IMMIGRATION TOPIC BACKGROUND

Rich Edwards Baylor University 2018-19 National Policy Topic

Resolved: The United States federal government should substantially reduce its restrictions on legal immigration to the United States.

Immigration and Nationality Act (INA)

Types of Legal Immigration (last 3 year avg. per year)

Family Sponsored: 710,000

Employment-Based: 145,000

Diversity Programs: 50,000

Refugees: 160,000 (Currently limited to 50,000)

More Than 90 Types of Visas

H-1B: Highly-Skilled Workers

H-2A: Agricultural Guest Workers

U & T Visas: Human Trafficking Victims

SIV (Special Immigrant Visas): Used for Iraqi and Afghan Interpreters & Others Who Assisted U.S. Armed Forces

F-1: Student Visas

EB-5: Investor Visas

TPS: Temporary Protected Status

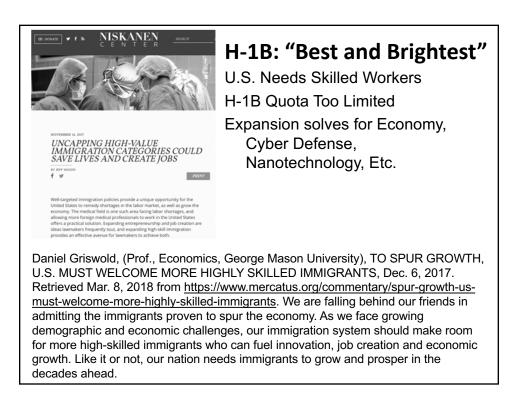
Diversity Lottery: Appx 15 million applicants each year for 50,000 spots.

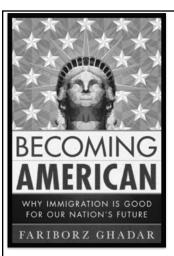


AFFIRMATIVE CASE POSSIBILITIES

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Eric Drexler, (Professor, Oxford U.), RADICAL ABUNDANCE: HOW A REVOLUTION IN NANOTECHNOLOGY WILL CHANGE CIVILIZATION. 2013. APM-level technologies can provide thermodynamically efficient means of capturing and compressing CO2 from the air, while the required energy could be provided in ten years by scattered photovoltaic arrays with a total area 0.5 percent as large as the Sahara desert (the equivalent of a single 200 x 200 km array). By these measures, APM-based production could provide sufficient carbon capture capacity to return earth's atmosphere to its preindustrial composition in a decade, and at an affordable cost. This places a solution to the CO2 problem with reach – but only eventually, after an unknown and risky delay. (APM=Atomically precise manufacturing)

Fariborz Ghadar, (Dir., Center for Global Business Studies, Penn State U.), BECOMING AMERICAN: WHY IMMIGRATION IS GOOD FOR OUR NATION'S FUTURE, 2014, 91. Industries, including information technology, biotech, nanotech, and robotics, will be the foundation of future economies and will desperately need higher-educated STEM employees. For the future of U.S. competitiveness and the successful development of future industries, the United States needs unrestricted access to this pool of high-potential immigrants.



Syrian Refugees

Trump Tra Refuge Refuge in the V

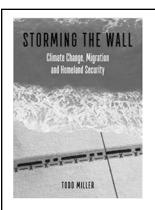
The US has all but slammed

the door on Syrian refugees

tration uses Syrian refugees' traumas as a 'is to end — but not a reason to let them in

> Humanitarian Tragedy in Syria Trump Travel Ban Blocks Syrian Refugee Admissions Refugee Admissions Will Assist in the War on Terrorism

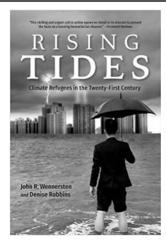
David Mednicoff, (Prof., Public Policy, U. Massachusetts), MORE SYRIAN REFUGEES: GOOD FOR NATIONAL SECURITY, Sept. 10, 2015. <u>www.truth-out.org/opinion/item/32727-more-</u> <u>syrian-refugees-good-for-national-security</u>. Yet there is another strong argument to be made that offering temporary or permanent homes to specifically Syrian refugees is in the national interest of countries like the US. In particular, such refugees can be crucial resources in tackling the extremist violence and authoritarian excess that we are now witnessing in the Middle East. They can do this in three specific ways. First, they will no longer be part of the problem by escaping the immediate threat of violence or radicalization. Second, their experience can serve as an important example for others. Third, they have the skills and the background that can be put to work in the broader struggle to defeat parochialism and repression in the Middle East."



