





# Resolved: Wealth inequality in the United States is detrimental to democracy.

- Economic inequality permeates all areas of American life and has a profound psychological and material influence on American society.
- Economic inequality influences life expectancy, physical and mental health, economic mobility and educational attainment.
- Inequality multiplies across generations and generates disenchantment with politics and our entire system of government.

Advanced LD Debate: Ethics and Economics of Economic Inequality and

Values: Freedom
Equality of
opportunity or
result?
Equal incomes?



www.nfhs.org/articles/five-suggested-debate-topics-for-2023-24

Advanced LD Debate: Ethics and Economics of Economic Inequality and Democracy

Resolved: Wealth inequality in the United States is detrimental to democracy.

#### **Battle of the narratives:**

- Is a free-market economy fundamentally unjust, generating "winners" and "losers"?
- The U.S. is "mixed" economy. Are the socialist or capitalist (market) sectors most to blame? (Health care?)
- "A rising tide lifts all boats" or "trickle down economics"?





# Citizens' United & Is Money Speech



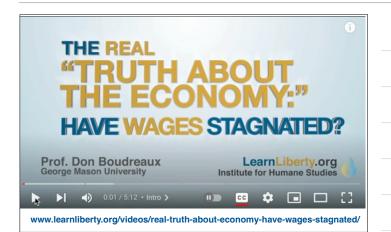
Chairman Bradley Smith Testimony: Citizens United Helps Democracy

#### Is Money Speech?



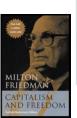
www.ifs.org/news/chairman-bradley-smith-testimony-citizens-united-helps-democracy/

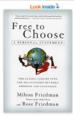
www.ifs.org/blog/is-money-speech/



American economist Milton Friedman advocated a basic income in the form of a negative income tax in his 1962 book Capitalism and Freedom, and again in his 1980 book Free to Choose.

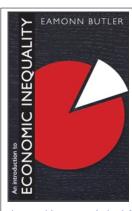








 $www.free to choose network.org/programs/free\_or\_equal/$ 



Summary List of figures

The inequality debate The consensus on inequality The inequality narrative Questioning the narrative

Definitions, measures, explanations Meaning and implications Economic inequality Theoretical explanations Measuring income inequality

Questioning the measurement of incomes

4 Questioning the measure of wealth

5 International comparisons The global inequality narrative Other explanations Equality, poverty and growth

6 Must the rich get richer? Wealth is precarious
Other forms of wealth
Prosperity without equality

7 Questioning the moral case

8 Questioning the practical claims Errors of The Spirit Level Misdirecting our focus

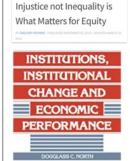
9 Equal pay in the workplace The contradictions of equal pay Is there a gender pay gap? Are CEOs worth their money?

10 The roots of equalisation policy

iea.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/An-introduction-to-economic-inequality.pdf



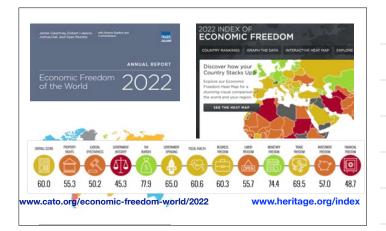
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 The fundamental question of economic history can be asked in two ways: how did a handful of countries achieve sustained rates of economic growth and development in the late 18th and early 19th centuries?

- or why have most nations failed to achieve sustained economic growth over the last three hundred years?
- What historical process(es) have generated institutions in a handful of countries capable of sustained economic development in the twentieth century, while most countries still fail to develop thriving markets, competitive and stable politics, and cultures that promote deep human capital accumulation for most of their populations?

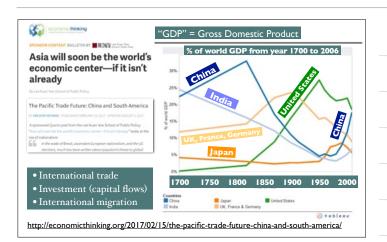
economicthinking.org/injustice-not-inequality-is-wha/

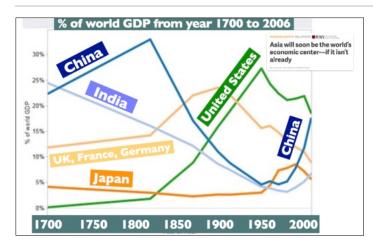


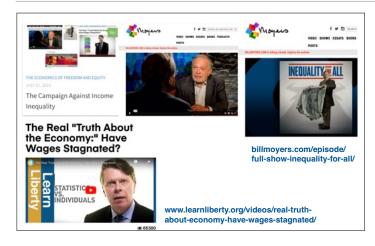


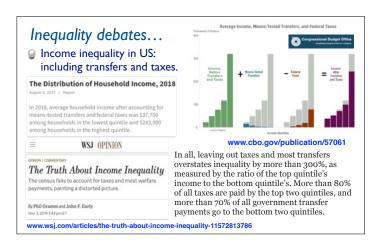
### Inequality, Populism, and Nationalism

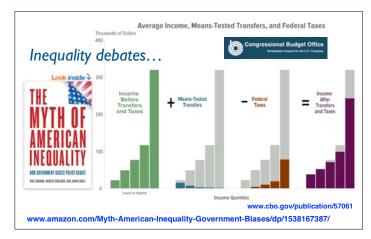
- …European and U.S. nationalism… protectionism… populism's threat to global trade…[and integration]
- ...Many have blamed growing economic inequality within developed economies [or] outsourcing or [technology]
- [But] a decline in inequality may be a motivating factor...blame populism's rise on improved income equality across all nations.
- During the 1990s, a 70% income gap stood between emerging economies and the G7. That gap shrunk to under 14% in 2016 and...disappear by 2020.









