



## 2021-2022

<b>ESC 4 6A Congress Legislation</b>		
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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. School authorship is designated.



## *6A Legislation*

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Finals 8	A Bill to Increase Homeless Shelters to Rehabilitate the Homeless



## Prelims 1. A Bill to Halt Civil Penalties on the Right to Privacy

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** States, Districts, Territories, and Protectorates of the United States of  
3 America may not enforce civil laws or collect civil fines for state or local  
4 laws abrogating the right to privacy. This includes, but is not limited to,  
5 medical care and records, bodily autonomy, sexual orientation and  
6 identity, and rights to personal papers and effects.

7 **SECTION 2.** Civil laws are defined as laws that involve damages to property or  
8 persons. Civil fines are defined as fines meant to enforce laws protecting  
9 property or persons. The right to privacy is defined as the right  
10 established by case law and the fourth amendment protecting citizens  
11 from undue interference from Government agents.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will have jurisdiction to enforce this law.  
13 Agents of various States, Districts, Territories, and Protectorates of the  
14 United States of America not complying may be jailed up to 6 months per  
15 violation.

16 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall be effective January 1, 2023.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by the Congressional Clerk.*



## Prelims 2. A Bill to Reform Banking to Eliminate Conflicts of Interests

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2

3 **SECTION 1.** The United States dissolve any financial institution that engages in  
4 both commercial and investment banking into two separate entities.

5 **SECTION 2.** Financial institutions shall be defined as institutions that provide  
6 financial services to clients or act as intermediaries for clients  
7 entering the market.

8 A. Businesses will be forced to separate their investment  
9 banking divisions from their commercial banking activities.

10 B. Companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange will be allowed a  
11 stock split in order to replenish capital for their commercial or  
12 investment banking activity.

13 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) and the Securities Exchange  
14 Commission (SEC) shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.

15 A. The SEC will oversee the implementation of section 2A.

16 B. The FTC will ensure that the liquidation of investments from  
17 the investment banking division is returned to clients.

18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect fiscal year 2022.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by William P. Clements High School.*



## Prelims 3. A Bill to Amend Congressional Redistricting

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** For the purpose of Senators and House members, both nationally and at the  
3 state level, the district lines should be drawn by an independent, non-partisan  
4 commission that bases their decisions on population and geography rather than  
5 partisan gerrymandering.

6 **SECTION 2.** Partisan Gerrymandering shall be defined as district lines that manipulate the  
7 boundaries of an electoral constituency to favor one party.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice shall work with each state's chosen independent  
9 commission to oversee that every district contains votes that are proportional  
10 and fair.

11 A. Each state that has two or more representative shall be required to  
12 establish an independent, non-partisan commission to determine  
13 congressional district boundaries.

14 B. Any state that does not maintain compliance shall be prohibited from  
15 having voting members in the United States House of Representative or  
16 United States Senate until compliance is met. Members of these delegations  
17 may continue to maintain their other duties of office but may not vote on  
18 any matter until compliance is met.

19 C. Each state's independent commission shall be made up of independent,  
20 non-partisan, redistricting experts.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2022.

22 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Elkins High School.*



## **Prelims 4. A Bill to Hold Rioters Criminally Responsible for Personal Injuries and Property Destruction**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States federal government shall criminally prosecute any person(s)  
3 participating in riots that result in bodily injury to another or in the destruction  
4 of the property of another.

5 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation, a “riot” is defined as a violent disturbance of  
6 the peace by a crowd.

7 “Bodily Injury” refers to physical damage caused to a person's body, including,  
8 but not limited to cuts, abrasions, bruises, burns, lacerations, or disfigurement.

9 “Destruction of Property” is physical harm caused to the belongings of another in  
10 such a way as to impair the belongings’ value, usefulness, or normal function(s).

11 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Homeland Security will be responsible for the  
12 implementation and oversight of this legislation.

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect at the start of Fiscal Year 2022.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by the Congressional Clerk.*



## **Prelims 5. A Bill to Require the Timely Processing of Sexual Assault Kits**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All law enforcement agencies in the United States and its territories will  
3 be required to submit forensic evidence gathered in sexual assault cases  
4 for processing in a timely manner.

5 A. All forensic evidence must be submitted for laboratory processing  
6 within 90 days of acquisition.

7 B. Processing must be completed with 6 months of submission.

8 **SECTION 2.** Sexual assault kits, also known as rape kits, contain forensic evidence,  
9 including DNA, gathered after an alleged rape.

10 **SECTION 3.** All DNA evidence from rape kit testing will be submitted to a national  
11 DNA database repository for use by law enforcement nationwide.