Climate Refugees

- Climate change is upon us, causing rising sea levels and a growing number of displaced refugees.
- The U.S. has major responsibility for climate change, given its rejection of the Paris Accords.
- The U.S. has a moral responsibility to admit climate refugees.

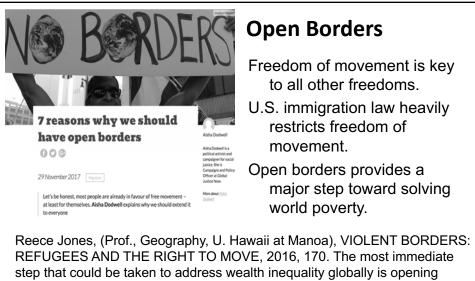
Todd Miller, (Journalist), STORMING THE WALL: CLIMATE CHANGE, MIGRATION AND HOMELAND SECURITY, 2017, 30. "Border controls are most severely deployed by those Western regimes that create mass displacement," writes author Harsha Walia in the book Undoing Border Imperialism, "and most severely deployed against those whose very recourse to migration results from the ravages of capital and military occupation. Practices of arrest without charge, expulsion, indefinite detention, torture, and killings have become the norm in militarized border zones." Walia's analysis takes into account the disturbing correspondence between the fact that the world's biggest polluters—including the United States, which has emitted more metric tons of greenhouse gas pollution than any other country since the Industrial Revolution—are the same countries constructing unprecedented border regimes.



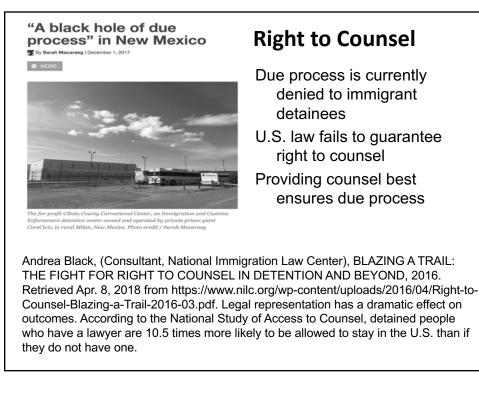
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John Wennerstein, (Journalist), RISING TIDES: CLIMATE REFUGEES IN THE TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY, 2017, 256. Environmental refugees exist and suffer and should be helped instead of being allowed to wallow in decrepit camps. People forced to flee through no fault of their own deserve a decent future. If climate refugees are not recognized in terms of what changes in the natural world are doing to them, they will continue to be more than a marginalized economic drag. Out of their camps will come all the evils of tomorrow—from disease to ethnic upheaval and terrorism.

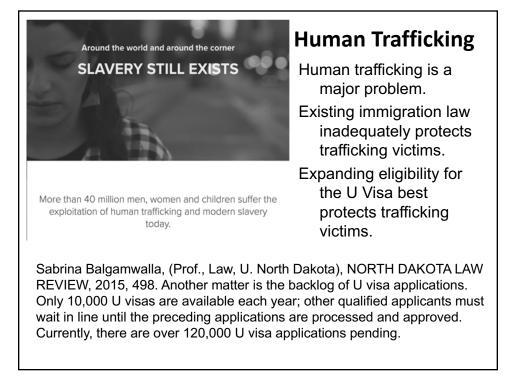


step that could be taken to address wealth inequality globally is opening borders to allow free movement. This would release the poor from the trap of slums and moderate the vast inequalities in wages between wealthy and poor regions of the earth. It would also dramatically reduce the numbers of unnecessary deaths at borders.



