

INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUER

VOL. XLIV

AUSTIN, TEXAS, JANUARY, 1961

NO. 5

No Journalism District Meets

Despite a slight increase in the number of schools signing journalism acceptance cards for the 1960-61 school year, there will be no district meet journalism contests scheduled for the coming 1961 spring meet.

Last year an experimental plan of limited district participation was tried, but this year all journalism contestants will once again begin competition at the regional meet level.

This does not, however, mean that district meet journalism contests are abandoned forever, for some regional centers will be dangerously overcrowded with journalism contestants. The decision to forego district meets this year was made only

because some regional sites have expanded and improved their facilities for journalism contests. Should some of the more crowded centers prove unable to easily handle the anticipated number of contestants, district journalism contests will likely be set up again next year on a limited basis—particularly for the AAAA and AAA schools.

This year 294 schools submitted journalism acceptance cards, compared with 257 last year and 283 in 1959—the first year the acceptance cards were used. The breakdown, by conferences, with last year's figures in brackets, shows: conference AAAA 94 (84); AAA 55 (46); AA 65 (66); A 38 (32); and B 42 (29).

Since there are no district meets this year, all journalism contestants and alternates, if any, must be certified directly to the regional meet journalism contest director. This certification must reach the director no later than the Monday preceding the weekend of the regional meet, April 17, 1961.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

After finishing reading your "Speech and Theatre" article in the November issue of *The Interscholastic Leaguer*, I was prompted to write. Maybe your challenging remarks about not expecting any mail because drama teachers do not write or join professional organizations are the reasons behind this letter. I think that possibly I would have written under any circumstances.

I have no complaints about the changes in organization in the speech contest. Actually, I feel they are logical and long needed changes, but I do disagree with the restrictions placed on the one-act play contest. I feel definitely these new amendments do penalize the talented and only give help to the director who has limited ability. True, the contest is one of acting and directing, but to me, directing is much more than disciplining actors, blocking action, and clarifying interpretation and characterization. My definition of a good director is a clever, imaginative, creative person with technical skill and ingenuity. In directing I cannot keep from thinking in terms of setting and lighting. To me it adds to atmosphere and mood. I think I am backed in my thinking because nearly all good theatres today utilize settings and lighting. I cannot imagine any high school students doing an outstanding job if, as a director, I must leave out all thinking of settings and lighting. It seems you are doing only part of a job.

Also and more poignant, in doing (continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

'J' Fellowships Will be Awarded

Fifteen fellowships are available for a summer seminar for high school journalism teachers of Texas and adjoining states, Dr. DeWitt C. Reddick, University of Texas School of Journalism director, announced last month.

Applications should be requested from the Newspaper Fund, 48 Wall Street, New York, N.Y., and returned before Feb. 15, Dr. Reddick said.

To qualify, applicants must have one or more years' experience teaching high school journalism or sponsoring high school publications. Fellowships will cover transportation costs, room and board, tuition and fees. They will range from \$207 for Texas residents to \$244 for out-of-state residents, plus transportation to and from Austin.

The three-week seminar, June 12-July 1, will carry three semester hours of credit. Those accepted may also enroll in the regular nine-week Summer Session at the University.

The Wall Street Journal sponsors seminars at several colleges and universities to encourage excellence in teaching high school journalism and develop more potential journalists for professional work. The Newspaper Fund gave six fellowships at The University of Texas last summer for the regular nine-week term. During the past two summers, more than 550 persons have studied as Newspaper Fund fellows.



WACO WINNERS—Waco's University High had a number of talented students last year including these who won three first places and one second at last May's State Meet. Left to right they are: Earlene Reed, first place in girls' poetry; Margaret Lopez, first in girls' declamation; Principal W. O. Griffin; Ann Quick, second in girls' extemp speaking, and Robert Dunn, first in boys' extemp. The students were coached by Mrs. Lenora C. Dixon, speech teacher at University High School.

New Type Judging Workshop Planned July 3-8 in Music

By F. W. SAVAGE
Director of Music

Since the workshops for judges proved to be very popular and apparently achieved considerable success during the three years the

League has conducted them in all sections of the state, they are to be continued, but under a different plan of operation.

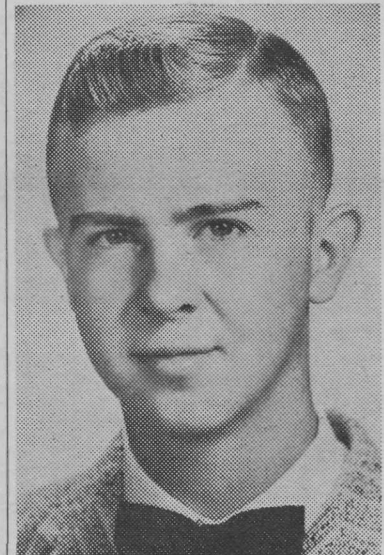
The first workshops were designed to improve the judging of bands. Workshops were conducted in this area for two years and during the third year the emphasis was placed on choral judging.

tised as evidence that the holder thereof has at least made an effort to become thoroughly familiar with the techniques of judging junior high and high school music groups. Regional Executive Committees can thus be guided to some extent in employing the judges who officiate at regional contests.

In addition, lists of these "graduates" will be made available to executive committees by the League Office and will thus become prospects for employment.

Specific information and enrollment forms for this workshop will be mailed to all interested parties later in the year. All directors are encouraged to be on the alert for this information.

A slide rule contest was added to the competitive program of the University Interscholastic League in 1944 with approximately 350 students competing. Last year there were approximately 400 schools and 1,200 students taking part in the activity.



YOUNG WINNER—Michael Bassham, as a 14-year-old high school freshman at Sulphur Bluff, last year won the conference B state championship in number sense at the 1960 State Meet.

Consolidation

The new plan calls for an extensive workshop to be conducted in Austin during the week of July 3-8, 1961. All choral, band and orchestra directors and others who desire to participate in judging Interscholastic League contests will be invited to attend. Certain factors and phases of judging are common in all types of judging and these areas will be covered in general cooperative sessions in which all directors will participate.

Specific items of a performance peculiar to either band, choir or orchestra will be considered in special sections to which only those persons directly involved will be invited. Tapes of 1960-61 contest performances will be available and will be audited and discussed in comparison with the ratings which the group actually received in contests.

The first experimental state solo contest will have just been completed and if plans work out, tapes of typical performances will be played and analyzed in the hopes that standards of performance typical of the state contest can be required of regional performers.

The judging of music contests has never been noted as a very lucrative occupation and most of those educators who participate therein do so out of their desire to be of service in the field. For this reason, there will be no charge for participation in the judging workshops. Facilities will be supplied for the 1961 workshop by the Interscholastic League and the College of Fine Arts of The University of Texas. Individuals will be asked however, to take care of their own expenses for travel, food and lodging.

The unrehearsed panel proved very successful during the preliminary workshops conducted in all areas of the state and this plan will be continued in the state workshop. If funds permit, a nationally known expert in the field of music judging will be engaged to act as moderator for the various sections and add his comments and opinions to those of the "native" judges. By doing this it is desired that the standards used in judging Texas groups will be on a par with those in other states... or, perhaps the standards used in Texas can permeate other states! In either event, participants in the workshops will become familiar with the practices and standards employed by interstate judges.

It is not an objective of the judging workshop to create a certified and approved list of judges although tentative plans include the presentation of a certificate of completion to all participants who complete the course successfully. This certificate can be shown or adver-

Debate Areas: TV Education, Voting

Television, education and the method of selecting a president topped the list of proposed problem areas for the 1961-62 debate topic,

reported League Director R. J. Kidd upon his return from a late December meeting of the National University Extension Association com-

mittee on debate and discussion materials in St. Louis.

Specifically, the three problem areas to be considered by the various state leagues in the United States are:

1. How can television best serve the public interest?
2. What should be the role of the federal government in education?
3. How should the president of the United States be selected?

John R. Holcomb, debate coach at Houston's John H. Reagan High School, also attended the meeting and served as a member of the working committee. Three debate propositions were prepared for each of the problem areas, and after a nationwide vote to select the problem area, each state league will vote on the question to be used by its members. The nine suggested propositions are:

Television

1. Resolved: That commercial television, as presently conducted, is detrimental to the best interest of the American people.

2. Resolved: That the federal government should own and operate a television network.

3. Resolved: That a system of pay television should be established.

Education

1. Resolved: That the federal government should provide additional aid for public school facilities.

2. Resolved: That the federal government should guarantee an opportunity for higher education to qualified high school graduates.

3. Resolved: That the federal government should equalize educational opportunity by means of grants to the states for public elementary and secondary schools.