12 **SECTION 4.** The U.S. Department of Justice will oversee the implementation and  
13 enforcement of this bill.

14 A. States will have two years to clear backlogged cases.

15 B. States who fail to comply with these mandates will risk the loss of all  
16 federal law enforcement funding.

17 C. Congress will appropriate \$500 million in grants over the next 2 years  
18 to assist states in complying with these mandates.

19 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect January 1, 2023.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by James E. Taylor High School.*

*We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and has permission to be presented.*



## **Prelims 6. A Bill to Relieve the Student Loan Crisis to Promote Opportunities**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The COVID-19 Pandemic has negatively impacted the financial stability of  
3 numerous individuals. Student loan payments have been a prominent  
4 financial burden. Even before the pandemic, student loans posed as a  
5 challenge to the country. All private and public student loans will be  
6 forgiven, and most corporate tax cuts will be abolished in favor of higher  
7 company tax rates to fund the bill.

8 **SECTION 2.** A. "Private Loans" refer to student loans owed to third-party private  
9 companies.

10 B. "Public Loans" refer to student loans owed to the government.

11 C. "Tax Cuts" refer to the overall reduction in company tax rates.

12 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Education will oversee the enforcement of this  
13 bill. The Internal Revenue Service will be responsible for raising funding  
14 for this bill.

15 A. The Department of Education will manage Public Loans. The  
16 Department would buyout Private Loans held by companies.

17 B. The IRS will raise \$2 trillion in the span of 10 years from companies.

18 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2023.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Alief Kerr High School.*





## **Prelims 7. A Bill to Improve the U.S. Immigration System by Creating Specialized Divisions Within the Department of Homeland Security (ICARUS INITIATIVE)**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The proposed bill tackles reforming the U.S Immigration System to improve the life of immigrant  
3 children VIA the abolition of ICE.

4 **SECTION 2.** In this section, we will define ambiguous terms and phrases that involve the bill:  
5 ICE- The U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement is a federal law enforcement agency under  
6 the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. ICE's stated mission is to protect the United States  
7 from the cross-border crime and illegal immigration that threaten national security and public  
8 safety. (Immigration and Customs Enforcement)

9 **SECTION 3.** The proposed bill will abolish ICE and create the following divisions in Homeland Security: Border Division of  
10 Immigration, Border Division of Child Protection, Border Division of Assimilation, Border Division of Relocation,  
11 Border Division of Unemployment, Border Division of Security.

12 Subsection A (Address to Corruption) Along with the basic protections of the whistleblower protection act, as  
13 ICARUS will function under the Department of Homeland security, the initiative will also have several other  
14 policies to cut down on corruption. Officials in each division will be elected by Congress, with a term limit of  
15 six years and no chance for re-assignment. Furthermore, the states will be able to launch investigations into  
16 any of the divisions at any time.

17 Subsection B (Address to State official intervention) Should this bill pass, it will henceforth be ILLEGAL for state  
18 officials to tamper with the investigations and arrests made by any of the Divisions. This is simply so that the  
19 agents can do their jobs without having to struggle against a corrupt governor or mayor who may tip off a  
20 suspect of any of the Border Divisions (It can also be attributed to the fact that ICARUS falls under a federal  
21 department, and state officials may not be fully informed about the nature of arrests they will make).

22 **SECTION 4.** Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement of the proposed bill.

23 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. This bill shall go into  
24 effect on January 31, 2022.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Klein Cain High School..*

*We certify that the legislation submitted by this school for this Congress is the original work of the students of our school and has permission to be presented.*



## **Prelims 8. A Resolution to Establish a Green Energy Trade Deal with China to Implement Within Biden’s Infrastructure Plan**

1 **WHEREAS,** The U.S. is lagging behind its constituent nations in renewable energy;

2 and

3 **WHEREAS,** Under Biden’s New Infrastructure Plan, America plans to expand its

4 renewable energy use to fight the impacts of climate change; and

5 **WHEREAS,** China has one of the biggest renewable energy reservoirs in the world;

6 and

7 **WHEREAS,** Upon the beginning of Biden’s presidency, China expressed interest in

8 renegotiating trade with the United States; and

9 **WHEREAS,** China would be an ideal trade partner for green energy due to China’s

10 own interest in and development of expanding renewable energy

11 resources in their own nation; now, therefore, be it

12 **RESOLVED,** By UIL Congress here assembled that the United States assign the

13 International Trade Administration and the Western Area Power

14 Administration to establish a trade deal of green energy with China; and,

15 be it

16 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That the U.S. utilize acquired renewable energy

1

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Memorial High School.*

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## Prelims 9. A Bill to Strengthen U.S. Chinese Relations Through Climate Initiatives

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The U.S. federal government shall hereby expand Chinese relations by pushing  
3 for climate initiatives.

