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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. ESC authorship is designated. If none is designated (indicated by \*), the legislation will be introduced by the State Congressional Debate Clerk and thus is open to a sponsorship speech by any school.



## A Bill to Make the Sale of Illicit Fentanyl Punishable by Life Without Parole

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The sale of illicit Fentanyl in any form will be punishable by life without
3		parole.
4	SECTION 2.	Illicit Fentanyl is defined as a powerful synthetic opioid analgesic that is
5		similar to morphine but is 50 to 100 times more potent.
6	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Justice will oversee the enforcement of
7		this bill.
8		A. Department of Justice in all 50 states will implement this bill as a
9		Federal Mandate.
10		B. All Federal courts will adhere to the sentencing guideline of life
11		without parole.
12	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect as soon as it is signed into law.
13	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>ESC 9.</b>



## A Bill to Stop the Manufacture of Assault Weapons and to Reclaim Existing Assault Weapons

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All manufacturing of assault weapons will cease. In addition, existing
3		assault weapons, voluntarily surrendered, will be purchased, and
4		destroyed.
5	SECTION 2.	Assault weapons are defined as semi-automatic or automatic firearms,
6		excluding handguns.
7	SECTION 3.	The Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco Firearms and Explosives will oversee
8		enforcement.
9		A. Assault weapons voluntarily surrendered will be purchased for \$2000.
10		B. Assault weapons surrendered will be made available to law
11		enforcement entities through a grant program, any unclaimed or
12		unusable assault weapons will be destroyed.
13	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect January 1, 2026.
14	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>ESC 16.</b>



## A Resolution to Increase Immigration to Solve America's Economic and Social Issues

1	WHEREAS,	America's National Debt is at 98% of the nation's GDP and is projected to
2		be north of 150% by 2050, and any meaningful tax hike or spending cut
3		would have dire consequences; and
4	WHEREAS,	The U.S. fertility rate has not exceeded replacement level since 2008; and
5	WHEREAS,	These factors would indicate future governmental fiscal instability and
6		population decline; and
7	WHEREAS,	These factors would render our economic and social systems
8		unsustainable and lead to their collapse; now, therefore, be it
9	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled call for the Executive Branch to
10		reach a 5% annual increase in year-to-year foreign immigration to the
11		United States.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by ESC 11.



## A Bill to End Legacy Preference in College Admissions

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	All postsecondary institutions in the United States shall be prohibited	
3		from affirmatively considering an applicant's legacy status in	
4		undergraduate admissions.	
5	SECTION 2.	Postsecondary institutions are defined as any public college or university,	
6		or any private university that receives federal or state funding from	
7		federal laws or research grants. Legacy status applies to applicants whose	
8		parent(s) or family attended the institution to which they are applying.	
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice shall enforce this legislation.	
10		A. The Department of Justice shall investigate any instances in which	
11		postsecondary institutions are accused of violating this legislation.	
12		B. Postsecondary institutions found to be in violation of this legislation	
13		may lose access to federal funds.	
14	SECTION 4.	This bill shall take effect beginning in the 2025-2026 academic year.	
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by ESC 7.	



## A Bill to Address the Mental Health of U.S. Military Members

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Department of Defense shall implement new practices to increase
3		the number of mental health professionals attending to members of the
4		U.S. military.
5	SECTION 2.	Mental health professional is defined as an individual trained to evaluate
6		a person's mental health and use therapeutic techniques based on
7		specific training programs.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Defense shall oversee enforcement.
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect on June 1, 2024.
10	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>ESC 12.</b>



## A Bill to Create Youth Programs to Prevent Juvenile Delinquency

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 2 SECTION 1. This bill will create beneficiary programs for troubled or at-risk youth in 3 an effort to reduce and prevent delinguency. 4 SECTION 2. This bill will create programs including after school programs, activities, 5 mental health resources, college or career readiness and rehabilitative 6 programs. These programs will be designed to give American youth the 7 opportunity to achieve long term success. 8 **SECTION 3.** These programs will be funded by the Office of Juvenile Justice and 9 Delinguency Prevention (OJJDP). 10 A. OJJDP will earmark 2 million dollars each year to be awarded in 11 discretionary grants through a competitive process to states, units of local 12 government, tribal jurisdictions, and organizations to administer a variety of 13 juvenile justice and child protection programs. 14 SECTION 4. This bill will be enacted on January 1, 2025.
- 15 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by **ESC 18**.



