

# UIL Calculator Applications

## Test 21I

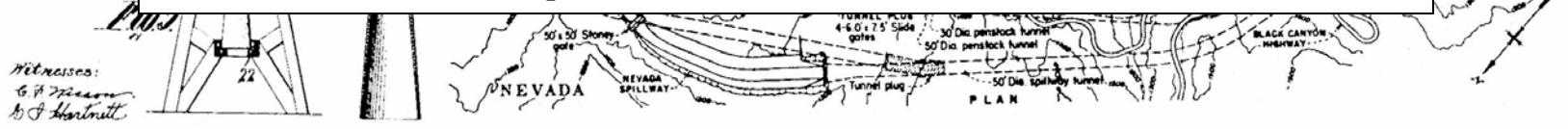
### (State)

**DO NOT OPEN THE TEST UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO BEGIN**

- I. Calculator Applications rules and scoring—See UIL Constitution
- II. How to write the answers
  - A. For all problems except stated problems as noted below—write three significant digits.
    1. Examples (\* means correct but not recommended)
 

Correct: 12.3, 123, 123.\*,  $1.23 \times 10^0$ \*,  $1.23 \times 10^0$ ,  $1.23 \times 10^1$ ,  $1.23 \times 10^0$ , .0190, 0.0190,  $1.90 \times 10^{-2}$

Incorrect: 12.30, 123.0,  $1.23(10)^2$ ,  $1.23 \cdot 10^2$ ,  $1.230 \times 10^2$ ,  $1.23 \times 10^2$ , 0.19,  $1.9 \times 10^{-2}$ ,  $19.0 \times 10^{-3}$ ,  $1.90 \times 10^{-2}$
    2. Plus or minus one digit error in the third significant digit is permitted.
  - B. For stated problems
    1. Except for integer, dollar sign, and significant digit problems, as detailed below, answers to stated problems should be written with three significant digits.
    2. Integer problems are indicated by (integer) in the answer blank. Integer problems answers must be exact, no plus or minus one digit, no decimal point or scientific notation.
    3. Dollar sign (\$) problems should be answered to the exact cent, but plus or minus one cent error is permitted. Answers must be in fixed notation. The decimal point and cents are required for exact-dollar answers.
    4. Significant digit problems are indicated by underlined numbers and by (SD) in the answer blank. See the UIL Constitution and Contest Manual for details.
- III. Some symbols used on the test
  - A. Angle measure: rad means radians; deg means degrees.
  - B. Inverse trigonometric functions: arcsin for inverse sine, etc.
  - C. Special numbers:  $\pi$  for 3.14159 ...; e for 2.71828 ...
  - D. Logarithms: Log means common (base 10); Ln means natural (base e); exp(u) means  $e^u$ .



21I-1.  $(0.33 - 0.0883)/(3.36 \times 10^{-4})$  ----- 1= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-2.  $(-9.88 \times 4.33) - (7.89 - 17.3)$  ----- 2= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-3.  $(39.7 - 14.4 + 115 + \pi)/(51.6)$  ----- 3= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-4.  $\{(8.65)(0.579 + 0.719 - 0.14)(3.86)\} + 16.4$  ----- 4= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-5.  $\frac{(0.171 + 0.114 - 0.15)(-0.0473)}{(-0.991)(-0.698)(-0.0924)}$  ----- 5= \_\_\_\_\_

