## The University Interscholastic League Number Sense Test • HS B • 2022

				Final	
Contesta	nt's Number			2nd	
				1st	_
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		UNFOLD THIS SHEET L TOLD TO BEGIN	Score	Initials
80 proble SOLVED each prob	ems. Solve accurately and D MENTALLY. Make blem. Problems marked v	I quickly as many as you can in no calculations with paper and with a (*) require approxima	nis test gives the signal to begin. Then the order in which they appear. And pencil. Write only the answer in the integral answers; any answer to problems require exact answers.	LL PROBLEMS ARE the space provided at the sp	E TO BE the end of
The pers	on conducting this con	test should explain these dir	ections to the contestants.		
		STOP	WAIT FOR SIGNAL!		
(1) 20520	÷ 5 =		(18) 10720k is divisible by	6. Find k < 7	
(2) $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{4}{5}$	=	(improper fraction)	(19) How long is it between 2022 and the end of J	0 0	,
(3) 2.05 —	- 20.22 =	(decimal)	*(20) 107 × 502 ÷ 22 =		
$(4) 1\frac{2}{5} \times 1$	$1\frac{4}{7} = $	(mixed number)	(21) The additive inverse of	of 1.3 is	
	0.8333 = (fraction)  13 × 24 =		(22) Set G ={g, r, o, u, p}. How many distinct 3-element subsets of set G exist?		
	5% of		$(23) \sqrt[3]{1331} + \sqrt{169} = \_$		
(8) <b>4!</b> — 8	× 12 ÷ 16 + 20 =		(24) $ \mathbf{k} - 1  -  3 - 6  = 1$	.0, k > 0, and k =	
(9) 44 ÷ 1	8 + 64 ÷ 18 =		$(25) [17 + 13 \times 11 + 7] \div$	5 has a remainder of	of
*(10) 729 +	731 + 810 + 814 - 8	21 =	(26) 12 is to 5 as 30 is to _	4	
$(11) \ 46 \times 3$	4 =		(27) If $\frac{3x-2}{4} = 1$ , then $\frac{2x-3}{3}$		
$(12) \ \frac{9}{10} + 1$	$1\frac{1}{9} = $	(mixed number)	(28) 0.2161616 =		
(13) 4 bush	nels =	pints	(29) 175 written in base 5 i		
		(Arabic Numeral)	*(30) 1072021 ÷ 205 =		
			(31) If $x - 3y = 5$ and $2x + 3y = 3$		
(16) The ra	ange of {1, 0, 7, 2, 0, 5,	2, 0, 2, 1} is			
(17) The nu	ımber of positive prin	ne divisors of 66 is	$(33) 17^2 + 69^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$		
			(34) The sum of the coeffic	eients of $(3x + 5)^3$ is	