## A Resolution to Amend the Military Selective Service Act of 1948 to Require Compulsory Selective Service Registration for Women to Promote Gender Inclusivity

1	WHEREAS,	The Military Selective Service Act of 1948, as currently written, only
2		requires compulsory selective service registration for men between the
3		ages of 18 and 26;
4	WHEREAS,	Times have evolved since 1948, and the United States Armed Forces have
5		integrated women into various combat roles, demonstrating their
6		proficiency and dedication to serving their country.
7	WHEREAS,	By only requiring men to register for the selective service, the United
8		States fail to recognize the contributions and capabilities of women in
9		national defense;
10	WHEREAS,	The principle of gender equality is a fundamental pillar of American
11		democracy, and it is vital that our laws reflect this commitment to
12		fairness and inclusivity.
13	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled amend the Military Service Act of
14		1948 to require the compulsory selective service registration of both men
15		and women, aged 18 to 26, in accordance with their citizenship status.
	Introduced for	or IIII. Congressional Debate by State Clerk

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by State Clerk .



## A Bill to Require a Period of Paid Parental Leave

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All businesses shall be required to give mothers a minimum of 8 weeks of
3		full-pay maternity leave and up to an additional 4 weeks of half-pay if
4		experiencing complications. Additionally, businesses shall also be
5		required to give fathers a minimum of 2 weeks at full-pay with up to an
6		additional 4 weeks at half-pay if complication deem caregiving necessary.
7	SECTION 2.	Full pay shall be defined as the salary or hourly-rate based on a 40-hour
8		week. Half pay shall be defined as the salary or hourly-rate based on a 20-
9		hour week. Mothers shall be defined as the birthing or legally adoptive
10		individual. Fathers shall be defined as one additional co-parent.
11	SECTION 3.	The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall oversee and enforce this
12		legislation through the following means:
13		A. Tax Credits per employee granted to companies or employers in
14		compliance with the law.
15		B. Annual audits of company or employer financial statements.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill will be in effect as of January 31, 2024.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>State Clerk.</b>



# A Bill to Decrease the Standard Work Week Requirements to 32 Hours a Week

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Amend the Fair Standards of Labor Act to define a full-time employee as
3		one who works at least 32 hours per week and lower the minimum hours
4		a week needed for overtime to 32 hours for non-exempt employees.
5	SECTION 2.	Work week shall be defined as a nationally held standard for and
6		expectation thereof; full-time employment.
7	SECTION 3.	The Department of Labor will oversee the implementation and
8		enforcement of this bill.
9		A. Any employer found in violation of this bill will be liable to a civil
10		penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per employee per week they are in
11		violation of this bill.
12		B. Violators may lose eligibility for public sector grants and funding
13		avenues.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect starting at the beginning of fiscal year
15		2024.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>State Clerk.</b>



### The Pakistani Aid Revocation to Target the Haqqani Network (P.A.R.T.H. N.) ACT

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	A. The United States shall suspend all existing aid programs currently
3		earmarked or allocated to the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.
4		B. Aid will be redirected to the Department of Defense (DOD) and USAID
5		for the purposes of pursuing Anti-Terrorism and providing humanitarian
6		assistance respectively to those affected by terror in Pakistan.
7	SECTION 2.	"Aid" shall be defined as any money being sent to Pakistan by the United
8		States government. It shall exclude private sector trade.
9	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of State (DOS) in conjunction with the Department
10		of Defense (DOD) will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
11		A. 50% of aid revoked will be redirected to the DOD for the purposes of
12		increasing anti-terrorism initiatives and campaigns in Pakistan to quell
13		terrorist insurgency.
14		B. The remaining 50% of aid will be redirected to the United States
15		Agency for International Development (USAID) for the purposes of
16		providing humanitarian assistance for those afflicted by terrorism in
17		Pakistan and surrounding regions.
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the start of FY 2025.
19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by **State Clerk.**.



## A Bill to Prohibit Any President of The United States from Suspending, Denouncing, or Withdrawing from NATO Without Senate Approval Following an Act of Congress

1	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Any President of the United States shall be prohibited from suspending,
3		denouncing, or withdrawing the United States membership from NATO
4		without congressional approval, as NATO is an essential military alliance.
5	SECTION 2.	An Act of Congress will be defined as a statute enacted by the United
6		States Congress that passes through both the House and Senate.
7	SECTION 3.	The House of Representatives and Senate along with the United States
8		Department of State shall oversee the implementation of this bill.
9	SECTION 4.	This bill will take effect on January 20, 2024 at the start of the 2024
10		presidential term.
11	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>ESC 2.</b>



## A Resolution to Recommend a Joint U.S./Canadian/U.N. Presence in Haiti to Facilitate the Reestablishment of a Legitimate Government