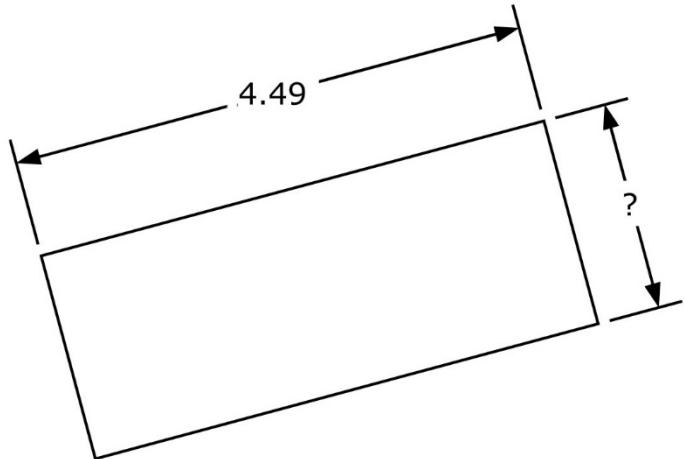
21I-6. What is 6 times the square root of 5697? ----- 6= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-7. What is 10 raised to the power 1.69? ----- 7= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-8. What is positive x if  $54x = 12/x$ ? ----- 8= \_\_\_\_\_

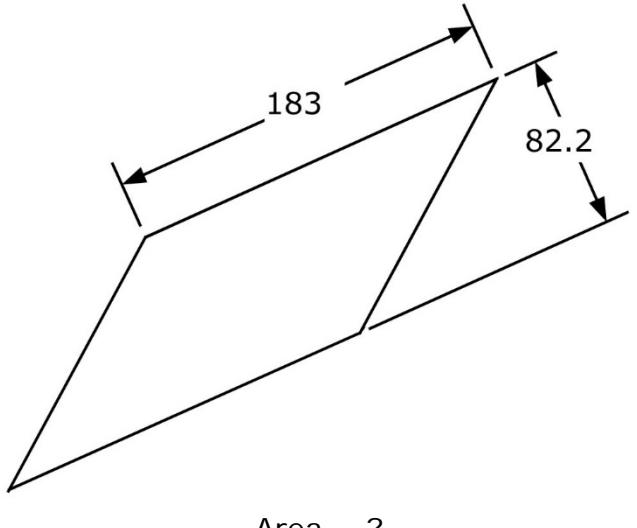
21I-9.

RECTANGLE



21I-10.

PARALLELOGRAM



21I-9 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-10 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-11.  $\frac{(-0.0842)(-0.0556) - (0.0182)(0.0377) + 0.00383}{0.00429 + (-0.0655)(-0.0156)}$  ----- 11= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-12.  $\frac{\{2.89 \times 10^{-5} + (-0.0657)(-0.0195)(0.0651)\}}{(0.869 + 2.22)(0.0162)(1.1 + 0.259)}$  ----- 12= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-13.  $\frac{6.57 \times 10^5 + 8.34 \times 10^5}{(-1.12)(-0.583) + 1.62} + \frac{9110 - 4000 + 4120}{(6.69 \times 10^{-6})(662)}$  ----- 13= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-14.  $\frac{(2790 + 2370 - 304)(0.00734 + 0.0103 - 0.00842)}{(-0.909 - 0.714)(9.85)(8.79 - \pi)}$  ----- 14= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-15.  $\frac{1.38 \times 10^5 + 4.49 \times 10^5 - (27500 + 1.25 \times 10^5)(2.24 - 1.21)}{(-882)(0.0996)(-0.0394)(467 - 1560 + 1930)}$  ----- 15= \_\_\_\_\_

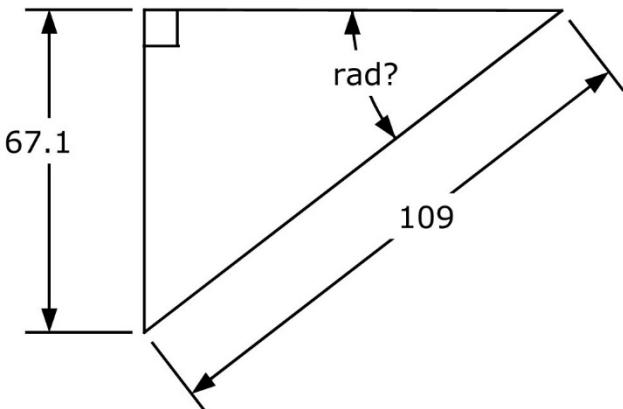
21I-16. Jim reads a page in 1 min 45 s. How long would it take him to read the 1225-page book, *War and Peace*? ----- 16= \_\_\_\_\_ hr