Presidential Selection

1. Resolved: That the United States should adopt a parliamentary system of government.

2. Resolved: That the president of the United States should be elected by a direct vote of the people.

3. Resolved: That the electoral votes for each state should be cast in proportion to the popular vote.

Jerry Powell, League speech and drama director, has mailed a questionnaire to all schools participating in debate to determine which problem area is preferred in Texas. Other states are conducting similar surveys, and results of these preferential ballots are to be submitted to the NUEA by February 5.

Once the national problem area has been determined, Texas schools will then vote on which specific debate proposition is preferred for next year. This final ballot will be mailed to all schools in April, and the 1961-62 debate proposition will be announced at the 51st Annual State Meet in Austin next May.

The ready writing (essay) contest of the University Interscholastic League was started in 1915, with approximately 300 students participating. Last year 4,116 ready writers' handbooks were sold, some 600 schools entered the contest and approximately 1,200 students took part in the actual competition.

85 Debate Kits Added to Stock

Here's some good news for Texas high school debaters and debate coaches.

In last month's Leaguer it was announced that the supply of debate kits was exhausted, but now enough material has been secured for an additional 85 kits, which are on sale now.

Coaches who ordered debate kits and were informed they were "out of stock" should replace their orders immediately. When these 85 kits are gone, there will be no more.

NUEA Committee Passes Resolution

A resolution endorsing the procedure followed by state leagues in selecting the high school problem areas for debate was adopted by the advisory council of the National University Extension Association, assembled in convention in St. Louis on Tuesday, December 27, 1960.

The resolution was the result of some discussion by minority groups which had been criticizing procedures used by the NUEA committee and the advisory council in choosing the debate subject. The advisory council, composed of representatives from the various state leagues, prepared the following resolution: "Since there has been some discussion on the proper function and relationship of the advisory council to the NUEA, the following resolution is offered:

"Whereas, the advisory council is composed of official representatives from the state high school leagues, and

"Whereas, each member of the advisory council has been named by

his respective state association to serve on this voluntary council for the purpose of selecting a suitable high school debate topic, and

"Whereas, the separate state leagues have their executive officers poll their representative membership asking for an advisory vote on topics to be considered, and

"Whereas, the NUEA committee has arranged a national meeting of the respective states for the purpose of selecting three proposals for final submission to the respective state leagues, and

"Whereas, the procedures used in the selection of these topics are determined in a democratic procedure of allowing each state one vote on each of the propositions, and

"Whereas, such a plan does offer and provide for a free discussion of all the individual state proposals,

"Now, therefore, be it resolved that the advisory council so assembled on this date, December 27, 1960, go on record as approving the existing procedure for selecting the national debate topic."

Rules for Science Contest Being Readied for Mailing

District chairmen are reminded that the League's newly-approved science contest is an immediate addition to the League program and will be a part of the upcoming 1961 spring meet, and they should so remind all members of their districts.

Detailed contest rules are being printed and in the near future will be mailed to each member high school of the League. Also, a limited amount of science contest practice material has been prepared by Dr. Irwin Spear, state science contest director, and schools planning to participate in this new contest may secure this material by writing to the League Office.

Interested administrators should encourage their district committees to include the science contest in their district meet schedules, to appoint a science contest director and to undertake their planning early to insure the success of this new activity.

New Tournament-Type TV Program May Be Helpful to Debate Teaching

Texas has been selected to initiate the first televised intercollegiate debate tournament, "Young America Speaks", according to J. Rex Wier, the program's associate producer and assistant professor of speech at The University of Texas.

The 30-minute program got underway on Sunday, January 15, and is scheduled for 13 successive weeks. It features seven Texas members of the Southwest Conference, plus seven other Texas colleges and universities in an elimination debate tournament.

Weekly Awards

The Sinclair Refining Company, sponsor of the series, will award \$1,000 to the scholarship fund of the winning school each week and \$500 to the scholarship fund of the losing school. The regular commercial time will be donated to prominent Texans who will speak on various topics concerning Texas.

The program was originated and will be produced by Harvey Marlowe of Los Angeles, and the format is based largely on the forensic rules and standards of intercollegiate debate. Some changes have been made to permit better pacing, greater excitement and a new manner of scoring to maintain a competitive spirit throughout the debate.

The format has been tested experimentally in speech classes and is readily adaptable to classroom use. It should prove especially valuable in teaching debate to beginning high school speech classes, Wier said, Marlowe has granted permission to use the program format in classrooms, but reserves all radio and television rights.

Program Format

The program begins with four 3-minute constructive speeches. The second stage, "crossfire", is a 5-minute cross questioning period, with questions alternately by the affirmative and the negative. The third stage, "battle royal", brings in questioning from a two-man team in the audience. The debaters are scored at the end of each constructive speech and at the end of stages two and three. The timing of each session may be varied to meet classroom time needs.

Any high school debate coach who wishes to examine a copy of the actual television script, along with an explanatory letter, should write to J. Rex Wier, director of Forensics, Department of Speech, The University of Texas, Austin 12.

The schedule of debates (all times 5 p.m.) is:

- January 15—Sales Tax—S. F. Austin, aff.; TCU, neg.
- January 22—Federal Aid to Edu-

cation—Lamar State, aff.; Texas A&M, neg.

January 29—Capital Punishment—Baylor University, aff.; Southwest Texas State College, neg.

February 5—Abolish Right to Work Laws—University of Texas, aff.; NTSC, neg.

February 12—Admit Red China to UN—ACC, aff.; Texas Tech, neg.

February 19—Abolish Merit Auto Insurance—SMU, aff.; University of Houston, neg.

February 26—Abolish Poll Tax—Rice, aff.; Hardin-Simmons, neg.

March 5, 12, 19, 26 and April 2, 9—elimination rounds; topics to be announced.

Participating Stations

Stations currently carrying the new debate series are:

- WFAA-TV, Dallas
- KTRK-TV, Houston
- KTBC-TV, Austin
- KWTX-TV, Waco
- KFDM-TV, Beaumont
- KBTX-TV, Bryan
- KPAR-TV, Abilene
- KDUB-TV, Lubbock
- KTRE-TV, Lufkin
- KRBC-TV, Abilene
- KVII-TV, Amarillo

Henry Baade, Rebecca Frenkil Won Awards for Outstanding League Work

From time to time, the *Interscholastic Leaguer* will feature stories about contestants who were selected by the board of directors of the Texas Interscholastic League Foundation to receive scholarships. The Interscholastic League office plans to keep a complete record of these winners during their college careers and, if possible, their achievements after departing from college.

Henry H. Baade, Jr., was a second place slide rule winner in the 1960 State Meet. He is from Boling, conference AA. Henry scored high

on his entrance examination and, because of this and other qualifications, was selected to receive the Henry Beckman Slide Rule Scholarship and is now in The University of Texas studying mechanical engineering.

In 1958, Henry was first place winner at district and fourth place winner at region in slide rule. In 1959 and 1960, he won first place at district and first place at region. In addition to participating in football and slide rule, Henry was president of the senior class and of the high school band, vice president of the junior historians and the student council, valedictorian of his class and an Eagle scout, a member of the Future Farmers of America, Boys State, and several other organizations.

Helena Rebecca Frenkil rated high on entrance examinations and was selected to receive one of the Jesse Jones-Texas Interscholastic League Foundation scholarships. She is now at The University of Texas and anticipates a career in government foreign service.

Helena made a fine record in various League contests. She won first place in 1960 in district and fifth at region in slide rule. In number sense she won first at district in 1956 and third in 1958. In 1959 and 1960, she received second place in poetry reading at district and in 1958 third place. In ready writing, she won first at district in 1958 and 1960; also, in 1960, she

won first place at region in ready writing.

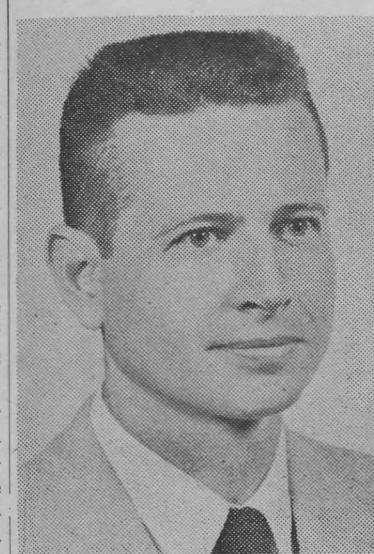
Helena also established herself as a student leader in high school by serving as president of the sophomore and senior classes, and of the drama club, and by being an officer in several other student organizations. She was salutatorian of the senior class and received the Language Arts and Mathematics awards. She was on the annual staff, a member of the pep squad, the band, and the drama club, and the F.H.A.

