## The University Interscholastic League Number Sense Test • HS A • 2021

	-,0			Final		
(	Contestant's Number			2nd		
	Read directions carefully before beginning test	DO NOT UNFOL		1st	Score	Initial
; ;	<b>Directions:</b> Do not turn this page until the person con 80 problems. Solve accurately and quickly as many a SOLVED MENTALLY. Make no calculations we each problem. Problems marked with a (*) requirifive percent of the exact answer will be scored correct. The person conducting this contest should explain	as you can in the ord ith paper and pencil re approximate integrants; all other problem	ler in which they appear. ALL l. Write only the answer in the ral answers; any answer to a size require exact answers.  to the contestants.	PROBLEM ne space prov	IS ARE ' rided at the	TO BE e end of
(1)	2050 — 202 =	(18)	42 <sup>2</sup> =			
(2)	6834 ÷ 17 =	(19)	$2\frac{2}{5}$ is the square root of		(d	lecimal
(3)	$\frac{7}{15} \times \frac{10}{21} = $	*(20)	518 × 7491 =			
(4)	50220 ÷ 9 has a remainder of	(21)	$\sqrt[3]{2744} = $			
(5)	The LCM of 52 and 24 is	(22)	48% of 1.333 =	(	proper fi	raction)
(6)	$3\frac{2}{5} + 6\frac{4}{9} = $ (mixed r	number) (23)	30 pints =			gallons
	0.1875 =  (proper fixed   $8 - 1   - 5 -   1 - 9   +   4 - 7   =$	,	How many days are then 01/09/21 to the end of 03			
	$5 + 10 \div 15 \times (20 - 25) =$	(25)	$24^2 + 25^2 = $			
	5220 + 522 + 2052 - 2205 =	(26)	The sum of the solutions	of $ 2x+1 $	= 3  is	
	$7 \times 23 + 26 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	(27)	1A1 base 11 is			
(12)	Which is larger, 0.6 or $\frac{7}{12}$ ?		2-3 -5+ 7-11-	<b>⊢ 13</b>   =		
	MMXXI × V = (Arabic Nu	(29)	Find the value of k so th 6x — ky = 2 is 2. k =			
(14)	24 is what percent of 20?	% *(30)	$(48 \div 7 \times 24 \div 3)^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$			
(15)	170 less 30% of 170 is	(31)	$24^2 - 25^2 =$			
(16)	58 <sup>2</sup> =	(32)	111 × 502 =			
<b>(17)</b>	2020 ÷ 6 has a remainder of	(33)	If $3.666 \times k = 1$ , then	k =		

- (34) If  $f(x) = x^2 + 18x + 81$ , then f(21) =
- $(35) \ 451 \times 459 =$
- $(36) \ 10\frac{2}{5} \times 10\frac{3}{5} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (37) 2 + 6 + 8 + 14 + 22 + ... + 152 + 246 =
- (38) The largest root of  $(3x 2)^2 = \frac{1}{25}$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (39)  $1\frac{1}{2}$  is k % less than 4. k = \_\_\_\_\_\_% (decimal)
- \*(40)  $20\frac{2}{5} \times 50220 \div 17 =$
- (41) If  $4^{-1} + x^{-1} = 2^{-1}$ , then x =\_\_\_\_\_
- (42) If  $\sqrt{72} + \sqrt{18} = \sqrt{k}$ , then k =\_\_\_\_\_
- $(43) (201)^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (44) Let  $35^2 22^2 = 13k$ . Find k.
- (45) The seventh pentagonal number is \_\_\_\_\_
- (46) Given: 2, 5, 11, 23, ..., k, 383 ... . Find k. \_\_\_\_\_
- (47) The length of the median to the hypotenuse of a 3-4-5 right triangle is \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- $(48) 63^2 + 24^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(49) \ \ _{7}C_{4} + _{7}P_{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- \*(50)  $\sqrt{50220} \times \sqrt{626} =$
- (51) If x y = 6 and 3x + y = 4 then  $5y = ______$
- (52) Let (7 + 4i)(7 4i) = (a + bi). a + b =\_\_\_\_\_
- $(53) \ 21^3 20^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (54) If (x, y) is the midpoint of the segment with endpoints (-1, 9) and (7, -5), then x + y =\_\_\_\_\_
- $(55) \ 352_6 \div 5_6 = \underline{\qquad}_6$
- (56) The perimeter of a triangle with side lengths 9, 6, and x units must be greater than \_\_\_\_\_ units
- (57) If  $\log_2(8x) = 6$ , then x =\_\_\_\_\_
- (58) If  $202_b = 100$ , then  $303_b =$ \_\_\_\_\_