21I-17. A loaf of bread has 24 slices, including the heels. How many loaves must be purchased to provide one sandwich each for 350 people, if the heels are not used? ----- 17= \_\_\_\_\_ integer

21I-18. Quincy decreases her time to run 1 mi from 9 min 38 s to 8 min 7 s. What is the percent increase in distance traveled if she runs 30 min at each rate? ----- 18= \_\_\_\_\_ %

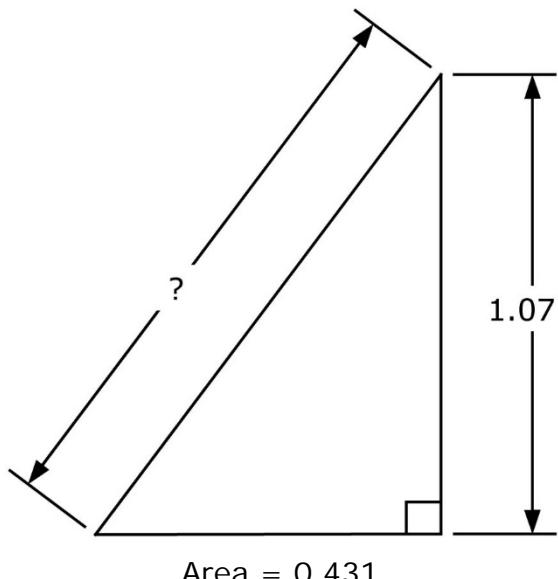
21I-19.

RIGHT TRIANGLE



21I-20.

RIGHT TRIANGLE



21I-19 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-20 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-21.  $\left[ \frac{(0.15)(0.835)}{-1.95} + 0.0521 \right]^2 + \sqrt{1.50 \times 10^{-8}} \quad \dots \quad 21 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-22.  $\frac{12.2 + 1/(0.0223)}{1/(0.181) + 8.51} + \frac{1}{(0.216)} \quad \dots \quad 22 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-23.  $(6.96 \times 10^{-4})(910) + \sqrt{(0.0463)/(1.21)} + [(0.277)(2.61)]^2 \quad \dots \quad 23 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-24.  $\frac{\sqrt{0.0834 + 0.048 + (0.00279)/(0.0463)}}{-0.00852 + 0.00816} \quad \dots \quad 24 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-25.  $\left[ \frac{1.34 + \pi + \sqrt{0.228/0.26}}{-1.39 + 1.25} \right]^2 \quad \dots \quad 25 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

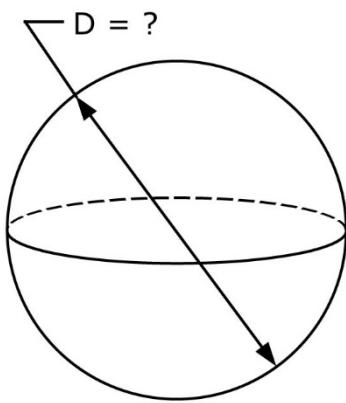
21I-26. The Great Pyramid of Giza was reported to have been built in 20 years, and there were an estimated 2.3 million massive stone blocks used in its construction. Assuming workers toiled continuously day and night, on average, how many stone blocks were placed hourly?  $\dots \quad 26 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  blocks

21I-27. An astronomer measures the distance to the front of the moon, 238,937 mi. She also measures the distance to the back side of the moon, 241,096 mi. What is the diameter of the moon?  $\dots \quad 27 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  mi(SD)

21I-28. Frank buys 5 packs of hot dog buns (\$0.85 each), 5 packs of franks (\$0.89 each), and one jar each of mustard (\$0.58), ketchup (\$2.25) and relish (\$1.58). Assume all the condiments are used up. There are 8 buns and franks in a pack, what is the average cost of one hot dog?  $\dots \quad 28 = \$ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-29.