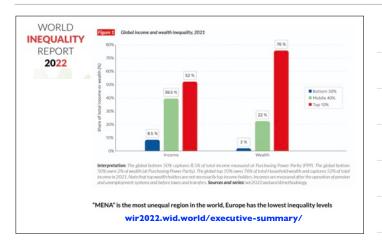


# Forbes POLICY What I Bet You Don't Know About Poverty, Inequality And The Role Of Government John C. Goodman Contributor © Tellow solution.

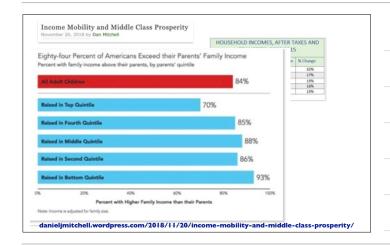
• Here are five surprising facts:

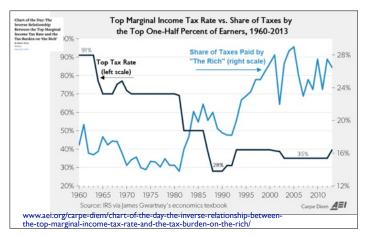
- The U.S. welfare state has almost eliminated poverty in this country.
- Over the last 75 years, income inequality has actually gone down, not up.
- Since the end of World War II, income has steadily risen for every income group — with the greatest increase among the bottom fifth of the income ladder.
- Over half of the population gains very little from working under the U.S. fiscal system — as taxable income replaces untaxed transfer benefits.
- The U.S. has the most progressive fiscal system among all developed countries.

www.forbes.com/sites/johngoodman/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-and-the-role-of-government/2022/10/24/what-i-bet-you-dont-know-about-poverty-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-inequality-ine



		Eighty-fox	r Percent of Americans Exceed their Perents' Family Incor
HOUSEH	OLD INCOM	ES, AFTER TA	AXES AND
	TRANSFERS	, 2000-2015	
Quintile	2000 income	2015 income	% Change
Poorest	\$25,300	\$33,400	32%
2nd poorest	\$39,900	\$46,800	17%
Middle	\$56,400	\$64,700	15%
2nd richest	\$78,100	\$90,600	16%
Richest	\$186,300	\$215,000	15%







Estimating the distribution of income... is complicated by major challenges:

- 1. changes in social conditions (marriage rates, household size and composition) and demographics (age distribution).
- 2. Rising education standards and increased college attendance have resulted in higher earnings but later entry into the labor force.
- 3. Retirement incomes have changed due to expanded Social Security benefits and the shift from defined benefit to defined contribution plans.



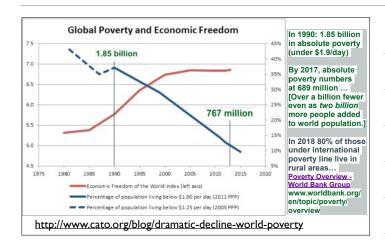
Gerald Auten Office of Tax Analysis, U.S. Treasury Department David Splinter Joint Committee on Taxation, U.S. Congress

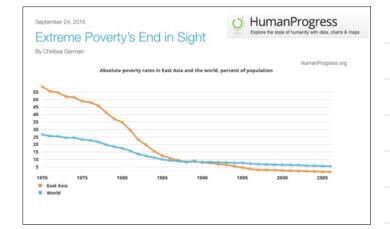
May 24, 200

davidsplinter.com/AutenSplinter-Tax\_Data\_and\_Inequality.pdf

 $[continued] \ Estimating \ the \ distribution \ of \ income... is \ complicated \ by \ major \ challenges:$ 

- 4. Periods of high inflation have distorted the measurement of income, and business cycles have had differential effects on income groups.
- 5.Tax rules and incentives for reporting income have changed [due to] tax legislation.
- 6. Differential declines in marriage rates and changing household... Important sources of income are missing in tax data, including government transfer payments and non-taxable employer-provided benefits. The share of income missing in tax data has increased over time, so that income on tax returns accounts for only about 60 percent of national income in recent years...





## Freedom of Enterprise

- Economic principles connect many U.S. and world extemp and debate topics.
- Labor regulations vs. a right to work.
   Freedom of association is a right, not a privilege granted (or withheld) by govt...
- African-American hair-braiders in the U.S. and street vendors in Africa, India...
- Government has a concern about safety.
   But do regulations that outlaw selling lemonade, or home baked goods, or bottled water really protect safety?



"I have a right to earn a living..."

#### http://economicthinking.org/TheNewEurope/





- ❷ Oil, soil, copper, and forests are forms of wealth. So are factories, houses, and roads. ...
- ♠ [A] 2005 study by the World Bank, such solid goods amount to only about 20 percent of the wealth of rich nations and 40 percent of the wealth of poor countries. ...

# What is "wealth"? Where does it come from?

- Natural capital: the sum of cropland, pastureland, forested areas...and nonrenewable resources (including oil, natural gas, coal, and minerals).
  - World Bank study estimate: 5% of total.
- Produced capital: machinery, equipment, structures (including infrastructure), and urban land.
  - World Bank study estimate: 18% of total.
- Intangible Capital: is the other 77% That encompasses raw labor; human capital, which includes the sum of a population's knowledge and skills; and the level of trust in a society and the quality of its formal and informal institutions.

http://reason.com/archives/2007/08/03/our-intangible-riches