1	WHEREAS,	The nation of Haiti has been in a power vacuum since the assassination of
2		its president in 2021 resulting in unprecedented chaos; and
3	WHEREAS,	The terms of Haiti's last 10 remaining senators officially expired in
4		January 2023, leaving the Caribbean country without a single elected
5		government official; and
6	WHEREAS,	The nation is now controlled by the G9 gang coalition with Haiti
7		devastated by a set of intersecting catastrophes: famine, cholera,
8		rampant drug trading through the international community, devastating
9		gang violence, fuel shortages, and economic collapse; and
10	WHEREAS,	The joint mission to bring order and peace in Haiti would include
11		diplomatic, military, economic, and humanitarian restoration efforts;
12		now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following
14		recommendation for a multi-lateral mission among the U.S., Canada, and
15		the U.N. and, be it
16	FURTHER RES	<b>OLVED,</b> That this endeavor is not restricted by a deadline for resolution
17		nor intended to be a permanent involvement.

#### Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by ESC 17.



# A Bill to Expand the FDA Food Traceability List to include Specific Meat and Dairy Products

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	This bill will add specific meat and dairy products to the current FDA Food Traceability
3		List (FTL) in accordance with the FDA Food Safety Modernization Act and 21 CFR 1.1315,
4		thus requiring producers and the supply chain to commit to accurate recordkeeping,
5		transparency and increased safety for the consumer.
6	SECTION 2.	Terms to be defined:
7		A. Specific Meat and Dairy products: Wholesale Milk, Beef carcass, and Poultry carcass
8		Production.
9		<b>B.</b> Producers: People or companies that raise or grow agriculture products for
10		consumption, typically animal or crop production.
11		C. Traceability Requirement changes for live animals: Adding accurate records of
12		where the animal comes from, with digital informational records following the
13		animal/product in all stops of the supply chain.
14		<b>D.</b> 21 CFR 1.1315: Federal Regulations regarding the required traceability plans
15		producers and entire supply chain must have if they produce FTL items.
16	SECTION 3.	The USDA and FDA will have joint control over the bill and will implement general best
17		practices and a specific plan for each state.
18		A. To enforce this bill, USDA inspectors can deny the sale of processed carcasses or
19		milk products if proper traceability records are not provided.
20	SECTION 4.	Immediately following passage, enforcement will be effective on 1/1/2028. Industry-
21		wide changes, proper funding allocations, and training USDA inspectors will take place
22		within four years to allow a smooth transition from current market standards.
23	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by **ESC 13**.



## A Bill to Change the Assumed Non-Consent of Organ Procurement

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government should change the presumed non-	
3		consent of organ procurement to presumed consent unless expressed	
4		otherwise.	
5	SECTION 2.	Presumed consent is where citizens over the age of 18 must place their	
6		name on a national opt-out register, otherwise their consent for donating	
7		their organs will be presumed. The United States' system for organ	
8		procurement operates under a model of expressed consent. This means	
9		that an individual will not be an organ donor unless he or she explicitly	
10		states otherwise.	
11	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Health and Human Services will oversee	
12		the implementation of this bill in cooperation with the Health Resources	
13		and Services Administration (HRSA).	
14		A. The Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network (OPTN) will still	
15		be responsible for organ recovery and transplantation.	
16		B. The HRSA will still provide oversight of the OPTN.	
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect immediately upon passing.	
18	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>ESC 14</b> .	



## A Resolution to Restrict the Usage of Eye-Witness Testimony in Criminal Investigations to Decrease False Criminal Convictions

1	WHEREAS,	Incorrect or influenced eyewitness testimony has led to a large sum of
2		wrongful convictions, that were later overturned via new evidence; and
3	WHEREAS,	This overwhelmingly trusted piece of forensic evidence has been
4		scientifically proven to be untrustworthy due to corruption via
5		retroactive interference or outside influence; and
6	WHEREAS,	Misleading or corrupted eyewitness testimony has led to over 70% of the
7		349 mistaken convictions that have thus far been overturned by new
8		physical/DNA evidence presented to old rulings from US courts; and
9	WHEREAS,	This leads to the imprisonment of innocents and the subsequent lack of
10		punishment for dangerous criminals; now, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following
12		recommendation for the restriction of the usage of eyewitness testimony
13		in criminal investigations henceforth.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by ESC 20.