- (59)  $666 \times \frac{3}{37} =$
- \*(60) 14 × 28 × 42 × 56 = \_\_\_\_\_
- (61) The determinant of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3k \\ 4 & 12 \end{bmatrix} = 6$ . k =\_\_\_\_\_
- (62) The radius of the inscribed circle of a 3, 4, 5 right triangle is \_\_\_\_\_ units
- (63) Truncate  $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})$  to the hundredth.
- (64) Round  $\sin(\frac{11\pi}{3})$  to the nearest tenth.
- (65)  $12 \times \frac{14}{17} =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (66) Two dice are rolled. The odds that the sum of the pips showing on top is less than 5 is \_\_\_\_\_
- $(67) \ 3 + 1.5 + 0.75 + 0.375 + \dots =$
- $(68) (245)^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (69)  $(52_6 \times 43_6 20_6) \div 5$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(70) 2,640 feet at 6 in/sec takes \_\_\_\_\_ minutes
- (71) f'(x) = -2, f(1) = 3, find f(-2).
- (72) The Greatest Integer Function is written as f(x) = [x]. Find  $\left[4\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}\right)\right]$ .
- (73)  $\sin^3(\frac{\pi}{6}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (74) The first four digits of the decimal for  $\frac{14}{40}$  base 5 is 0.\_\_\_\_\_\_ base 5
- (75) 95° Fahrenheit = \_\_\_\_\_° Celsius
- (76) Find the sum of the squares of the roots of  $5x^2 + x 4 = 0$ .
- (77)  $\int_0^3 (x-6) \, dx = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (78) The sixth pentagonal number is \_\_\_\_\_
- (79) If 2 < x < 5, then  $x^2 1 <$
- \*(80) The length of the height of an equilateral triangle with a perimeter of 423 cm is \_\_\_\_\_ cm

## DO NOT DISTRIBUTE TO STUDENTS BEFORE OR DURING THE CONTEST

University Interscholastic League - Number Sense Answer Key HS ● Invitation A ● 2021

\*number) x - y means an integer between x and y inclusive

NOTE: If an answer is of the type like  $\frac{2}{3}$  it cannot be written as a repeating decimal

(1) 1,848

(18) 1,764

(34) 900

(59) 54

(2) 402

(19) 5.76

(35) 207,009

\*(60) 875,885 — 968,083

(3)  $\frac{2}{9}$ 

\*(20) 3,686,322 — 4,074,354

 $(36) 110.24, \frac{2756}{25}, \\ 110\frac{6}{25}$ 

(61) .5,  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

(4) 0

(21) 14

(37) 638

(62) 1

(5) 312

 $(22) \frac{16}{25}$ 

 $(38) \frac{11}{15}$ 

(63) 3.65,  $\frac{73}{20}$ ,  $3\frac{13}{20}$ 

(6)  $9\frac{38}{45}$ 

(23) 3.75,  $\frac{15}{4}$ ,  $3\frac{3}{4}$ 

(39) 62.5

(64) - .9,  $-\frac{9}{10}$ 

 $(7) \frac{3}{16}$ 

(24) 73

\*(40) 57,251 — 63,277

 $(65) 9\frac{15}{17}$ 

(8) - 3

(25) 1,201

(41) 4

(66) .2,  $\frac{1}{5}$ 

 $(9) \frac{5}{3}, 1\frac{2}{3}$ 

(26) - 1

(42) 162

(67) 6

\*(10) 5,310 — 5,868

(27) 232

(43) 8,120,601

(68) 60,025

(11) 343

(28) 5

(44) 57

(69) 2

(12) .6,  $\frac{3}{5}$ 

(29) 3

(45) 70

(46) 191

(47) 2.5

(48) 4,545

(49) 245

\*(70) 84 — 92

(13) 10,105

\*(30) 2,859 — 3,159

(71) 9

(14) 120

(31) - 49

(15) 119

(32) 55,722

(72) 2

(16) 3,364

 $(33) \frac{3}{11}$ 

(73) .125,  $\frac{1}{8}$ 

(17) 4

\*(50) 5,327 — 5,887

(74) 2111

 $(51) -17.5, -\frac{35}{2}, \\ -17\frac{1}{2}$ 

(75) 35

(52) 65

(76) 1.64,  $\frac{41}{25}$ 

(53) 1,261

 $(77) -13.5, -\frac{27}{2}, \\ -13\frac{1}{2}$ 

(54) 5

(78) 51

(55) 44

(79) 24

\*(80) 117 — 128

**(56)** 18

(57) 8

**(58) 150**