About League participation she said: "I found that participation in League contests was both enlightening and enjoyable, and I do believe that I have benefited from it many ways. Ever since I was in the eighth grade, I entered at least one or two events in the school. Fortunately, I was able to advance to district every year but one. I will never forget how left out and forlorn I felt that spring.

"I feel that I have been very fortunate in having attended four districts, one area, one regional, and one State Meet. I still come across some of the fine people I met through the League meets and, if for no other reason than that, I will always remember those contests. I believe that Texas is indeed fortunate to have such a program that recognizes merit not only in athletics, but also in learning, and I would like to express my sincere appreciation for all that the Interscholastic League has done for me."



HENRY BAADE, JR.



REX WIER

Debate Growth

The current demand for debate materials has exceeded that of any previous year in the history of the League. Not only in Texas but all over the nation schools are becoming more interested in debate, according to reports at the recent meeting of the NUEA debate committee in St. Louis.

No doubt this renewed emphasis is due to an increased demand for speech making in our modern society. Modern living requires more and more public speaking on the part of both men and women. Today we have more political meetings, more organizational conferences, more club gatherings, more business conventions—and all of these have helped create a greater need for speaking ability.

Public school administrators and debate coaches are to be commended for the support they are giving this phase of the League program and for realizing that debate is the "game" which develops those special skills and abilities necessary to present one's point of view and thoughtful conclusions to others.

District Organization

All school administrators should refer to the League calendar on page 4 of the *Constitution and Contest Rules* and note that February 2 is the last day for organizing spring meet districts. The State Office cannot accept contestants from any district organized after that date.

It should also be noted that districts may combine for the purpose of providing better balanced competition for literary and academic contestants, provided the League Office is notified at once. Many districts have already consolidated in order to provide "stiffer" competition for their students before they reach the regional meets.

Be alert; don't get caught by the deadline.

Tardy Members

Many schools, for no apparent reason other than simple procrastination, are a little tardy each year in paying their interscholastic League membership fees. Administrators in these schools are reminded of Article III, Section 5 of the *League Constitution and Contest Rules*. It says:

"Any school that enters any of the contests of this League without having paid its membership fee shall be disqualified for the following school year, unless a satisfactory excuse for such failure is presented to the State Executive Committee."

The University Interscholastic League Directory

Organization Agency: Extension Division, The University of Texas Bureau of Public School Service.

State Executive Committee: Dean James R. D. Eddy, chairman; Dr. H. A. Calkins, R. J. Kidd, Dr. Lynn Wade McCraw, Dr. Emmette Redford, T. A. Rousse, Grady Rylander, Jerre S. Williams, Dr. Rhea Williams.

Legislative Council: Joe Barnes, Chairman; Nat Williams, O. W. Marcom, Noel Johnson, R. W. Standefer, Jr., Bert Ezzell, Howard A. Allen, H. A. Hefner, E. D. Cleveland, Fred Covin, Randall Simpson, O. T. Jones, Harlan Andrews, George Thigpen, P. J. Dodson, E. O. Martin, A. W. Norton, John S. Gillett, J. L. Buckley, W. C. Andrews, Garland P. Ferguson, W. C. Underwood, D. A. Swope, C. H. Evans, D. C. Moore.

Director: Rodney J. Kidd.
Director of Athletics: Rhea H. Williams.
Director of Speech and Drama Activities: Jerry Rollins Powell.
Director of Music Activities: F. W. Savage.
Director of Journalism Activities: J. Roy Moses, Jr.

INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUER

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Editor: ROY MOSES, JR.
Assistant Editor: R. J. Kidd

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OFFICIAL NOTICES

NUMBERING JERSEYS

This year's basketball rules provide that no digit greater than 5 may be used in numbering jerseys. The rules also provide that no jersey may be numbered 1 or 2. Of course, 1 and 2 may be used as a digit in another number (such as 12), but they may not be used alone. The rules also provide that violation of this rule is a technical foul. The rules recommend that even numbers be used on light jerseys and odd numbers on dark jerseys.

TULLA
Tulla High School placed on probation in girls' basketball for the 1959-60 and the 1960-61 seasons for violation of Rule 33 (all-star game rule) of the Girls' Basketball Plan.

LAMAR (ROSENBERG)
Lamar High School (Rosenberg) suspended in track for the 1959-60 school year and placed on probation for the 1960-61 school year for using an ineligible contestant under an assumed name in a track and field meet.

MULESHOE
Muleshoe High School placed on probation in girls' basketball for the 1959-60 and the 1960-61 seasons for violation of Rule 33 (all-star game rule) of the Girls' Basketball Plan.

STAMFORD
Disqualified for 1959 conference AA state championship in football, ordered to return state championship trophy (championship awarded to runner-up Brady), disqualified for any district honors in football for 1960 and placed on probation in football for the 1960 and 1961 seasons for using ineligible player and violation of recruiting rule.

FOOTBALL DATES
The earliest starting dates for fall football practice for the 1961 season are: conference AAAA, August 29; all others, August 14. The earliest dates for playing first football games in the 1961 season are: conference AAAA, September 8; all others, September 1. In conferences AAA, AA, A, B, six- and eight-man football no interschool scrimmages shall be held prior to August 21.

MUSIC RULES
In the *Constitution and Contest Rules*, delete the last five words of the first paragraph of Rule 17, page 95, which read "... declared ineligible for music competition." Alter the sentence to read "A school that accepts ratings or awards other than those herein provided for shall be subject to suspension upon recommendation of the Regional Executive Committee to the State Executive Committee."

SPEECH RULES
In the *Constitution and Contest Rules*, delete the first paragraph of Rule 12, page 40, of the Rules in Declaration, which reads "Panel judges shall be secured to judge all speech contests; three or any larger odd number of competent judges shall be used." In its place, insert "It is specifically recommended that a good critic judge be secured to judge all speech contests. If one cannot be secured, three or any larger odd number of competent judges shall be used."

ONE-ACT PLAY SUSPENSIONS
The following schools are suspended from one-act play participation for the 1960-61 school year for failure to participate in the 1960 spring meet after indicating intentions to do so (Rule 7, one-act play rules, page 50-51, *Constitution and Contest Rules*): Albany, South Park (Beaumont), Goodrich, Hamlin, Lamesa, Mirando City, Morton, Poth, Queen City, Northside (now John Marshall) (San Antonio), Timpson and Vera.

TULOSO-MIDWAY
Tuloso-Midway High School suspended in baseball for the 1960-61 school year for failure to complete its regular baseball schedule.

SOMERVILLE
Somerville High School placed on probation in football for the remainder of the 1960 season and for the 1961 season for violation of the Football Code.

STINNETT
Stinnett High School has been placed on probation in football for the remainder of the 1960 season and for the 1961 season for violation of Rule 19 of the Football Plan.

JOSHUA
Joshua High School placed on probation in football for the 1961 season for violation of the Football Code.

GODLEY
Godley High School suspended in football for the 1961 season and placed on probation for the 1962 season for violation of the Football Code.

SAM HOUSTON
Sam Houston High School, San Antonio, suspended in football and disqualified from district honors for the 1960 season and disqualified from district honors for the 1961 season for violation of the Football Code and Rule 18 of the Football Plan.

UVALDE
Uvalde High School placed on probation in football for the 1961 season for violation of the Football Code and Rule 18 of the Football Plan.

REGIONAL MEETS
Because the normal weekend for regional meets coincides with the Easter weekend in 1962, the League calendar has been adjusted to set 1962 regional meets for April 13-14, 1962, instead of April 20-21.

SPELLING CORRECTION
In the League spelling bulletin, page 4, column 6, 12th word from the top, the word should be "wiener" instead of "weiner."

AMATEUR RULE
The Southwest Conference on October 26, 1960, requested that the State Executive

Committee of the University Interscholastic League rule on whether or not their proposed pre-enrollment applications, which the other members of the Southwest Conference schools have agreed to abide by, would be in violation of Article VIII, Section 5, the Amateur Rule of the League.

This pre-enrollment application is an application whereby a high school athlete files his application to enroll in a specified institution of higher learning. After a student has filed his application to enroll in a particular institution, the other Southwest Conference schools mutually agree to respect his decision and not contact him relative to enrollment in their respective institutions. This pre-enrollment application involves no financial remuneration whatsoever, as it is only an application to enroll in an institution of higher learning.

On November 14, the State Executive Committee of the League made the following interpretation: "That the pre-enrollment application presented to the State Executive Committee by the Southwest Conference Committee on October 26, 1960, shall not be construed as a violation of the Amateur Rule." It should be noted that the signing of the "letter of intent" or the signing of an "application for financial aid" is construed by the State Executive Committee as a violation of the Amateur Rule and that any high school player who signs such a contract is ineligible when this is proven before the proper committee.