SPHERE

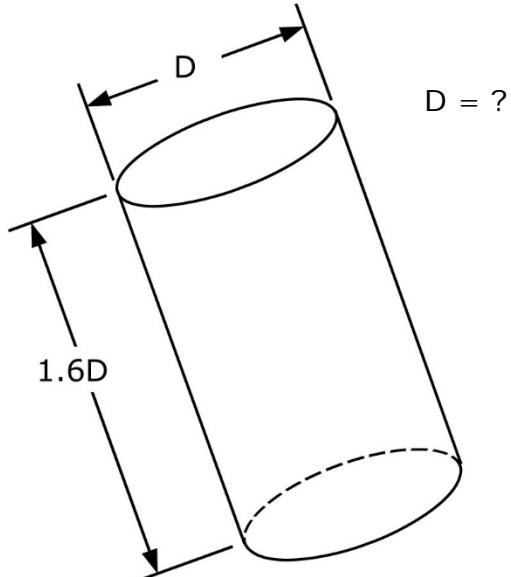


Volume = 0.702

21I-29 = 

21I-30.

CYLINDER



Total Surface Area = 7.04

21I-30 =

21I-31.  $\frac{(8150 + 13900)^2}{\sqrt{81.5 - 10.9}} + \frac{2.02 \times 10^9}{\sqrt{8640 + 9430}}$  ----- 31= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-32.  $\sqrt{\frac{1/(529 - 337)}{(186)(1.94 + 1.79)^2} + (7.50 \times 10^{-4})^2(4590)}$  ----- 32= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-33.  $\frac{\sqrt{(50600)/\{(74900)/\sqrt{39600}\}}}{\pi + (0.207)(1.4)} + \{0.763 + 1.12\}^{1/2}$  ----- 33= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-34.  $\frac{[0.0116/(0.167 + 0.574) + 1/(31.3)]^{1/2}}{(84.1 + 119)^2 \times \sqrt{21.1 - (11.6)}}$  ----- 34= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-35.  $\frac{\frac{1}{1.25 \times 10^5} + \frac{0.0891}{(120 + 30.9)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1.24 \times 10^{-15}}}{(0.0949)^2}}{(0.00169 + 0.00273)^2 + (-3.03 \times 10^{-5})}$  ----- 35= \_\_\_\_\_

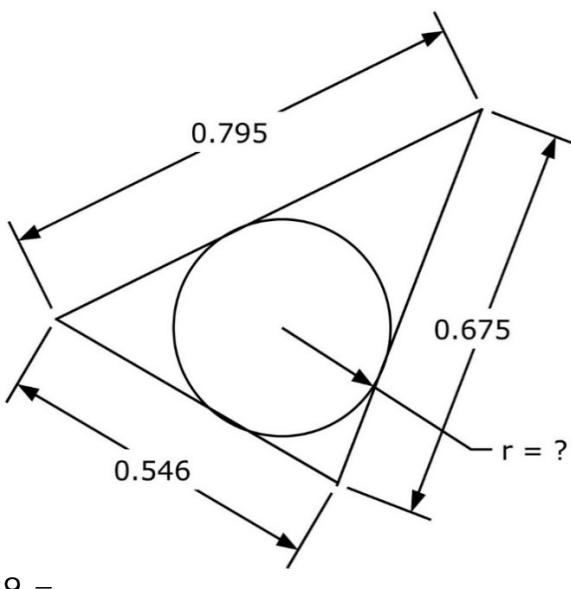
21I-36. At the State Meet for UIL Calculator Applications, contestants typically work all the numerical problems (number crunchers) in 12 min. Assuming a keystroke speed of 1.7 keystrokes/s, what is the average number of keystrokes for a number cruncher problem? ----- 36= \_\_\_\_\_

21I-37. The dwarf planet Eris is  $10.166 \times 10^9$  km from earth. If a spacecraft left earth for Eris traveling at the same speed as Voyager 2, 34,519 mph, how long would it take to reach Eris? ----- 37= \_\_\_\_\_ yr(SD)

21I-38. An elevator has a traveling speed of 5 ft/s. It accelerates/decelerates at  $4 \text{ ft/s}^2$ . What is the percent error the time taken to travel 60 ft if one assumed the elevator accelerated/decelerated instantaneously? ----- 38= \_\_\_\_\_ %

21I-39.