4 A. Removing subsidies from the fossil fuel industry and use them for a green  
5 economy.

6 B. Increase cooperation with China to develop green energy companies.

7 C. Apply tariffs on China if they exceed certain amount of emissions.

8 **SECTION 2.** Climate initiatives shall be defined as an act or strategy intended to curb  
9 damages to the environment.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Department of Energy (DOE) and  
11 the United States International Trade Commission (USITC) will handle the  
12 implementation and enforcement of this bill.

13 A. The USITC will be in charge of implementing a 10% increase (on top of  
14 already existing tariffs) on tariffs on Chinese exports if they don't reduce  
15 their carbon emissions to 10 million metric tons (MMT) by 2024.

16 B. Any revenue made from this bill will be given to the EPA to produce and  
17 expand green energy companies.

18 C. The EPA and DOE will work together to apply subsidies to renewable energy  
19 sectors of our economy and develop green energy companies.

20 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into place effective immediately.

21 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Spring Woods High School.*



## **Finals 1. A Resolution to Formally Establish Diplomatic Relations with the Government of Afghanistan Currently Administrated by the Taliban to Promote Stability in Central Asia**

1 **WHEREAS,** the United States of America, by removing forces from the nation of  
2 Afghanistan and failing to support the democratic government that  
3 formerly held sovereignty has caused the nation of Afghanistan to fall  
4 into the hands of Taliban forces; and

5 **WHEREAS,** President Biden has already been negotiating with the Taliban on such  
6 issues as troop removal and airport access for Americans fleeing  
7 Afghanistan; and

8 **WHEREAS,** Without the presence of coalition forces in Afghanistan the United States  
9 of America has lost a strategic foothold against China and against terror  
10 training in the region; and

11 **WHEREAS,** The Taliban are well-known supporters of both state and independent  
12 terrorist organizations; and

13 **WHEREAS,** The United States of America has an interest in preventing terrorism  
14 worldwide and keeping good relations with various governments helps to  
15 keep the risk of terror low; therefore, now, be it

16 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled supports establishing formal  
17 diplomatic relations with the Taliban government of Afghanistan.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by the Congressional Clerk.*



## Finals 2. A Bill to Abolish Gifted and Talented Programs to End Education Inequality

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Gifted and Talented programs throughout public schools are to cease  
3 operation.

4 **SECTION 2.** The following definitions are provided:

5 A. "GT programs" is defined as gifted and talented entry programs  
6 offered between K-8 grades that require an entry test for admission.

7 B. A "gifted student" is defined as any student classified as GT via testing,  
8 merit decided by schools in elementary education, or evaluation  
9 determined by teachers and/or administrators.

10 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Education will work with local school districts to  
11 oversee the implementation of this bill.

12 A. Schools will no longer test and/or seek out students to classify as GT.

13 B. Any students currently in GT programs will be transferred back to a  
14 standard education with their non-GT peers.

15 C. Mental health services will be provided for GT students upon  
16 transferring to assist in the adjustment.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect fiscal year 2022.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by William P. Clements High School.*

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has permission to be presented.*



## Finals 3. A Bill to Provide a Universal Basic Income

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States federal government will provide a Universal Basic  
3 Income of one thousand dollars (\$1000.00) per month to every adult who  
4 is a legal resident of the United States.

5 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation, Universal Basic Income (UBI) is  
6 defined as a government program in which eligible individuals receive a  
7 set amount of money on a regular basis to alleviate poverty and stimulate  
8 the economy.

9 **SECTION 3.** The United States Treasury Department, together with the Internal  
10 Revenue Service (IRS), will oversee implementation of this legislation and  
11 will distribute UBI funds monthly to all U.S. citizens and legally admitted  
12 immigrants over the age of eighteen.

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the start of Fiscal Year 2022.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by the Congressional Clerk.*



## **Finals 4. A Bill to End Forced Labor in Solar Energy Production**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The U.S. will ban the import of all solar panels and components  
3 manufactured in the Xinjiang region of China.

4 A. All third-party imports of solar panels and/or components must  
5 demonstrate that products are produced from a clean supply chain,  
6 certified as slave labor free.

7 B. This ban will be repealed on the condition that China allows  
8 independent, regular and unannounced inspections of its Xinjiang  
9 manufacturing facilities to ensure they are in compliance with  
10 international standards prohibiting the use of forced labor.