### A Bill to Improve the Quality of Life of Native Americans Living on Reservations

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	Native Americans shall have equal opportunity to pursue higher education,
3		accessible and affordable healthcare, and property ownership as a better
4		standard of living than what exists currently while living on reservations.
5	SECTION 2.	Quality of life shall be defined as the standard of health, comfort, and
6		happiness experienced by an individual or family. Property ownership shall
7		be defined as owning and living in a comfortable, affordable single-family
8		dwelling.
9	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Commerce through the division of Native American
10		Affairs shall collaborate with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban
11		Development, U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, and U.S.
12		Department of Education to form initiatives that oversee state programs.
13		A. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development shall
14		implement initiatives that result in land acquisitions through grants.
15		B. The U.S. Department of Health & Human Services shall extend universal
16		healthcare through Medicaid and Medicare programs.
17		C. The U.S. Department of Education shall provide paid post-secondary
18		education up through a 2-year community college degree program.
19	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.
20	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for UI	L Congressional Debate be ESC 1.



## A Bill to Require Evaluation and Provide Therapy for Military and First Responders Following Traumatic Events

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	All military members and first responders who have witnessed a	
3		traumatic or distressing event will undergo a required evaluation and	
4		attend therapy to ensure their mental health and safety.	
5	SECTION 2.	First responders include Law enforcement, Firefighters and Medical	
6		Personnel. Military members include those actively serving in any branch	
7		of the service. Traumatic experiences include horrific crime scenes,	
8		disasters, and other tragedies.	
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services will determine best	
10		practices for identifying mental health conditions, treatment plans, and	
11		course of action for returning to work. The Department of Defense and	
12		local agencies will enact these practices and plans.	
13		A. Funding for this program will be provided by grants. Money for these	
14		grants will come evenly from the current defense budget and the	
15		foreign aid budget.	
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the start of fiscal year 2026.	
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by <b>ESC 15.</b>		



## A Bill to Raise the Wage to Federal Minimum Match the Current Standard of Living

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- SECTION 1. The federal minimum wage will be raised by 42% to accommodate for the increase
   in inflation since 2009. This will set the new minimum wage for workers at \$10.30
   and a tipped employee at \$3.02. This bill will be known as the Fair Labor Standards
   Act (FLSA) of 2024.
- 6 SECTION 2. A Tipped Employee is an employee who receives tips as a part of their service. A
   7 tipped employee must make a combination of \$10.30 an hour with their wages and
- 8 tips; otherwise, the employer must make up the difference. Student Learners are
- 9 employees at least 16 years old enrolled in vocational education. Workers with
- 10 Disabilities are employees that have physical or mental disability that impairs their
- productive earning capacity. Full-time student workers are employees who are
  taking at least twelve hours of credit.
- SECTION 3. The Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division administers and enforces the
   federal minimum wage law.
- 15A.Minimum wage exceptions established by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 200916will be maintained. Those exceptions may include but are not limited to full-17time students, workers with disabilities or student learners.
- 18B. Current exceptions for workers under the age 20 in their first days will be19Eliminated.
- 20 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be enacted at the beginning of the third quarter of 2024.
- 21 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by **State Clerk** 



## A Bill Regarding Landfills

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	Effective January 1, 2025, communities shall enforce stricter standards
3		for rubbish, garbage, and trash disposal.
4	SECTION 2.	Exceptions shall include rebates for appropriate participation in recycling
5		programs.
6	SECTION 3.	Higher fees for trash removal/disposal shall be charged to consumers.
7		The customer shall be charged based on the amount of rubbish, garbage,
8		or trash that would be put into landfills.
9	SECTION 4.	Enforcement shall be through local sanitation/waste removal
10		departments.
11	SECTION 5.	Fines shall be charged to persons attempting to circumvent via illegal dumping
12		or burning of trash. Fines shall also be established for inappropriate disposal
13		of dangerous substances, chemicals, batteries, and e-waste.
14		
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>State Clerk</b> .



## A Bill to Reform the Prison System in the United States in Order to Decrease the Recidivism Rates

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government will implement targeted rehabilitation
3		programs as well as ban the use of private prisons across the country.
4	SECTION 2.	The National Institute of Justice defines recidivism as a person's relapse into
5		criminal behavior. Rehabilitation programs are designed to reduce recidivism
6		among adults who have been convicted of an offense by improving their
7		behaviors, skills, mental health, social functioning, and access to education and
8		employment.
9	SECTION 3.	The Federal Bureau of Prisons will enforce the law.
10		A. Grants will be allocated to local and state prisons for the implementation of
11		rehabilitation programs as well as if their incarcerated population
12		decreases.
13		B. Rehabilitation programs will include cognitive behavioral therapy, substance
14		abuse therapy, education programs, and anger management.
15	SECTION 4.	This will go into effect in August of 2024.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	UIL Congressional Debate by <b>State Clerk.</b>