

2021-2022

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Chambers may set the agenda of their docket. Legislation does not belong to the chamber until it has first been introduced by the author or sponsor. School authorship is designated.



A Bill to Create a Community Compost to Enrich the Environment

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Create a federal compost facility.
- 3 **SECTION 2**. Compost: to decay organic material to use as a plant fertilizer. Organic:
- any material derived from living matter.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** Environmental Protection Agency shall run and staff the facility.
- A. A curbside receptacle will be provided for all homes.
- B. A fee will be added to the waste management bill.
- 8 C. Anyone participating can claim compost for their home once a month.
- 9 D. Any excess compost can be sold to businesses.
- 10 **SECTION 4.** If passed, this bill will go into effect February 2022.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Del Valle High School.



A Bill to Minimize Coin Change

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. The United States should begin the process of phasing-out the penny
- from its system of currency.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Phase-out shall be described as the process to slowly eliminate the penny
- 5 from circulation in the United States
- 6 **SECTION 3.** With oversight from the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing and
- 7 Urban Affairs, the United States will begin a 2-year process to phase out
- the penny to:
- 9 A. Improve the United States economy and,
- B. Using collected pennies to melt-down to create raw materials
- 11 **SECTION 4.** Upon passage, the U.S. will begin a two-year process to collect pennies.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Horizon High School.



A Bill to Bolster the Educational Curriculum for Knowledge

| 1 | BE IT ENACTE | D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
|----|----------------|---|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | Studies have found that the majority of kids are unprepared when they |
| 3 | | leave high school. In order to fix this, the Department of Education will |
| 4 | | enact a nationwide curriculum change in order to better prepare |
| 5 | | students for the rest of their life as citizens of America. |
| 6 | SECTION 2. | Curriculum shall be defined as the totality of subjects covered through |
| 7 | | the career of a given student. |
| 8 | SECTION 3. | The Department of Education will oversee this curriculum change to |
| 9 | | make sure all states adhere to the bill. |
| 10 | | A. The curriculum will be changed by adding a two semester long "Life |
| 11 | | Skills Class" which includes financial education, civics, and police |
| 12 | | response as a requirement of graduation. |
| 13 | | B. If states refuse to adhere to the change, funding to the state's |
| L4 | | education department will be reduced by 20%. |
| 15 | | C. Any students that are a junior or senior in high school when this bill is |
| 16 | | implemented will be exempt from the graduation requirement. |
| L7 | SECTION 4. | This bill will go into effect one month after the 2021-22 school year ends. |
| L8 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Burges High School. |



A Resolution to Limit the Terms of Supreme Court Justices

| 1 | WHEREAS, | A 2018 survey indicates that only 28% of Americans think that Supreme |
|----|----------------|---|
| 2 | | Court Justices should serve for life. The U.S. has one of the few high |
| 3 | | courts in the world without fixed terms; and |
| 4 | WHEREAS, | The life expectancy when the Constitution was ratified was 38 years of |
| 5 | | age, while today it is 79, leaving Justices to serve for far more years than |
| 6 | | the framers ever intended; and |
| 7 | WHEREAS, | Presidents are motivated to pick younger Justices to ensure they serve |
| 8 | | longer, rather than choosing more experienced candidates; and |
| 9 | WHEREAS, | Political pressure is put on Justices to "retire" or "not retire" depending |
| 10 | | on the President in office with the ability to replace them; and |
| 11 | WHEREAS, | The political balance of the court does not reflect the political balance of |
| 12 | | the nation. The confirmation of Justices has also been affected by |
| 13 | | politics, because of the high stakes of life appointments; now, therefore, |
| 14 | | be it |
| 15 | RESOLVED, | That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following |
| 16 | | recommendation that Supreme Court Justices be limited to 18 years of |
| 17 | | service in that court. They may serve in other court capacities after their |
| 18 | | tenure on the Supreme Court; and, be it |
| 19 | FURTHER RES | OLVED, That Presidents may not appoint more than two Justices per term |
| 20 | | to help insure future balance of the court. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Franklin High School. |



A Bill to Prevent the Spread of COVID-19 in Schools

| 1 | BE IT ENACTE | D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
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| 2 | SECTION 1. | All schools receiving federal funding must take reasonable measures to |
| 3 | | be defined by the U.S. Department of Education to ensure all parents, |
| 4 | | students, visitors, and staff meet one of two criteria, 1) they have |
| 5 | | received a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved COVID-19 |
| 6 | | Vaccine, or 2) they are wearing a mask at all times while on school or |
| 7 | | district property. |
| 8 | SECTION 2. | FDA approval shall be defined as "approved by the Food and Drug |
| 9 | | Administration" or "Given Emergency Use Authorization by the Food and |
| 10 | | Drug Administration". |
| 11 | SECTION 3. | The Department of Education shall enforce measures in this legislation. |
| 12 | | A. Any school district found in violation of enforcing the measures in |
| 13 | | Section 1, shall be fined \$1,000 per campus, per day, and lose federal |
| 14 | | funding for the fiscal year. |
| 15 | SECTION 4. | This bill will take effect January 21st, 2022. |
| 16 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by J. M. Hanks HS. |