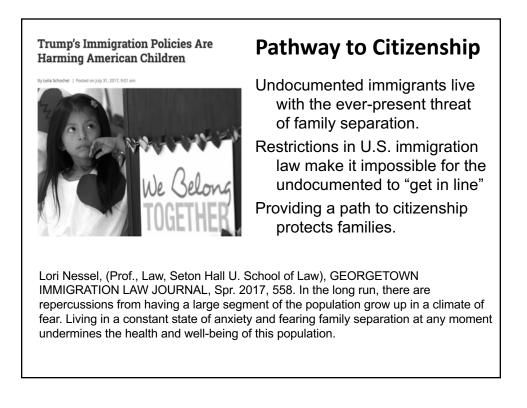


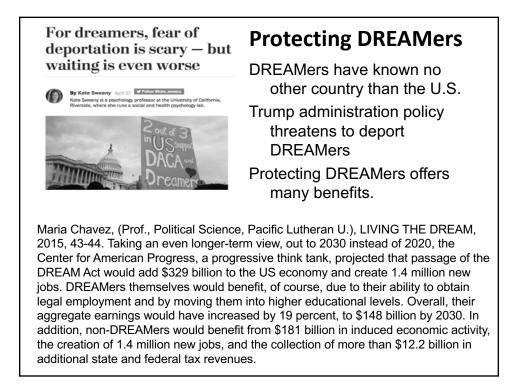
will remain critical to economic prosperity and integral to our national security. The nations that most effectively harness the energies of youthful, productive, and creative workers will emerge as the world's most powerful and influential states. Facing significant demographic challenges, it is as important as ever that the United States craft a sound, forward-looking immigration system that serves the national interest.

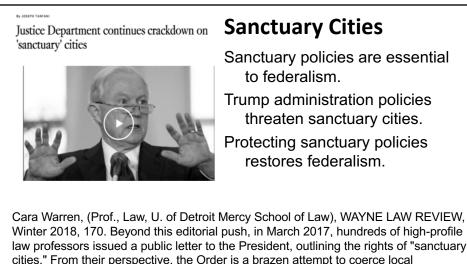




TIMES, Apr. 25, 2018, A13. The travel ban arguably represents Trump's fulfillment of a campaign promise to institute "a total and complete shutdown of Muslims entering the United States." Five of the countries the ban applies to are overwhelmingly Muslim-majority nations. And since the inauguration, the White House has more than once publicly linked the ban to the basest forms of Islamophobia.







cities." From their perspective, the Order is a brazen attempt to coerce local jurisdictions and force them to change their laws and practices in unconstitutional ways. They said: When states, cities, and counties promulgate "sanctuary" policies, they are exercising their reserved constitutional authority under the Tenth Amendment to promote the health, safety, and welfare of their residents. At their core, "sanctuary" policies, particularly law enforcement priorities.



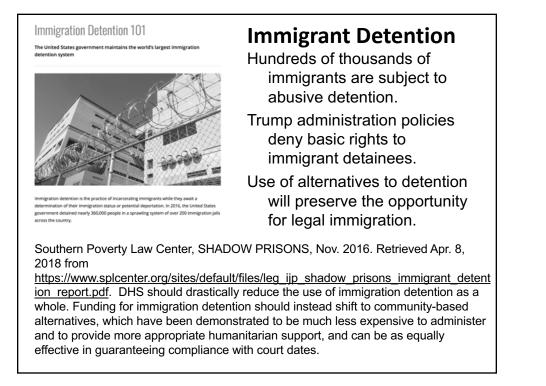


International Adoption

Congress provided automatic citizenship for international adoptees, but neglected to make that retroactive.

Citizenship should be provided for past international adoptees.

DeLeith Gossett, (Prof., Law, Texas Tech U. School of Law), UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI LAW REVIEW, March 2017, 88. It is time, as Senator Klobuchar recently remarked, that "international adoptees who came legally into this country are recognized as the Americans who they truly are." The fact is that time will eventually solve the problem. Adoptees who were under 18 on February 27, 2001 do not face this issue, as they were granted full U.S. citizenship on that date. But the 18,000 or so adoptees who were not afforded citizenship then should not be held in limbo for the rest of their lives. Indeed, this should be a humanitarian issue, not a political one.

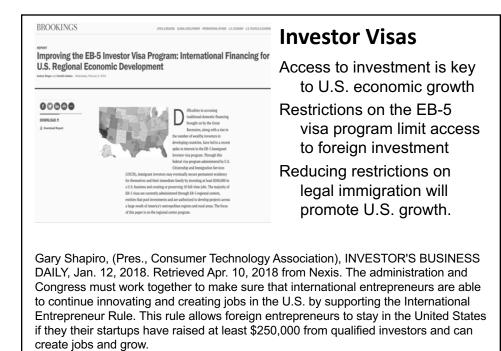


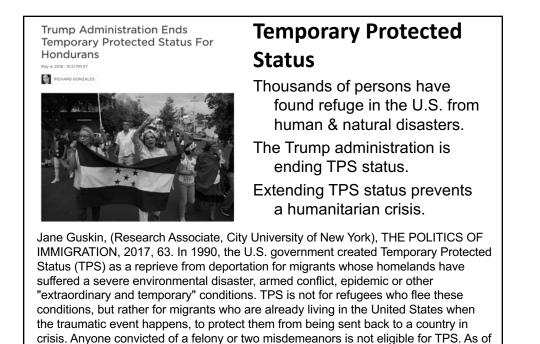


your "immediate relatives"—spouses, parents or unmarried children under twentyone—here as permanent residents, although there are plenty of hoops to jump through, and it's not always quick or easy. For other types of "family preferences," an even more complex set of rules lays out "priority" categories and annual caps based on the family relationship and country of origin. Waiting times of ten to twenty years are not uncommon.