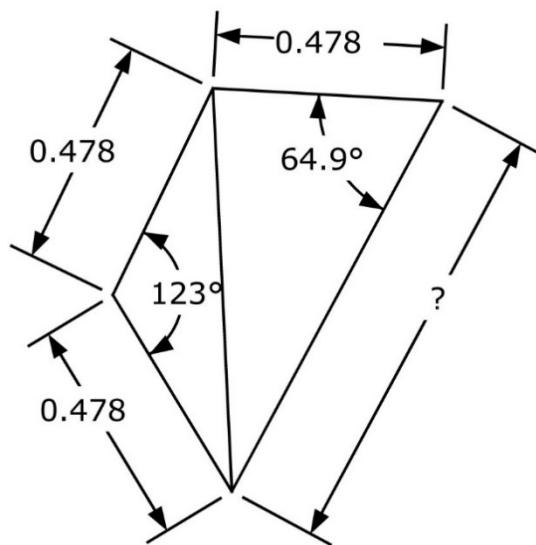
## SCALENE TRIANGLE AND CIRCLE



21I-39 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-40.

## ISOSCELES AND SCALENE TRIANGLES



21I-40 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-41.  $(-357)(269)10^{\{207/21.5\}}$  ----- 41=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-42.  $-0.041 e^{0.542} + (-0.00971) e^{-0.372}$  ----- 42=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-43.  $\frac{(8830)\text{Log}(8450 - 879)}{(-5170)}$  ----- 43=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-44.  $(0.0995 + 0.0999)^{-(0.489 + 0.323)}$  ----- 44=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-45. (deg)  $\{(-0.0879)\sin(-87.3^\circ)\} \times \{(0.055)\cos(-27.6^\circ)\}$  ----- 45=\_\_\_\_\_

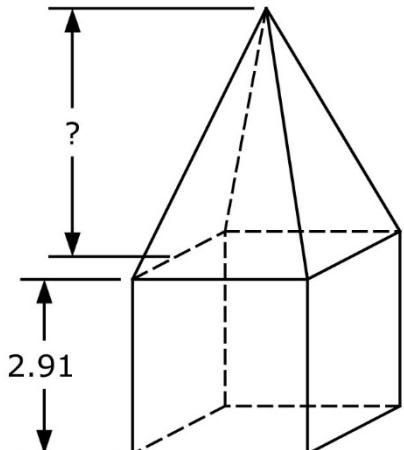
21I-46. A brand of containers are made from plastic and all have the same thickness. They are designed to hold a liquid priced at \$10.75/gal. If an empty 2-gal container cost \$5.95, what is the value of a full 10-gal container? ----- 46=\$\_\_\_\_\_

21I-47. The price of a bag of sugar is comprised of the constant bag cost and the sugar cost. An 4-lb bag costs \$2, and a 12-lb bag costs \$5. What is the size of a bag of sugar that costs \$8? ----- 47=\_\_\_\_\_ lb

21I-48. What is w if  $2^w = w^2 + 3$ ? ----- 48=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-49.

## CUBE AND SQUARE PYRAMID

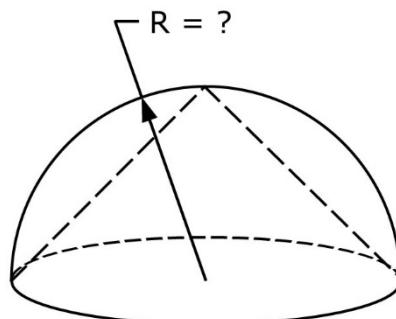


$$\text{Cube Total Surface Area} = 1.5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{Pyramid} \\ \text{Total Surface Area} \end{array} \right]$$

21I-49 =\_\_\_\_\_

21I-50.

