## The University Interscholastic League Number Sense Test • HS State • 2022

	Number Sens	e 1 est • 115 State • 2022			
			Final _		
	Contestant's Number		2nd _		
			1st _		-
	· ·	UNFOLD THIS SHEET IL TOLD TO BEGIN	S	Score	Initials
;	<b>Directions:</b> Do not turn this page until the person conducting 80 problems. Solve accurately and quickly as many as you can SOLVED MENTALLY. Make no calculations with paper a each problem. Problems marked with a (*) require approximative percent of the exact answer will be scored correct; all other	in the order in which they appear. All and pencil. Write only the answer in nate integral answers; any answer to	LL PROBLEMS the space provid	ARE 7 led at the	TO BE end of
•	The person conducting this contest should explain these d STOP	lirections to the contestants WAIT FOR SIGNAL!			
(1)	5622 — 1247 + 525 =	(17) DCV + MCCII =	(Ar	rabic N	umeral
(2)	$1\frac{2}{3} \times 45.6 =$	(18) How long is it between 2022 and the end of A	0 0	•	
(3)	3672 ÷ 12 =	(19) 50622 ÷ 9 has a remainder of			
(4)	0.428571428571428571 = (fraction)	*(20) 650 × 2220 =			
(5)	$2-1 \times (3+4) \div 7 - 11 = $	(21) 73 × 33 =			
	35 × 28 — 23 × 35 =	(22) If 9 pips cost \$45.18, then 11 pips cost \$			
(7)	$\frac{11}{25} = \underline{\qquad} (decimal)$	$(23) 74^2 + 33^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$			
(8)	$4\frac{1}{5} + 5\frac{1}{6} =$ (mixed number)	(24) $\frac{41}{333} = 0$ .abcabcabc a	nd a + b + c =	=	
` '	72 × 88 =	(25) If $\frac{2x+3}{5} + 7 = 11$ , the	en x — 4 =		
	50622 — 62250 + 25062 =	(26) $\sqrt{196} - \sqrt{289} = d$ ar	ad $d^3 = $		
(11)	Which is greater, $\frac{11}{16}$ or $\frac{16}{21}$ ?	(27) 50 base 10 =			_base (
	The GCD of 72, 54, and 90 is	(28) The product of the coe	efficients of (2x	$(x+y)^3$	is
	The median of 2, 5, 1, 5, 2, 1, 3, 4, 1 is	$(29) \ 7\frac{3}{8} \times 7\frac{5}{8} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	(r	nixed n	umber)
	$2\frac{25}{84} - \frac{7}{12} =$ (mixed number)	*(30) 5062022 ÷ 1247 =			
(15)	The number of prime numbers less than 35 and greater than 5 is	(31) The sum of the coeffic	ients of (2x — )	3y) <sup>5</sup> is	
(16)	The number of composite numbers greater than 5	(32) $2401 = k^4$ and $k =$			