JOURNALISM CONTESTS
There will be no district meet journalism contests scheduled for the 1961 spring meet. All journalism competition will begin at the regional meet level.

LETTERS...

(Continued from Page 1, Col. 1)

Interscholastic League work we have no assurance of what kind and conditions of theatres we will be working in during district and regional competition. To say we can use only sets and lights available is to say a great deal. I, for one, have worked more than once—more times than not—in high schools where district meetings were held that had no dimmer equipment, no spotlights, no available stock of props and the cyclorama looked like a remnant left over from an army surplus. This type of theatre could kill any performance. But if we can use our own equipment and ingenuity, we can transform the gymnasium type auditorium into a theatre. They can say the school that does not have money cannot have this equipment to use and bring, but with ingenuity of creative imagination, for little money you can build and make your own. If you cannot do this, then why not reward the director who can. Once we limit talented and interested people in the theatre, we might also limit or kill interest in the contest.

My desire is that possibly others might feel as I do and maybe some alterations could be made before 1961. At least, I can live with myself because I am not one who only sits back and complains—after the contest is over. I believe in Interscholastic League work and want us to challenge through competition and develop better and better theatre.

Carl Marder, drama director
Robert E. Lee High School
Tyler, Texas

About seven or eight years ago I wrote you concerning an idea to increase the interest and enjoyment of fans at high school basketball games as well as increasing the incentive of the players for fair play and stellar performance. You expressed an interest in the idea and requested... permission to publish my letter in the *Leagueur*.

In talking to dozens, or possibly hundreds, of fans I have never found one who was not for the installation of this contraption in all gyms in Texas.

It is simply a roster board to list the names and numbers of all players. The size of the name boards (would be) standard throughout the state. When a team goes visiting, it takes its name boards along as part of the team equipment, and these name boards will fit the roster board slots in all gyms.

I enjoy from 60 to 75 basketball games every season and in practically every game I wonder who the scorer to learn his name...

Our Mt. Pleasant school officials are going to suggest the installation of this board in all 6-AAA member gyms for the coming season, and it is my hope that other districts may want to do the same. The boards costs but a few dollars and (can be) made in any school shop.

Just the "thump-thump" of a round ball will get a rabid fan to a game, but this addition to a gym should lure more lukewarm fans who can take basketball or leave it alone, depending on the TV star who is doing the riding and shooting on game night.

If this suggestion engenders any interest, I would be glad to furnish a copy of the plans to anyone requesting it...

With best wishes for the continued success and growth of the Interscholastic League,
Warren F. Swan
Box 905
Mt. Pleasant, Texas

THE UNIVERSITY INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE

Annual Financial Recapitulation September 1, 1959—August 31, 1960

BALANCES:	
Re-appropriated Balances Brought Forward:	
General Fee Account	\$ 8,763.51
Football Account	36,727.40
Total	\$45,490.91
Total Balances	\$45,490.91

RECEIPTS:	
Membership Fees	\$27,697.00
Sales of Bulletins and Supplies	17,331.62
Gate Receipts, Broadcast Rights and Concessions	81,316.36
Miscellaneous	4,501.28
Appropriations from The University of Texas	38,525.00
Total Receipts	\$169,371.26
Total to be Accounted for	\$214,862.17

DISBURSEMENTS:	
Appropriated Salaries	\$38,524.80
Maintenance, Supplies and Equipment	20,493.65
Rebate Paid to Member Schools and Travel	42,813.35
Services not Appropriated	30,490.30
Printing	18,325.40
Postage, Express and Miscellaneous	4,660.02
Total Disbursements	\$155,307.52
Balances Re-appropriated:	
General Fee Account	\$10,320.15
Football Account	49,234.50
Total Re-appropriated	\$ 59,554.65
Total Disbursements and Re-appropriations	\$214,862.17
Series A, U.S. Treasury Notes in Investment Reserve Fund Number 6810	\$ 40,250.00

Tournament Financial Reports

(Included in General Report)

BOYS' BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT

RECEIPTS:	
Gate Receipts	\$21,792.50
Broadcast Fees	822.86
Program Sales	421.50
Total Receipts	\$23,036.86
DISBURSEMENTS:	
Tournament Expenses:	
Services and Utilities	\$ 4,346.42
Trophies	890.60
Supplies	780.96
Total Expenses	\$ 6,017.98
Rebate to Schools:	
Lodging	\$ 1,488.00
Mileage	1,108.80
Balances Apportioned	14,422.08
Total Rebate Paid to Participating Schools	\$17,018.88
Total Disbursements	\$23,036.86

GIRLS' BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT

RECEIPTS:	
Gate Receipts	\$ 6,020.50
Broadcast Fees	91.75
Program Sales	209.90
Total Receipts	\$ 6,322.15
DISBURSEMENTS:	
Tournament Expenses:	
Services and Utilities	\$ 1,727.94
Trophies	571.70
Supplies	129.31
Total Expenses	\$ 2,428.95
Rebate to Schools:	
Lodging	\$ 1,032.00
Mileage	808.40
Receipts Apportioned	2,052.80
Total Rebate Paid to Participating Schools	\$ 3,893.20
Total Disbursements	\$ 6,322.15

BASEBALL TOURNAMENT

RECEIPTS:	
Gate Receipts	\$ 2,796.00
Broadcast Fees	63.94
Program Sales	62.16
Total Receipts	\$ 2,922.10
DISBURSEMENTS:	
Tournament Expenses:	
Services	\$ 319.00
Supplies	66.20
Rentals and Utilities	255.50
Trophies and Medals	310.54
Total Expenses	\$ 951.24
Rebate to Schools:	
Mileage	\$ 158.70
Balance Apportioned	1,812.16
Total Rebate Paid to Participating Schools	\$ 1,970.86
Total Disbursements	\$ 2,922.10

SPEECH AND THEATRE

BY JERRY ROLLINS POWELL

A very interesting letter from Carl Marder appears in this issue and you are invited to read it. Besides the fact that Carl's letter is intelligent and to the point, it is printable—which is something that cannot be said about one that I received. This one, from a teacher-turned-superintendent, began, "Dear Judas..." and then proceeded to detail some very explicit viewpoints. But at least this individual wrote and expressed local reaction to the one-act play restrictions on sets and scenery and I am delighted. Wish you could read it—it was very compelling.

As you are surely aware, the 1961-62 rules (not the 1960-61—the present rules) concerning one-act play have been "adjusted" and now forbid the use of scenery or sets which are not available at the contest site. That means, naturally, that directors may not build and transport sets to the contest but must utilize whatever facilities are offered by the host institution.

List Provided
The thing works this way: An announcement will appear in the September issue of the *Leagueur* (or in the *Constitution and Contest Rules*) in which will be detailed the sets, scenery, and lighting that will be available at the State Meet in Austin. Only that which appears on the list may be furnished by the host school both in district and at the regional contests. The list will be long enough and comprehensive enough to include all that is necessary for a contest. Contest directors should experience no difficulty for they are expected to furnish only the items on the list which they have in their auditoriums and stages. Included, certainly, will be a cyc set, tables and chairs, and related items.

Because of the questions that have been directed to this office by a few teachers, it would be a good idea to state once more, in italics, that the rule changes in one-act play and the speech events will not be in effect during the upcoming spring meet. The new rules become effective in 1962.

The final count of schools which have entered the one-act play event now totals 530. This number is some 32 or 33 more than last year and indicates a pretty good sized chunk of growth. Seventy-six are entered that were not entered last year. As is always the case, several schools failed to send in their entry card on time and unfortunately were turned down. Many teachers also wrote to ask if they were "in" and indicated that they had received no reply from us. In most of these cases they were officially entered in the event and we developed a sort of standard reply to the effect that if a *Basic List of Plays* was received by the school along with a cover letter which was headed, ONE ACT PLAY ENTRY NOTICE and followed by: "Please inform your administration of the receipt of this notice," all was fulfilled.

Contests Dates
And speaking of such things, I recently received some information about the popular Baylor Forensic Tournament. The date set is February 3 and 4 and if you wish more information about this rather large tournament write to Glenn R. Capp, tournament director, Baylor University, Waco. And while I have the time and space, the Trinity University Speech Festival needs to be mentioned. The dates for this one are March 3 and 4 and Mrs. Frances Swiny of the speech department there is in charge of particulars—write for information.

The time is barreling by and you are likely to be experiencing the somewhat empty feeling that sustains until contests are over for you either at district, regional, or at state. Selected your play? Extent speakers reading enough? Debaters have their card files fat and formidable? Declaimers declaiming their speeches? Orators written theirs? Poetry readers still trying to choose between Vachel Lindsay and Dylan Thomas?