## HEMISPHERE WITH CONICAL CAVITY



Total Surface Area = 77.8

21I-50 =\_\_\_\_\_

21I-51.  $\frac{10^{(0.962)} \times 10^{-(0.13)} + 0.141}{10^{(32.2 + 0.597)}} \quad \dots \quad 51 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-52.  $\frac{13800 + e^{(4.91 + 4.82)}}{0.179 - e^{-(0.83 - 0.166)}} \quad \dots \quad 52 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-53.  $\frac{\ln(0.448 + 0.537)}{-0.158} + \frac{\ln(1.21)}{8.85 - 3.95} \quad \dots \quad 53 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-54.  $\frac{1}{(0.973)(-0.412)} + (0.451 + 0.386)^{(0.31 - 0.198)} \quad \dots \quad 54 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

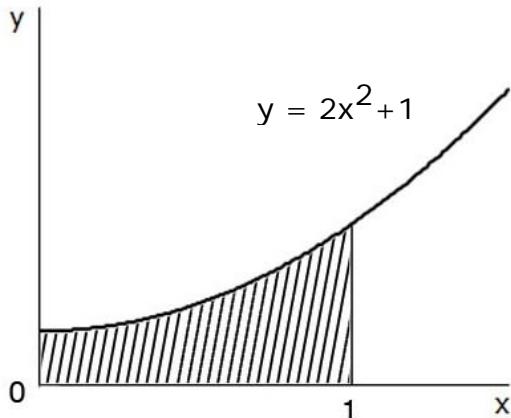
21I-55. (rad)  $\frac{\arcsin\{(652)(-471)/(-5.89 \times 10^5)\}}{-23200 + (-308)(262)} \quad \dots \quad 55 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-56. What is the slope of the curve  $y = 3x^3 - 25x^2 + 13x - 5$  when  $y = 30$ ?  $\dots \quad 56 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21I-57. A window is a rectangle surmounted by a semicircle. The total perimeter is 9 ft. The rectangular part is made of clear glass which passes all the light through it. The semicircle portion is colored and passes only half the light. What is the radius of the semicircle portion of the window for which the most light is transmitted through the window?  $\dots \quad 57 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  ft

21I-58. Solve for  $F_{12}$  if  $F = GH$ .  $G = \begin{bmatrix} 894 & 838 \\ 838 & 583 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $H = \begin{bmatrix} 37 & 36 \\ 36 & -67 \end{bmatrix}$ .  $\dots \quad 58 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

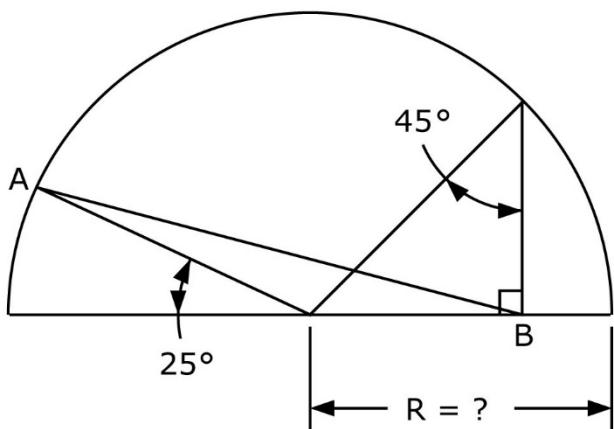
21I-59.  
SOLID OF REVOLUTION ( $x = 0$ )