(33) Given: 1, 7, 18, 34, 55, p, q, 148, ... . p - q =

- $(34) [20 + 22 \times 50 6)] \div 4$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- (35) If 4x 7y = -3 and 3x + 7y = 10, then  $x = ____$
- (36) The smaller solution for |5x + 6| = 22 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (37) If  $\frac{11}{14} = 78 \frac{k}{7} \%$ , then k =\_\_\_\_\_
- (38) The perimeter of a face of a cube is 16". The cube's lateral surface area is \_\_\_\_\_\_ sq. in
- (39) Set N = {n, u, m, b, e, r}. How many distinct subsets of N contain at least 4 elements?
- \*(40)  $\sqrt{6052202} =$
- $(41) 70^2 69^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (42) If  $A^k \div A^{-3} \times A^2 = A^5$  and A > 1, then k =\_\_\_\_\_
- (43) Let 3x 8y = 24. The abscissa of the x-intercept plus the ordinate of the y-intercept is \_\_\_\_\_
- $(44) \ 49^2 + 49 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(45) 6! \div 8! \times 2! = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (46) Let (1+3i)(6-10i) = a + bi. Find b a.
- (47) Let  $6\frac{9}{m} \times n\frac{1}{3} = 23$ , where m, n are natural numbers. Find m  $\times$  n.
- (48) The sum of the coefficients of the  $x^3y^2$  term and the  $x^2y^3$  term in the expansion of  $(x + y)^5$  is
- (49)  $135^9 \div 7$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(50) 0.41666... ÷ 0.3125 × 506 = \_\_\_\_\_
- (51) The Greatest Integer Function is written as f(x) = [x]. Find  $\left[\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7}\right]$ .
- (52)  $\log_3(2) \log_3(18) =$
- $(53) \sqrt[3]{85184} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (54) The focus of  $(y-2)^2 = 12(x-5)$  is at  $(\_\_, 2)$ .
- (55) The probability of picking a prime number from the set of factors of 45 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (56)  $\sum_{1}^{12} (-1)^{k} (k^{2}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- (57) The roots of  $6x^2 5x = 4$  are P and  $-\frac{1}{2}$ . P = \_\_\_\_
- (58) 34 × 46 + 36 = \_\_\_\_\_
- $(59) \ (4_7)^3 (4_7)^2 4_7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 7$
- \*(60)  $333 \times (0.1666.... \div \frac{1}{9}) =$
- (61) If  $tan(\theta) = \frac{\sin(30^\circ)}{1 + \cos(30^\circ)}$ , then  $\theta = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}^\circ$
- (63) Let  $f(x) = x^2 4$ . Find f(f(2)).
- (64) A cylinder has a volume of  $64\pi$  cm<sup>3</sup> and its height equals its radius. Find its height? \_\_\_\_ cm
- (65)  $222 \times \frac{5}{27} =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_(mixed number)
- (66)  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{5} + \frac{14}{15} + \frac{23}{15} + \frac{37}{15} + 4 + \frac{97}{15} + \frac{157}{15} =$
- (67)  $(0.41666...)^{-3} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (improper fraction)
- (68) If x + 4 > 6, then 4x >\_\_\_\_\_
- (69) Let (x, y) be the rectangular coordinate for the polar coordinate  $(6, \frac{\pi}{3})$ . x =\_\_\_\_\_
- \*(70) 142857 × 43 = \_\_\_\_\_
- $(71) 8^3 6^3 + 4^3 2^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (72) Let  $f(x) = x^3 x 5$ . Find f'(3).
- (73)  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{x} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- $(74) (1.444...)^{-2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (75) Find  $x, 0 \le x \le 4$ , if  $3x 4 \cong 7 \pmod{5}$ .
- (76) The vertical asymptote farthest to the left on the graph of  $y = \frac{x+5}{(x+3)(x-3)}$  is x =
- (77)  $\int_0^3 (3-x) \, dx = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(78) \frac{5}{63} + \frac{5}{99} + \frac{5}{143} =$
- $(79) \ 5622 \times 13 =$
- \*(80) Crawling 6 miles at 6 in/sec takes \_\_\_\_\_ minutes

## DO NOT DISTRIBUTE TO STUDENTS BEFORE OR DURING THE CONTEST

University Interscholastic League - Number Sense Answer Key HS  $\bullet$  State  $\bullet$  2022 \*number) x - y means an integer between x and y inclusive

NOTE: If an answer is of the type like  $\frac{2}{3}$  it cannot be written as a repeating decimal

(1)	4,900
$(\mathbf{I})$	4,900

$$(57) \frac{4}{3}, 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$(36) -5.6, -\frac{28}{5}, \\ -5\frac{3}{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{3}{7}$$

$$(5) - 10$$

$$(63) - 4$$

$$(8) 9\frac{11}{30}$$

$$(25)$$
 4.5,  $\frac{9}{2}$ ,  $4\frac{1}{2}$ 

(65) 
$$41\frac{1}{9}$$

$$(26) - 27$$

(66) 26.8, 
$$\frac{134}{5}$$
,  $26\frac{4}{5}$ 

$$(11) \frac{16}{21}$$

$$(67) \frac{1728}{125}$$

$$(45) \frac{1}{28}$$

$$(14) 1\frac{5}{7}$$

$$(29) \ 56\frac{15}{64}$$

\*(30) 3,857 — 4,262

$$(46) - 28$$

6,449,993

$$(31) - 1$$

$$(72)$$
 26

$$(33) - 31$$

$$*(50)$$
 641 — 708

$$(74) \frac{81}{169}$$

$$(52) - 2$$

$$(75)$$
 2

$$(76) - 3$$

$$(77) \ 4.5, \frac{9}{2}, 4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(55) \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(78) \frac{15}{91}$$