- (35) Given: 2, 3, 5, 7, p, q, r, 19, ... Find p + q + r.
- (36) The product of the roots  $3x^2 13x + 12 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_
- (37) Let  $7^{(x+1)} = \frac{21}{25}$ , then  $7^{(x)} =$
- (38) If 6 Bips cost \$2.30, then 15 Bips cost \$\_\_\_\_\_
- (39)  $21\frac{3}{7}\% =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (proper fraction)
- \*(40)  $\sqrt{10631} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (41) The length of the altitude to the hypotenuse of a 8-15-17 right triangle \_\_\_\_\_
- (42) The ordinate of the y-intercept of the line 2x 5y = 10 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (43) A side of a regular dodecagon is 11 inches. The perimeter is \_\_\_\_\_\_ inches
- (44) If x + y < 7 and x > 3, then y <\_\_\_\_\_
- (45) If y varies inversely with x, and y = 5 when x = 2, then x =\_\_\_\_ when y = 4.
- $(46) \ \ 30 + 27 + 24 + \dots + 6 + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (47) Let (1+2i)(3-4i) = a + bi. Find b.
- (48) The vertex of  $y = 2(x + 3)^2 8$  is (h, k).  $h = ____$
- (49) The coefficient of the  $x^2y$  term in the expansion of  $(x-2y)^3$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(50) 992 ÷ 0.268 = \_\_\_\_\_
- (52)  $\log_3(2) \log_3(18) =$
- (53) The product of the roots of  $y = 2(x + 3)^2 8$  is \_\_\_\_
- (54)  $60^{30} \div 31$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- $(55) \ 49^2 + 49 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(56) \ \ 33^2 32^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (57) Let  $6\frac{3}{m} \times n\frac{2}{11} = 21$ , where m, n are natural numbers. Find m + n.
- $(58) \ \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + 1 + 1\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{2}{3} + 4\frac{1}{3} + 7 + 11\frac{1}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- (59) The area of a rectangle is 35 cm<sup>2</sup>, where the side lengths are integers. Its perimeter is \_\_\_\_\_ cm
- \*(60)  $\sqrt[3]{21131222} =$
- (61) The total surface area of a 2" by 3" by 4" rectangular prism is \_\_\_\_\_sq. in
- (62) The Greatest Integer Function is written as f(x) = [x]. Find  $[2\sqrt{7}]$ .
- (63) The determinant of  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ k & 2 \end{bmatrix} = 5$ .  $k = \underline{\phantom{0}}$
- (64)  $\sum_{1}^{4} (-1)^{k} (k^{2}) =$
- (65)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$ . Find ad.
- (66)  $555 \times \frac{1}{27} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (67) Let  $f(x) = x^2 9$  and g(x) = x 3. f(g(6)) =
- (68) Let (x, y) be the rectangular coordinate for the polar coordinate  $(1, \frac{\pi}{2})$ . y =\_\_\_\_\_\_
- (69)  $43 \times 47 + 4 =$
- \*(70)  $\frac{4}{9}$  of 3 miles = \_\_\_\_\_\_ feet
- (71) The domain of  $y^2 = 16 x^2$  is  $m \le x \le n$ .  $m = ___$
- (72) Find  $x, 1 \le x \le 5$ , if  $3x + 2 \cong 3 \pmod{8}$ .
- (73) Let  $f(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$ . Find f'(-2).
- (74) The x-intercept of the line tangent to  $y = 2x^2 5x 3$  at x = 2 is x =\_\_\_\_\_
- (75)  $F(x) = (x^2 4)^{\frac{2}{3}}$  has how many critical values? \_\_\_\_
- (76) The minimum value of  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$  over the interval [-1, 2] is \_\_\_\_\_
- (77) If  $f(x) = \frac{4-3x}{2} + 1$ , then  $f^{-1}(-5) =$
- (78)  $(.375)^{-2} =$  \_\_\_\_\_\_ (improper fraction)
- $(79) \ 4^3 3^3 + 2^3 1^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- \*(80) 6.25% of  $(1875 \times \frac{8}{9}) =$

## University Interscholastic League - Number Sense Answer Key HS ● Invitation B ● 2022

\*number) x - y means an integer between x and y inclusive

NOTE: If an answer is of the type like  $\frac{2}{3}$  it cannot be written as a repeating decimal

(1) 4,104

(2)  $\frac{67}{40}$ 

(3) - 18.17

(4)  $2\frac{1}{5}$ 

 $(5) \frac{5}{6}$ 

(6) 312

**(7) 610** 

(8) 38

**(9) 6** 

\*(10) 2,150 — 2,376

(11) 1,564

(12)  $2\frac{1}{90}$ 

(13) 256

(14) 2,000

(15) 210

**(16)** 7

(17) 3

(18) 2

(19) 98

\*(20) 2,320 — 2,563

 $(21) -1.3, -\frac{13}{10}, \\ -1\frac{3}{10}$ 

(22) 10

(23) 24

(24) 14

(25) 2

(26) 12.5,  $\frac{25}{2}$ ,  $12\frac{1}{2}$ 

(27) 0

 $(28) \frac{107}{495}$ 

(29) 1200

\*(30) 4,968 — 5,490

(31) 1

(32) 1,221

(33) 5,050

(34) 512

(35) 41

(36) 4

(37) .12,  $\frac{3}{25}$ 

(38) 5.75

 $(39) \frac{3}{14}$ 

\*(40) 98 — 108

(41)  $\frac{120}{17}$ ,  $7\frac{1}{17}$ 

(42) - 2

(43) 132

(44) 4

(45) 2.5,  $\frac{5}{2}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{2}$ 

(46) 165

(47) 2

(48) - 3

(49) - 6

\*(50) 3,517 — 3,886

(51) 3

(52) - 2

` /

(53) 5(54) 1

(55) 2,450

**(56) 65** 

(57) 8(58) 29

(59) 24

\*(60) 263 — 290

(61) 52

(62) 5

 $(63) - \frac{7}{3}, -2\frac{1}{3}$ 

(64) 10

((5) )

(65) 30

(66)  $20\frac{5}{9}$ 

**(67) 0** 

**(68)** 1

(69) 2,025

\*(70) 6,688 — 7,392

(71) - 4

(72) 3

(73) 38

 $(74) \frac{11}{3}, 3\frac{2}{3}$ 

(75) 3

(76) - 1

 $(77) \frac{16}{3}, 5\frac{1}{3}$ 

 $(78) \frac{64}{9}$ 

(79) 44

\*(80) 99 — 109