$$\text{Volume} = ?$$

$$21I-59 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

21I-60.  
SEMICIRCLE AND RIGHT TRIANGLE



$$AB = 10.8$$

$$21I-60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

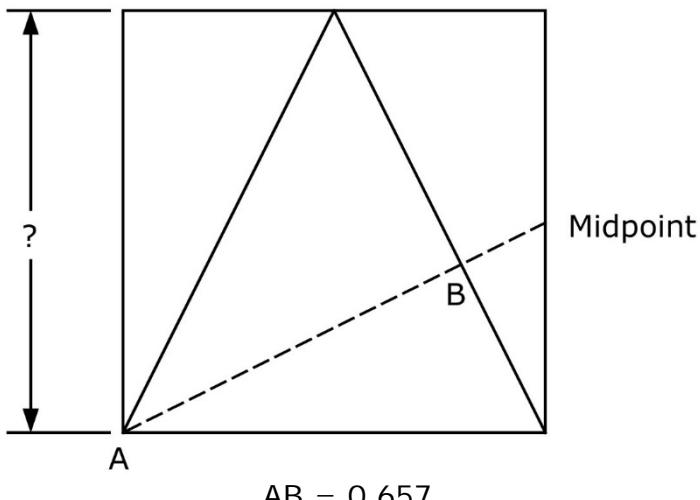
21I-61. Falfurrias ( $98^{\circ}8'42''W$ ) lies on the same latitude as the Taj Mahal ( $78^{\circ}2'31''E$ ) in India. Both lie at  $27^{\circ}12'$  north. How long is the shorter line of constant latitude between these places? ----- 61=\_\_\_\_\_ mi

21I-62. The probability of being dealt a straight flush in poker is  $1.39 \times 10^{-5}$ . What is the probability of being dealt 200 straight flushes in a row? ----- 62=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-63. Don throws a fast ball at a release angle of  $15^{\circ}$  to a friend some distance away. He could alternatively lob the ball high into the air to his friend. In that case, what should the release angle be? ----- 63=\_\_\_\_\_ degrees

21I-64.

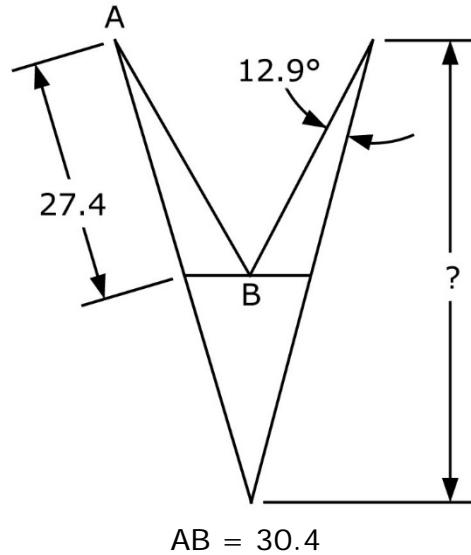
## ISOSCELES TRIANGLE AND SQUARE



21I-64 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-65.

## ISOSCELES TRIANGLE AND CONGRUENT SCALENE TRIANGLES



21I-65 = \_\_\_\_\_

21I-66.  $\ln \left[ \frac{(4.2)(4.28)}{13} \right]^3 + \ln \left[ \frac{13}{(5.09)} \right]^3$  ----- 66=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-67. (rad)  $\sin(3.08)\cos(0.979) - \cos(3.08)\sin(0.979)$  ----- 67=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-68. (rad)  $\frac{98.2}{6(0.835)} \left\{ (0.326) + (0.0493)\sin(-1.83) \right\}^5$  ----- 68=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-69.  $1 + 0.33 + (0.33)^2 + \frac{(0.33)^4}{8} - \frac{(0.33)^5}{15}$  ----- 69=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-70. (rad)  $e^{(4.33)} \left[ \frac{(35.9)\sin(4.02) - (28.1)\cos(-1.07)}{(4.65)\sqrt{(35.9)^2 + (28.1)^2}} \right]$  ----- 70=\_\_\_\_\_