Deadlines coming up, too: Organizing date for spring meet districts is February 2 and if you haven't had your planning meeting by this time, better hurry. Then, of course, don't forget that title deadline for one-act play comes up one month later on March 3. We will send title cards to you in February so that you may conveniently fill in the information and the card will serve also as a reminder. And then, good heavens!, district meets begin March 17.

TEA Topics
But the most current topic of

interest seems to be the new TEA proposals which appeared in a somewhat abbreviated form in last month's *Leagueur*. You should look over these course descriptions and then if you have any suggestions to make contact Miss Dorothy Davidson, consultant in secondary education, Division of Curriculum Development, Texas Education Agency. The complete tentative descriptions, by the way, can be obtained from your superintendent. I have little comment to give concerning this because it would seem advisable for you to make up your own mind. One remark I will make is that the whole project seems sensible and proper; Miss Davidson and the committee (composed of many fine people from all over the state and representing such organizations as TETA and TSA) did an excellent job.

Thanks to the many teachers who sent Christmas cards—they were much appreciated. I hope everyone had a pleasant holiday. I did. At my mother-in-law's. And no remarks, please.

Not too many of you have requested copies of the new rules concerning one-act play and the speech events; there are plenty of copies available and you should send for yours. Nothing to it: just send us a stamped, self-addressed envelope (legal size) and we'll do the rest.

More On Rules
On the subject of rule changes, by this time you should be aware of the changes which do go into effect for this year's contests. Obtain a copy of the *Constitution and Contest Rules* from your principal's office and read carefully the sections that apply to the event which you sponsor. Among the more obvious items: Under "Timekeeper and Signal Standards" note the manner in which time signals are to be given. Note also that similar signals will be used in all of the other speech events. On page 47, in the extemporaneous speaking rules section, note that the *minimum* time limit has been reinstated. It is five minutes. Also in the same section you may see that the contestant will keep the topic he has chosen and will not return the slip to the receptacle. Junior declamation time limit has been changed from five and one-half to six minutes.

One-act play rules remain pretty much the same but one point should be noted. The timekeeper should be behind the curtain and preferably near the curtain pull so that if for any reason time is used up, notification by the timekeeper can be made at once. No one should ever be disqualified for going overtime at a one-act play contest; if forty minutes are used up, pull the curtain. Simple.

One error appears in the rules and indicates that panel judges shall be used to judge all speech contests. This is, as Thomas P. Sud would say, a result of bad typing in the serial version, and should not be followed from the mandatory standpoint. *Either critic judges or panel judges may be used—it's up to you to choose.*

Mrs. Angus Springer brought up a very interesting point the other day at San Marcos. She wondered if the poetry reading contest—the new one—might have a weak spot in it and then went on to suggest that five poets are too few; that students will have a tendency to choose the same poems and the contests are likely to result in a maddening repetition of the same poem. It was suggested that perhaps some way could be worked out that would provide, say, ten poets (instead of the five) and the student could work on five of his choice. Then at contest he would indicate these choices to the director of the event who would allow the student to draw one of the five he has prepared.

Not a bad idea. We could even do it with a permanent list of some 30 or 40 poets; the student would simply select five to prepare and then at contest would draw one of the five to read.

If you note any other possible weaknesses (no one has assumed that the new contests are perfect) why not write and share them with others? Will you do that? Okay? Okay.

HIGH SCHOOL PRESS BY J. ROY MOSES, JR.

What a way to put a damper on a fellow's leftover Christmas spirit. Being faced with putting together a column—of sorts—the first day after Christmas holidays is only a little more preferable than being faced with the blindfold and cigarette bit before a dawn firing squad.

Deadline Past First of all, the January 15 ILPC membership deadline will be a thing of the past by the time you receive this issue of the Leaguer, and soon thereafter all members will receive a bulging envelope containing all sorts of goodies.

- 1. 1960-61 ILPC membership list. 2. List of schools eligible for spring meet journalism contests (those submitting acceptance cards). 3. Rules for Individual Achievement Awards Contest. 4. "Such Glorious Callings..."

Mimeo Workshop An interesting note arrived in the post-Christmas mail from Mrs. Bessie Mayes, CORRAL adviser, Franklin Junior High, Abilene, in which she told of a special junior high mimeo workshop sponsored there in early December by the Abilene Junior High Press Club.

Not only did the Abilene junior highs attend, said Mrs. Mayes, but several neighboring schools responded to the invitations. The thing was so successful, she said, that it continued until 2 p.m., although it was originally scheduled to be concluded at noon.

More activities of this type sponsored by individual schools, city press clubs or regional press associations could prove very beneficial—not only in solving common problems but in stimulating interest, too.

Outstanding Dailies Did you ever find yourself in the position of recommending to students that they make a study of two or three good newspapers, and then, after suggesting perhaps the New York Times, the Christian Science Monitor and the Interscholastic Leaguer, find yourself at a loss for other names? If so, read on.

In a poll conducted by Scholastic magazine, reported a recent issue of Linotype News, more than 335 editors in cities of more than 200,000 population were asked to pick the dozen best papers in the United States. Balloting was so close that 15 were named. They were:

- New York Times, Christian Science Monitor, Milwaukee Journal, St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Washington Post, Louisville Courier-Journal, Wall Street Journal, Atlanta Constitution, Chicago Tribune, Des Moines Register, Kansas City Star, Baltimore Sun, Miami Herald, Chicago Daily News, Los Angeles Times.

And where were all of our Texas dailies when this poll was made? Survey Revisited Back in October, some of you may recall, mention was made of a reader interest survey conducted by the AUSTIN PIONEER of Austin High, El Paso. The returns, a recent PIONEER story said, were not too good, but the results might provide some vague ideas of what the average reader likes or wants.

Preference-wise (how's that for a Madison Avenue word), the balloting went something like this: personality sketches 80%; features 62%; cartoons 40%; editorials 40%; sports 33%; and news 29%. Surprising?

Students were asked to check what they read most frequently, and it came out like this (in descending order): personality sketches, features, editorials, club news and columns (tied), sports and news stories (tied); and polls (could account for the poor response).

Students were also asked what they would like to see more of in the current year's issues of the paper; the results (again in descending

Plans Made for Determining Boys' and Girls' Cage Titles

Plans for determining state champions in interscholastic League boys' and girls' basketball for 1960-61 have been announced by Dr. Rhea Williams, athletic director.

In boys' basketball, 24 teams will be brought to the state tournament. Four teams each from conferences AAAA, AAA, AA and A, and eight teams from conference B.

In boys' competition, AAAA and AAA will play through regional eliminations to determine representatives to the state tourney. From the 32 district champions in conferences AA and A will come four regional champions in each conference to the State Tournament.

Conference B will have eight regions, and each regional tournament will certify a champion to the State Tournament.

March 2, 3 and 4 are the dates for the State Tournament for boys. The girls' tournament will be March 9, 10 and 11. Both will be in Gregory Gym, The University of Texas, Austin.

District championships must be decided two weeks earlier in each case, the boys' deadline date in all conferences being February 18, and the girls' February 25. Regional champions for the boys must be decided by February 25, and for the girls, March 4.

For the 1960-61 school year, each region in conference AAA and AAAA boys' basketball has a regional chairman appointed to serve, with the district winning schools, in determining which method will be used in selecting a regional champion.

The regional committee may elect to play a tournament at a site and time determined by the regional committee, or they may elect a regional playoff series. The regional playoff series must be paired and played under the following schedule.

- Conference AAAA Region I—districts 1-4, Minton White, principal, San Angelo. Region II—districts 5-8, Walter J. E. Schiebel, principal, Crozier Technical, Dallas.

Conference AAA Region I—districts 1-4, Omer Douglas, superintendent, Brownfield. Region II—districts 5-8, Thomas Justiss, superintendent, Paris.

The following schedule for selecting regional champions in conferences B, A, and AA, for both boys and girls, has been authorized by the State Executive Committee for the 1960-61 season: There will be a one-game playoff for the boys on February 20 or 21 to determine which teams will qualify for the regional tournament to be held the following Saturday, February 25.



WINNING DEBATERS—Betty Lois Gaines and Robert Allen Moore made up Rankin High School's conference B state championship debate team at last year's State Meet.

following Saturday, February 25. For the girls there will be a one-game playoff on February 27 or 28, to determine which teams will qualify for the regional tournament to be held the following Saturday, March 4.

As an illustration, in Region I, conference B boys' basketball, the winner of district 1 will play the winner of district 2, 3 vs. 4, 5 vs. 6, 7 vs. 8, etc., with the respective winners going to the regional tournament. This same pattern is followed in each region in each conference for both boys and girls.