11 **SECTION 2.** Congress will allocate \$300 million for the purpose of

12 A. Loan guarantees and tax incentives to encourage domestic research  
13 and manufacturing of solar panels and components.

14 B. Investment tax credits of 30% for residential and commercial  
15 installation of solar technology.

16 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Commerce will oversee the implementation and  
17 enforcement of this bill.

18 **SECTION 4.** This law will take effect within 6 months of passage.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by James E. Taylor High School.*



## **Finals 5. A Resolution to Withdraw from the 1953 Mutual Defense Treaty to Denuclearize North Korea**

- 1 **WHEREAS,** The United States has attempted to negotiate the denuclearize of North  
2 Korea for two decades with no results; and
- 3 **WHEREAS,** The U.S.'s 1953 Mutual Defense Treaty has kept greater U.S. presence in  
4 the Korean Peninsula thus incentivized greater nuclear development  
5 efforts in North Korea; and
- 6 **WHEREAS,** The United States currently has over 20,000 troops stationed within  
7 South Korea under our alliance; and
- 8 **WHEREAS,** North Korea has expressed their denuclearization as an option, only if the  
9 U.S. withdraws from the Korean Peninsula; and
- 10 **WHEREAS,** North Korean denuclearization and US troop withdrawal would leave  
11 neither side vulnerable; and
- 12 **WHEREAS,** The Denuclearization of North Korea would significantly strengthen U.S.  
13 national security efforts; now, therefore, be it
- 14 **RESOLVED,** That the UIL Congress here assembled make the recommendation that  
15 the United States withdraw from the 1953 Mutual Defense Treaty in the  
16 following year; and, be it
- 17 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** The United States withdraws all troops stationed in South Korea  
18 over a four year period.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Alief Kerr High School.*





## **Finals 6. A Bill to Reform the Patriot Act**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Restrict the National Security Agency's (NSA) ability to spy on United  
3 States citizens without a warrant. Restrict the NSA to only collect  
4 intelligence when absolutely needed, when people are suspected of  
5 doing illegal stuff on the internet, for the safety of others, and permission  
6 from the government with a warrant.

7 **SECTION 2.** NSA- National Security Agency, they collect intelligence from foreign and  
8 homeland people without the need of a warrant, which ignores all  
9 privacy of Americans. They are supposed to be responsible for global  
10 monitoring, collection, and processing of information  
11 Patriot Act- is an act that indirectly gives the NSA permission or power to  
12 spy on Americans through our electronics without a warrant, which we  
13 use in everyday life.

14 Warrant-a document issued by a legal or government official authorizing  
15 the police or some other body to make an arrest, search premises, or  
16 carry out some other action relating to the administration of justice. The  
17 Patriot Act allows the invasion of privacy for the NSA and ignores the  
18 requirements of a warrant.

19 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense is the agency that will oversee and enforce  
20 the changes in the NSA.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect May 9, 2021 .

22 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Klein Cain High.*



## **Finals 7. A Bill to Utilize Artificial Intelligence to Restructure Congressional Districts**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall utilize Artificial Intelligence to analyzes census  
3 data and other social-economic factors in order to restructure all federal  
4 congressional districts.

5 **SECTION 2.** Artificial Intelligence is defined as the use of computer systems to  
6 perform, process, or make decisions using real-time data to simulate  
7 human tasks and behaviors.

8 **SECTION 3.** Private companies will work with the State Department to develop and  
9 implement an algorithm.

10 A. All future redistricting changes will be approved by a new Federal  
11 Districting Commission with bipartisan members appointed by  
12 Congress.

13 B. Demographic data will be collected from the United States Census  
14 every 10 years.

15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2030.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Memorial High School.*



## **Finals 8. A Bill to Increase Homeless Shelters to Rehabilitate the Homeless**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States federal government will work to increase the amount  
3 of homeless shelters in cities with homeless populations greater than  
4 10,000 people.

5 **SECTION 2.** Homeless shelters shall be defined as temporary residencies for homeless  
6 individuals and families. Homelessness shall be defined as lacking housing  
7 or lacking a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence.

8 **SECTION 3.** The United States Interagency Council on Homelessness (USICH) will work  
9 in conjunction with state governments to implement this legislation.

10 A. An additional 75 million dollars will be allocated annually to the  
11 budget of the USICH for a span of 5 years.

12 B. The additional funding will be attained through diverting funds from  
13 the Department of Defense (DoD).

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect by January 31, 2022.

15 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Spring Woods High School.*