21I-1	= 719 = $7.19 \times 10^2$	21I-11	= 1.47 = $1.47 \times 10^0$	21I-21	= 0.000270 = $2.70 \times 10^{-4}$
21I-2	= -33.4 = $-3.34 \times 10^1$	21I-12	= 0.00165 = $1.65 \times 10^{-3}$	21I-22	= 8.69 = $8.69 \times 10^0$
21I-3	= 2.78 = $2.78 \times 10^0$	21I-13	= $2.74 \times 10^6$	21I-23	= 1.35 = $1.35 \times 10^0$
21I-4	= 55.1 = $5.51 \times 10^1$	21I-14	= -0.496 = $-4.96 \times 10^{-1}$	21I-24	= -1220 = $-1.22 \times 10^3$
21I-5	= 0.0999 = $9.99 \times 10^{-2}$	21I-15	= 148 = $1.48 \times 10^2$	21I-25	= 1500 = $1.50 \times 10^3$
21I-6	= 453 = $4.53 \times 10^2$	21I-16	= 35.7 = $3.57 \times 10^1$	21I-26	= 13.1 = $1.31 \times 10^1$
21I-7	= 49.0 = $4.90 \times 10^1$	21I-17	= 32 integer	21I-27	= 2159 = $2.159 \times 10^3$ (4SD)
21I-8	= 0.471 = $4.71 \times 10^{-1}$	21I-18	= 18.7 = $1.87 \times 10^1$	21I-28	= \$0.33
21I-9	= 1.81 = $1.81 \times 10^0$	21I-19	= 0.663 = $6.63 \times 10^{-1}$	21I-29	= 1.10 = $1.10 \times 10^0$
21I-10	= 15000 = $1.50 \times 10^4$	21I-20	= 1.34 = $1.34 \times 10^0$	21I-30	= 1.03 = $1.03 \times 10^0$

$$211-31 = 7.29 \times 10^7$$

$$211-41 = -4.08 \times 10^{14}$$

$$211-51 = 1.11 \times 10^{-32}$$

$$211-61 = 10800  
= 1.08 \times 10^4$$

$$211-32 = 0.00400  
= 4.00 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$211-42 = -0.0772  
= -7.72 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$211-52 = -91200  
= -9.12 \times 10^4$$

$$211-62 = 4.01 \times 10^{-972}$$

$$211-33 = 4.75  
= 4.75 \times 10^0$$

$$211-43 = -6.63  
= -6.63 \times 10^0$$

$$211-53 = 0.135  
= 1.35 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$211-63 = 75.0  
= 7.50 \times 10^1$$

$$211-34 = 1.72 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$211-44 = 3.70  
= 3.70 \times 10^0$$

$$211-54 = 1.97  
= 1.97 \times 10^0$$

$$211-64 = 0.735  
= 7.35 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$211-35 = -0.744  
= -7.44 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$211-45 = 0.00428  
= 4.28 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$211-55 = -5.28 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$211-65 = 47.7  
= 4.77 \times 10^1$$

$$211-36 = 35.0  
= 3.50 \times 10^1$$

$$211-46 = \$124.90$$

$$211-56 = 187  
= 1.87 \times 10^2$$

$$211-66 = 3.79  
= 3.79 \times 10^0$$

$$211-37 = 20.875 \text{ (5SD)}  
= 2.0875 \times 10^1$$

$$211-47 = 20.0  
= 2.00 \times 10^1$$

$$211-57 = 1.03  
= 1.03 \times 10^0$$

$$211-67 = 0.863  
= 8.63 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$211-38 = -9.43  
= -9.43 \times 10^0$$

$$211-48 = 4.59  
= 4.59 \times 10^0$$

$$211-58 = -24000  
= -2.40 \times 10^4$$

$$211-68 = 0.0327  
= 3.27 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$211-39 = 0.180  
= 1.80 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$211-49 = 4.12  
= 4.12 \times 10^0$$

$$211-59 = 6.28  
= 6.28 \times 10^0$$

$$211-69 = 1.44  
= 1.44 \times 10^0$$

$$211-40 = 0.923  
= 9.23 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$211-50 = 6.50  
= 6.50 \times 10^0$$

$$211-60 = 6.48  
= 6.48 \times 10^0$$

$$211-70 = -14.7  
= -1.47 \times 10^1$$