As an illustration, in Region I, conference B boys' basketball, the winner of district 1 will play the winner of district 2, 3 vs. 4, 5 vs. 6, 7 vs. 8, etc., with the respective winners going to the regional tournament. This same pattern is followed in each region in each conference for both boys and girls.

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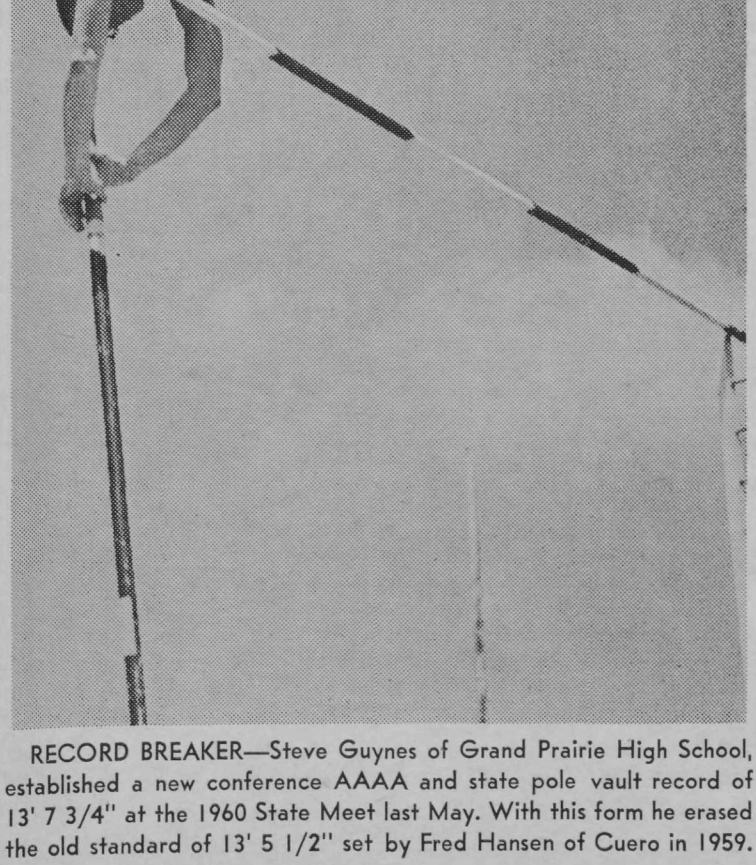
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RECORD BREAKER—Steve Guynes of Grand Prairie High School, established a new conference AAAA and state pole vault record of 13' 7 3/4" at the 1960 State Meet last May.

MUSIC MATTERS BY F. W. SAVAGE

Every music director in the public schools of Texas which are affiliated with the Interscholastic League should have received a package of material from the State Office. This package contains a number of items, all of which are important in the administration of the spring contests.

Don't expect miracles after your requisition is filed, however. Secretarial assistance is limited and the influx of a thousand or so orders each requesting up to 150 entry-evaluation blanks places a severe strain on our capacities.

Nominate Judges Another item of importance in the package of information is the request that each music teacher nominate judges to be selected for the upcoming experimental state final solo contest.

Once personal friendship, social ambition or any factor other than judicial ability creeps into the selection of judges, the objectives of the activity are doomed. Please be cognizant of these facts when you are nominating judges for the final solo contest.

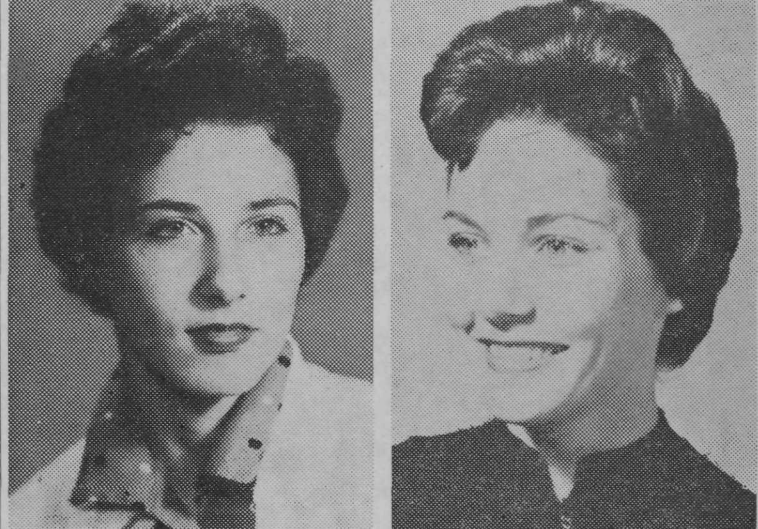
Also included in the package of information is a sheet outlining some of the details concerning the state final solo contest. Although most of the details are tentative, dates have been established and are final. The contest is to be conducted at The University of Texas on Thursday and Friday, June 8 and 9.

University officials who were charged with the responsibility of establishing these dates were faced with many problems. First of all, the Legislative Council of the League specified that its endorsement of the idea of the experimental contest would be valid only if the activity was scheduled on time other than regular school hours.

The University of Texas also has some problems of scheduling insofar as buildings and staff are concerned and these factors were considered in setting the dates as they are. Dormitory and cafeteria space would not be available if the contest was set either too early or too late in the summer.

Officials were also cognizant that an early summer date would probably conflict with the multitude of local music schools and clinics which are held during the first weeks of the summer. This conflict would be minimized by the ability of the individual student, in some instances, to come to Austin, play his solo and return to his clinic within a 24 hour period.

The relation of the Interscholastic League to the experimental solo contest is most peculiar in the history of the League. Both the Legislative Council and the State Executive Committee authorized officials of the League to "cooperate" with the University in setting up this contest. At the same time,

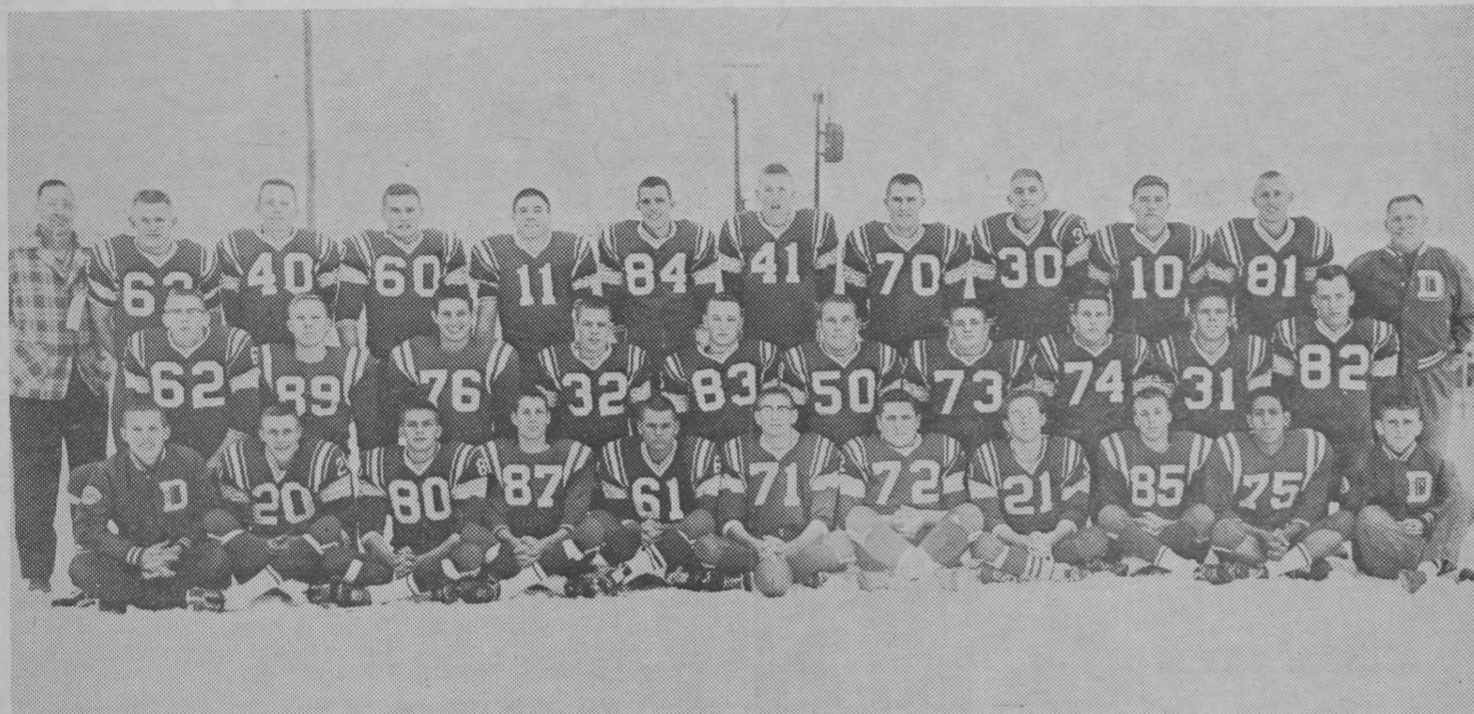


TYPING WINNERS—Martha Neterville, left, French High, Beaumont, was the 1960 conference AAA state champion in typewriting and Anne Bartlett, Fort Stockton, won the AA typewriting title at last May's State Meet.



