7 access to health services and sanitation. Allocations such as
8 construction of healthcare facilities, provision of short-term
9 necessities, and subsidization for healthcare education and research
10 may be considered.

11 B. Economic Support Fund shall be defined as economic aid designated
12 to promote economic or political stability in areas where the United
13 States has special strategic interests

14 **SECTION 3.** The United States Agency for International Development (USAID) will be
15 responsible for the oversight of this legislation.

16 **SECTION 4.** This will be implemented in the fiscal year of 2021.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School.



A Resolution to Gradually Phase Out Single-Use Plastic Packaging

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Pollution caused by landfills and litter has significantly impacted our global
2 climate, has increased the toxicity of groundwater, and resulted in a loss of
3 biodiversity in areas surrounding landfills; and
- 4 **WHEREAS,** Since the 1950s, plastics account for 6.3 billion metric tons of waste, the majority
5 of which being disposable plastic packaging, with seventy-nine percent of said
6 waste accumulating in landfills, and 8 million metric tons of plastic waste
7 reaching the oceans annually; and
- 8 **WHEREAS,** The continued use of single-use, disposable plastics will result in more plastics
9 than fish in the oceans and a rise in global temperatures of over thirteen and a
10 half degrees Fahrenheit by 2070; now, therefore, be it
- 11 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following recommendation for a
12 gradual decrease in the use of single-use, disposable plastic packaging over the
13 course of the next ten years; and, be it
- 14 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That the use of recyclable containers, instead, be encouraged in the
15 outlining of government standards.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitesboro High School.

We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and has permission to be presented.



A Bill to Eliminate Federal Private Prisons

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Federal Private Prisons shall be banned in the United States.

3 **SECTION 2.** Federal private prisons are defined as places in which individuals are
4 confined by a third party contracted by a government agency.

5 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice, in addition to the Bureau of Prisons, shall
6 enforce this legislation.

7 A. All current contracts with third party organizations shall be
8 terminated.

9 B. All prisoners currently in private facilities shall be moved by
10 December 31, 2023.

11 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect January 1, 2022.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Princeton High School.



A Bill to Try Juveniles as Adults

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Federal Juvenile Delinquency Act shall be abolished.

3 **SECTION 2.** Teenagers are capable of understanding the consequences of their
4 actions and should be held responsible. They are mature enough to
5 commit a premeditated crime.

6 **SECTION 3.** The National Institution of Justice will oversee implementation.

7 **SECTION 4.** Implementation will take effect September 12, 2021.

8 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Kaufman High School.



A Bill to Make the United States into a Cashless Society

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A cashless society will be implemented in America in order to simplify the
3 process of payments and reduce the exchange of physical objects and
4 therefore possible germs or diseases.

5 **SECTION 2.** “Cashless society” shall be defined as America no longer using physical
6 cash but rather using electronic cash or credit cards. “Physical objects”
7 shall be defined as paper money and coins. “Germs or diseases” shall be
8 defined as any harmful bacteria, including COVID-19.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Reserve Bank will oversee this transition to a cashless society
10 by first implementing a system of paying and receiving money, beginning
11 the process of putting all paper money into electronic form, and ensuring
12 businesses and any other people exchanging money adhere to this new
13 way of payment.

14 A. Citizens and businesses would face a fine for using paper money after
15 the transition is complete.

16 **SECTION 4.** Implementation will take effect September 1, 2021.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Kaufman High School.



A Bill to Amend the Revised Statues to Remove the Undue Defense of Qualified Immunity in the Case of Any Action under Section 1979, and for Other Purposes

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** This UIL Congress shall amend U.S.C 1983 of title 42 by adding at the
3 end of the following “It shall not be a defense or immunity to any
4 action brought under this section that the defendant was acting in good
5 faith, or that the defendant believed, reasonably or other-wise, that his
6 or her conduct was lawful at the time when it was committed. Nor shall it
7 be a defense or immunity that the rights, privileges, or immunities
8 secured by the Constitution or laws were not clearly established at the
9 time of their deprivation by the defendant, or that the state of the law
10 was otherwise such that the defendant could not reasonably have been
11 expected to know whether his or her conduct was lawful.”

12 **SECTION 2.** Qualified immunity: Qualified immunity is a type of legal immunity.
13 Specifically, qualified immunity protects a government official from
14 lawsuits alleging that the official violated a plaintiff's rights, only allowing
15 suits where officials violated a “clearly established” statutory or
16 constitutional right.

17 **SECTION 3.** The United States Supreme Court shall enforce this legislation.
18 A. As the United States Supreme Court has ruled on cases of qualified
19 immunity before, and as the highest court in the land, they hold the
20 responsibility to enforce this legislation.

21 **SECTION 4.** This amendment to section 1979 shall be put into effect immediately.

22 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Celina High School.



A Bill to Discourage the Reliance on State Lotteries to Fund Education in the United States

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Federal educational funding will only be distributed to states that do not
3 rely on lotteries for any public programs including education.

4 **SECTION 2.** The Department of Education is authorized to determine how much
5 additional revenues the various states will need to make up the deficit of
6 no longer relying on lotteries for educational funding. The findings will be
7 published along with recommendations for how the individual states
8 raise sufficient revenue to ensure quality education for all of their
9 students.

10 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. tax code will be revised to allow state and local taxes to be
11 deducted but only if the state where the taxpayer resides does not have a
12 state lottery.

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect 90 days after passage.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Celina High School.



A Bill to Fix the Electoral College

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Electoral College delegates shall vote with their states' popular vote
3 results.

4 **SECTION 2.** State's popular vote shall be defined as the candidate with the most
5 votes from the state's citizens.

6 **SECTION 3.** The United States Electoral College will adhere to the following:

7 A. The members will vote for their state's popular vote winner.

8 B. They shall not carry any personal bias into the vote.

9 C. They shall be removed from their appointed position and be replaced
10 by whomever the states deem fit, if they violate the Bill.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will be implemented on the start of the year of
12 2021.

13 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Celina High School.