Fariborz Ghadar, (Dir., Center for Global Business Studies, Penn State U.), BECOMING AMERICAN: WHY IMMIGRATION IS GOOD FOR OUR NATION'S FUTURE, 2014, 89. With an estimated 53 percent of the agricultural workforce being fulfilled by undocumented workers, it is clear that the industry relies heavily on immigrants. According to Immigration Impact, a project launched by the American Immigration Council to encourage rational conversation on immigration, the industry is currently facing a large worker shortage. As a result, farmers are losing thousands of dollars because their produce is rotting in the fields.

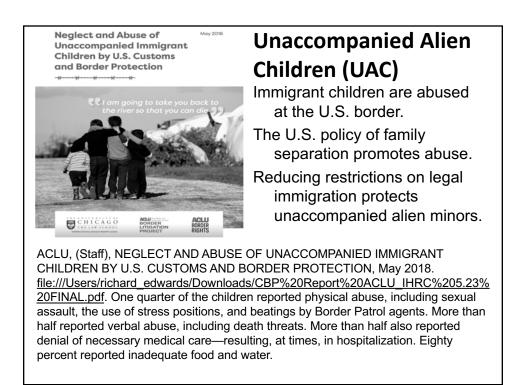


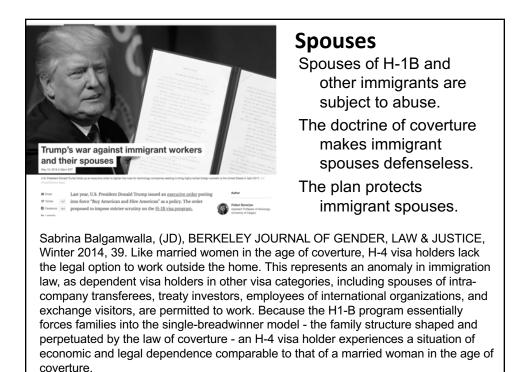


July 2014, some 340,000 people were beneficiaries of TPS, more than 60 percent of

them Salvadorans (212,000).

13





Special Immigrant Visas The Tragic Fate of the Afghan Interpreters the U.S. Left Behind Iraqi and Afghan translators These men risked their lives for the U.S. military. Now many would have risked their lives to like to come to America but are stranded - and in danger assist U.S. service personnel By T.A Frail; Photographs by Erin Trieb AN MAGAZINE | SUBSCR NOVEMBER 2016 The Trump administration has slashed SIV visas for f|510 ¥|2 🥩 ₽|0 G+|2 in|0 ≅ 🗄 •••|666 translators. hidad Afghan was 19 when he started working as an interpreter for the U.S. military in Adducts again the system is the next to working as an interpreter with "Got himsing" in Afglanistian, in 2000, His fafter was solid and he water to help support their extended family of 8.1 n his first year, he saw combat with the Marines in the Battle of Marjah, but he remained an interpreter until the fail of 2014, when American troops drew down and his job Translators should be eligible for disappeared. By then he'd received an anonymous death threat over the phone, so he'd applied for a special visa to live in the United States. He'd been in the application pipeline for three hen, in March 2015, he went to see about a new interpreting job in Helmand. SIV visas. Fahim Abed, (Staff), NEW YORK TIMES, Mar. 10, 2017. https://www.nytimes.com/2017/03/10/world/asia/afghanistan-visa-program-united-

<u>states.html</u>. Afghans who worked for the American military and government are being told that they cannot apply for special visas to the United States, even though Afghanistan is not among the countries listed in President Trump's new travel ban, according to advocates for Afghan refugees. As of Thursday, Afghans seeking to apply for what are known as Special Immigrant Visas were being told by the American Embassy in Kabul, the capital, that applications would no longer be accepted, according to Senator Jeanne Shaheen, Democrat of New Hampshire.