CONFERENCE A CHAMPIONS—Members of the Albany High School squad, left to right, are: FRONT ROW—Bill Morrell, Gene Gray, Kenneth Baker, Byron Maxwell, G. E. Gore, Paul Mac Woodfin, T. G. Willie, Robert Cauble, Raymond Taylor, Earl Jones; SECOND ROW—Horace Ray Freeman, Johnnie Ray Woodward, Ronnie Jones, Dennis Tucker, Bud Leech, Jackie Mitchell, Bear McCain, Pete Atwell,

Corby Larance, Roy Hogan; THIRD ROW—Head Coach Carl Speenmore, Darrell Scott, Don Mitchell, Sherman Thompson, Johnny Agan, Bill Stapp, Ronnie Badley, Mike Coulter, Rocky Hill, Coach Luther Thomas; BACK ROW—Jack Lynch, Gary Don Hise, Billy Priest, Martin Vann, Coach Elvin Hill, Jim Wood, Ronnie Harrison, Wayne Balliew, Willard Boyett. Not pictured: Jonnie Spurgin and Larry Shelton.



CONFERENCE AA CHAMPIONS—The championship Mustang squad of Denver City High School included, left to right: FRONT ROW—Manager Jimmy Townsend, Pat Hubbard, Jerry Grant, Craig Fox, Larry Rawls, James Childers, David Bruton, Don Kinder, Kim Freeman, Joe Esparza, Manager Eugene Wallace; SECOND ROW—Victor Spivey, Thurman Williamson, Justin Dewbre, Jimmy Mobley, Scott

Moorhead, Wesley Sewell, Alton Sossaman, Dale Bradley, Tommy Jones, Charles Phipps; BACK ROW—Coach Buford Emler, Marcel Dorethy, Johnny Fulbright, Jerry Cox, Bert Gravitt, Troy Martin, George Curtis, Bill Gravitt, Mike Hubbard, Gilbert Coats, Bucky Johnson, Head Coach Don Orr.



CONFERENCE AAA CHAMPIONS—Members of the Brownwood High School championship squad are, left to right, FRONT ROW—James Bunnell, David Smith, Denny Smith, Bobby Staudt, Donnie Gersbach, Terry Dummer, Ronnie Roberts, Gerald Pitts, Jimmy Herman, A. D. Carnes, John Cadenhead, Tommy Womack, Doug Young; SECOND ROW—James Crow, Terry Southall, Grayson Wetzel, Jim

Thompson, Mike Greer, Dale Wheels, Ronnie Moore, Lawrence Elkins, Roy Bailey, Ben Elledge, Max Emfinger, Ronnie Davis, Eddie Daniel, Ray Bledsoe; BACK ROW—Dale Middleton, Dan Kelly, Mickey Hawkins, Ronnie Middleton, Ralph Willingham, Don Howard, John Gilger, John Sweet, Thomas Herndon, Dan Gary, Larry Mallow, Eddie Freeland, Ronnie Jones, Carlos Robles.



CONFERENCE AAAA CHAMPIONS—Members of the Roy Miller Buccaneer squad, left to right, are: FRONT ROW—Louis Rodriguez, Phillip Gonzalez, Ramon Gonzalez, Bobby Muniz, Bill Walker, Don Gardner, Dan Harrison, Diego Martinez, Johnny Jones, Mauro Gonzalez, Leonard Lytle; SECOND ROW—Lonnie Taylor, Marvin Kennedy, Tommy Martin, James Johnson, Jerry Wheatley, Gabriel Rivera, Ray Donaldson, Herbie Williams, John Erickson, Robert Hinson; THIRD ROW—Richard Perales, Robert Robinson, Ray Tamez, Willie Adams,

Buddy Neubauer, Victor Gonzalez, Edmund Garza, Arturo Delgado, Stephany Loth, Albert Villarreal; FOURTH ROW—Johnny Roland, Larry McLaughlin, Johnny McDonald, David Falcon, Ramsey Muniz, Lynn Kelley, Allen Lee, John Ruthinger, Morris Wilson; TOP ROW—Manager Larry McMillan, Coach Gilbert Herrera, Coach Dusty Simmons, Manager Buck Jones, Head Coach Pete Ragus, Coach Bill Hooper, Manager Bob Hawkins.

Brownwood, Denver City, Ray Albany Win Football Titles

When the smoke cleared away after the close of the 1960 state football title battles last month not a single champion from last year was in the winners' circle, although in one conference—AAAA—the crown merely moved across town from Corpus Christi Ray to Miller High.

In the AAA division darkhorse Brownwood won the honors, with Denver City taking the title in conference AA and Albany in conference A. The complete season summary, by conferences:

Conference AAAA
District winners: Ysleta, Permian (Odessa), Borger, Wichita Falls, Paschal (Fort Worth), Samuell (Dallas), Garland, Lufkin, Milby (Houston), Bellaire (Houston), Thomas Jefferson (Port Arthur), Galena Park, Waco, Miller (Corpus Christi), Thomas Jefferson (San Antonio), Burbank (San Antonio).
Bi-district winners: Ysleta 31, Permian 21; Wichita Falls 28, Borger 8; Paschal 13, Samuell 12; Lufkin 7, Garland 6; Bellaire 18, Milby 7; Thomas Jefferson 14, Galena Park 7; Miller 27, Waco 7; Thomas Jefferson 38, Burbank 0.
Quarter-final winners: Wichita Falls 51, Ysleta 0; Paschal 28, Lufkin 0; Port Arthur 27, Thomas Jefferson 15; Miller 26, Thomas Jefferson 6.
Semi-final games: Wichita Falls 18, Paschal 0; Miller 6, Thomas Jefferson 0.
Finals: Miller over Wichita Falls, 13-6.

Conference AAA
District winners: Levelland, Monahans, Snyder, Brownwood, Carrollton, Greenville, Jacksonville, Corsicana, Cleburne, Huntsville, Bay City, La Marque, Seguin, Calhoun (Port Lavaca), Pharr-San Juan-Alamo (Pharr).
Bi-district winners: Monahans 32, Levelland 14; Brownwood 29, Snyder 20; Greenville 33, Carrollton 6; Jacksonville 7, Corsicana 7 (Jacksonville won on penetrations 2-1); Cleburne 26, Huntsville 7; La Marque 22, Bay City 8; Calhoun 22, Pharr-San Juan-Alamo 8.
Quarter-final winners: Brownwood 37, Monahans 16; Jacksonville 13, Greenville 6; Cleburne 6, La Marque 6 (Cleburne won on penetrations 3-1); Calhoun 49, Seguin 14.
Semi-final games: Brownwood 12, Jacksonville 6; Calhoun 20, Cleburne 0.
Finals: Brownwood over Calhoun, 26-6.

Conference AA
District winners: Dimmitt, Olton, Denver City, Crane, Perryton, Anson, Coleman, Dublin, Olney, Azle, Lancaster, Commerce, Hooks, Daingerfield, Terrell, Gilmer, Gatesville, Brady, A&M Consolidated (College Station), Taylor, Bellville, Crockett, Liberty, Kountze, West Columbia, Sweeny, Hallettsville, Kennedy, Devine, Freer, Sinton, Donna.
Bi-district winners: Olton 15, Dimmitt 12; Denver City 27, Crane 0; Anson 7, Perryton 0; Coleman 16, Dublin 0; Olney 31, Azle 13; Lancaster 28, Commerce 22; Daingerfield 14, Hooks 14 (Daingerfield won on penetrations 4-2); Gilmer 34, Terrell 6; Gatesville 16, Brady 14; Taylor 32, A&M Consolidated 14; Bellville 39, Crockett 8; Liberty 54, Kountze 8; Sweeny 8, West Columbia 0; Hallettsville 16, Kennedy 13; Devine 43, Freer 13; Sinton 12, Donna 0.

Conference A
District winners: Stinnett, Lefors, Farwell, Idalou, Plains, Merkel, Wink, Sonora, Copperas Cove, Albany, Crowell, Keller, Honey Grove, Forney, Mt. Vernon, Hawkins, Wills Point, White Oak, Shelbyville, Alto, Mart, Clifton, Thrall, Weimar, Sour Lake, Crosby, Waller, Industrial (Vanderbilt), Boerne, George West, Ingleside, Rio Hondo.
Bi-district winners: Stinnett 42, Lefors 0; Farwell 14, Idalou 12; Plains 8, Merkel 7; Wink 13, Sonora 12; Albany 27, Copperas Cove 0; Crowell 42, Keller 0; Honey Grove (Forfeit); Mt. Vernon 38, Hawkins

Conference B
District winners: Groom, Lazbuddie, Anton, New Deal, Clint, Hermleigh, Baird, Eden, Matador, Rochester, Newcastle, Era, Anna, Wolfe City, Everman, Ferris, Carlisle (Price), East Mountain (Gilmer), Tenaha, Mabank, Dawson, Valley Mills, Crawford, Chilton, Somerville, Garwood, Orchard, Iola, Magnolia, Colmesneil, Hamshire, Lometa, Pflugerville, Medina Valley (Castroville), Charlotte, Nixon, Agua Dulce, Riviera, Sharyland (Mission).
Bi-district winners: Groom 34, Lazbuddie 12; Anton 38, New Deal 12; Hermleigh 58, Clint 0; Baird 30, Eden 25; Matador 25, Rochester 14; Newcastle 26, Era 0; Wolfe City 18, Anna 14; Everman 8, Ferris 8 (Everman won on penetrations 2-1); Carlisle bye; East Mountain 27, Tenaha 6; Dawson 32, Mabank 14; Crawford 20, Valley Mills 14; Somerville 6, Chilton 0; Orchard 14, Garwood 8; Magnolia 48, Iola 6; Colmesneil 22, Hamshire 13; Pflugerville 20, Lometa 0; Charlotte 21, Medina Valley 6; Agua Dulce 13, Nixon 0; Sharyland 32, Riviera 0.

Conference B (continued)
Regional winners: Region I: Anton over Groom 34-6; Region II: Hermleigh over Baird 40-22; Region III: Matador over Newcastle 36-8; Region IV: Wolfe City over Everman 12-0; Region V: Carlisle over East Mountain 10-8; Region VI: Dawson over Crawford 16-14; Region VII: Orchard over Somerville 40-0; Region VIII: Magnolia over Colmesneil 30-16; Region IX: Pflugerville over Charlotte 26-8; Region X: Agua Dulce over Sharyland 31-14.

Six-Man Conference
District winners: Cotton Center, Weinert, Sierra Blanca, Balmorhea, Flower Grove (Ackerly), Blackwell, Wall, Mozelle (Fisk), Gustine, Oglesby, Iredell, Luaders, Blue Ridge, Thornton, D'Hanis, Harper.
Bi-district winners: Cotton Center, by; Weinert, by; Balmorhea 44, Sierra Blanca 14; Flower Grove 82, Blackwell 48; Wall 46, Mozelle 18; Oglesby 48, Gustine 25; Luaders 64, Iredell 22; Blue Ridge, by; Thornton, by; D'Hanis 46, Harper 25.
Regional winners: Region I: Weinert over Cotton Center 54-13; Region II: Flower Grove over Balmorhea 31-20; Region III: Wall over Oglesby 54-30; Region IV: Luaders over Blue Ridge 55-20; Region V: D'Hanis over Thornton 90-44.

Eight-Man Conference
District winners: Borden County (Gail), Miami, Jayton, Sterling City, Harrold, Woodson, Allen, High Island.
Bi-district winners: Miami 19, Borden County 6; Jayton 20, Sterling City 6; Woodson 26, Harrold 14; Allen 34, High Island 26.
Regional winners: Region I: Jayton over Miami 28-0; Region II: Allen over Woodson 22-20.

The Southwest Conference on October 26, 1960, requested that the State Executive Committee of the University Interscholastic League rule on whether or not their proposed pre-enrollment applications, which the other members of the Southwest Conference schools have agreed to abide by, would be in violation of Article VIII, Section 8, the Amateur Rule of the League. This pre-enrollment application is an application whereby a high school athlete files his application to enroll in a specified institution of higher learning.

After a student has filed his application to enroll in a particular institution, the other Southwest Conference schools mutually agree to respect his decision to enroll in this particular institution of higher learning, and will not contact him relative to enrollment in their respective institutions of higher learning. This pre-enrollment application involves no financial remuneration whatsoever, as it is only an application to enroll in an institution of higher learning.

No Contract
The pre-enrollment application is not a contract for any remuneration but is merely a procedure which the Southwest Conference has promulgated to allow a boy to state his preference by making application to a school for entrance with the other members agreeing among themselves not to interfere with the boy after this choice has been made.

Committee Rules
On November 14, the State Executive Committee of the League made the following interpretation, "That the pre-enrollment application presented to the State Executive Committee by the Southwest Conference committee on October 26, 1960, shall not be construed as a violation of the Amateur Rule."

Recruiting Problem
In the opinion of this writer, the matter of recruiting will never be solved to the satisfaction of the high school people who believe very strongly in the amateur philosophy of athletics until the institutions of higher learning operate on the same basic philosophy. As long as it is necessary to operate an athletic program in an institution of higher learning solely out of gate receipts, then the pressure will always be there for a college to recruit the most desirable prospective athletes from the high schools.

Reduce Visits
The Southwest Conference has a rule that no high school athlete shall be signed to a "statement of financial aid" until he has completed his high school eligibility. This is the instrument which guarantees the athlete valuable consideration in the form of room, board, tuition and incidentals. The Southwest Conference rules also provide that no paid visits by an institution of higher learning to a college will be permitted until the student's high school eligibility is finished. The Conference has adopted legislation to reduce visits by coaches to the athlete and visits by the athlete to the college.

The League now has a rule to the effect that any athlete who receives transportation, room or meals while visiting an institution for the purpose of securing an athletic scholarship is ineligible under Article VIII, Section 8, the Amateur Rule, if this rule is proven before the proper committee. There has been no change in this interpretation. It should be noted that Article VIII, Section 8, the Amateur Rule of the League, is interpreted exactly as previously



ATHLETIC TRAINING AND CONDITIONING by O. William Dayton; The Ronald Press Company, 1960; \$6.00.

One of the most practical handbooks for trainers, coaches and physical education teachers who need a ready reference book is Dayton's "Athletic Training and Conditioning." The wordage is such that it is understandable to the average trainer and coach as it is not couched in medical terminology which is unfamiliar to most people working in the everyday athletic programs. The coverage is very comprehensive, ranging from proper diets and physical conditioning to common problems in training, types of athletic injuries and physical therapy. Each separate body area is discussed thoroughly in regard to injuries, and there are sound suggestions listed for the treatment of each specific injury.

Questions...

(Continued from Page 3, Col. 2)

Awards Rule places the school in violation of the Awards Rule. These awards may not be presented at school-sponsored functions, as then the school is indirectly assisting in evading the Awards Rule.

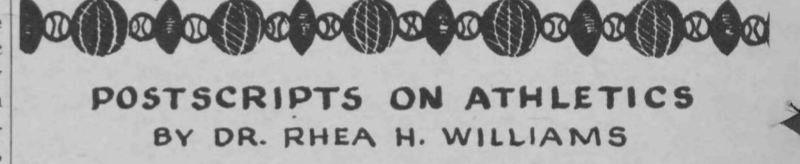
It is suggested that in all cases where outside organizations desire to present trophies or plaques these be given to the school, with the boy's name engraved on the trophy, and then placed permanently in the school trophy case. Possession must remain with the school. The school cannot hold the trophy until the boy is graduated and then present it to the boy without violating the Awards Rule.

Experience has shown that it is much better to have the trophy presented to the school, with the boy's name on it, so that it can be seen for years. If the trophy is given to the boy, often it soon rests in the attic and gathers dust.

Most organizations will readily agree to presenting outstanding awards in this way. This presentation does not violate the Awards Rule and, at the same time, gives the boy educational recognition for his ability.

Q. May a boy accept a \$15.00 award from the school for lettering in football and then receive a trophy from an outside organization for being the best blocker, sportsman, etc.?

A. In my opinion, under the Award Rule, Article XIII, Section 5, it is a violation for a boy to receive any amount in excess of \$15.00 for lettering in football. Football is not a tournament activity, and therefore, is not in the same category as basketball tournaments. A boy, by accepting any amount over \$15.00, violates the award rule and forfeits his eligibility. Any school or school official who assists directly or indirectly in the violation of the award rule places the school in violation of the award rule. These awards may not be presented at school-sponsored functions, as then the school is indirectly assisting in evading the award rule.



POSTSCRIPTS ON ATHLETICS
BY DR. RHEA H. WILLIAMS