A Resolution to Disallow the Public Identification of Suspects in Crimes Unless they are Convicted

| 1 | WHEREAS, | In the United States justice system people are supposed to be considered |
|----|----------------|--|
| 2 | | innocent until found guilty; and |
| 3 | WHEREAS, | The moment someone is accused of a crime, the media and/or the law |
| 4 | | enforcement agencies identify them and even release their picture; and |
| 5 | WHEREAS, | Many people are arrested and then found to have no connection to the |
| 6 | | crime and/or are falsely accused due to factors such as faulty eyewitness |
| 7 | | testimony; and |
| 8 | WHEREAS, | Once these people have been publicly identified they are often times |
| 9 | | assumed to be automatically guilty by the public even if they are soon |
| 10 | | after released without facing any charges; |
| 11 | WHEREAS, | Many people have had their lives ruined after being identified as a |
| 12 | | suspect by losing their jobs, marriages, reputation, etc. before any trial |
| 13 | | takes place or even after they are found innocent; now, therefore, be it |
| 14 | RESOLVED, | That the UIL Congress here assembled that suspected criminals will not |
| 15 | | be identified publicly in any way until after they are found guilty and |
| 16 | | suspects who are found to be innocent will never be publicly identified. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Ysleta HS. |



A Bill to Allow Adolescents to Make Health Care Decisions

| 1 | BE IT ENACTE | ED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
|----|----------------|---|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | This bill will allow adolescents of the age of consent to make health care |
| 3 | | decisions without notifications of parents or guardians. |
| 4 | SECTION 2. | Age of Consent: the age at which one is legally competent to give |
| 5 | | consent. |
| 6 | | Mental health: a person's condition with regard to their psychological |
| 7 | | and emotional well-being. |
| 8 | | Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD): disease and/or infections that are |
| 9 | | passed from one person to another through sexual contact. |
| 10 | | Birth control: any method, medicine, or device used to prevent |
| 11 | | pregnancy. |
| 12 | | Abortion: the deliberate termination of a human pregnancy. |
| 13 | | Prenatal care: health care one gets while pregnant. Including checkups |
| 14 | | and prenatal testing. |
| 15 | SECTION 3. | The United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) will |
| 16 | | oversee the implementation of this legislation. The HHS will cooperate |
| 17 | | with the state governments to enforce this legislation. |
| 18 | | A. The age of consent is 13 for mental health. |
| 19 | | B. The age of consent is 14 for STD testing |
| 20 | | C. The age of consent is any age for birth control, abortion, or prenatal |
| 21 | | care |
| 22 | SECTION 4. | This bill shall be implemented immediately upon passage. |
| 23 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Parkland High School. |



A Resolution Honoring the Termination of American Militant Imperialism

| 1 | WHEREAS, | The United States has a long-standing history of overthrowing |
|----|-------------|---|
| 2 | | democratically elected governments across the world; and |
| 3 | WHEREAS, | President Joseph R. Biden has declared an end to the era of United States |
| 4 | | military operations that "remake other countries"; and |
| 5 | WHEREAS, | The recent Taliban takeover of Afghanistan exemplifies the futility of |
| 6 | | American militant imperialism; and |
| 7 | WHEREAS, | American militant imperialism is responsible for the deaths of |
| 8 | | innumerable civilian lives in Afghanistan, Iraq, Vietnam, and |
| 9 | WHEREAS, | American militant imperialism detracts funding from domestic social |
| 10 | | programs; now, therefore, be it |
| 11 | RESOLVED, | By the UIL Congress hereby assembled commend President Joseph R. |
| 12 | | Biden for pursuing an end to American militant imperialism; and, be it |
| 13 | FURTHER RES | SOLVED, By the UIL Congress hereby assembled honor the memories of all |
| 14 | | Americans and citizens of the world who perished due to American |
| 15 | | militant imperialism. |
| | | |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Coronado HS.



A Bill to Set a Wealth Tax to Close the Wealth Gap

| 1 | BE II ENACIE | ED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
|----|----------------|---|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | This bill shall be named, "Wealthy Offer to Reduce Key Disparities Act" or |
| 3 | | the "W.O.R.K. Act" to create a wealth tax for anybody who makes over |
| 4 | | \$400,000. Setting such tax rate for income over \$400,000 at 1.5%. |
| 5 | SECTION 2. | Wealth gap should be defined as the unequal distribution of assets |
| 6 | | among residents of the United States. Tax should be defined as a |
| 7 | | compulsory contribution to the federal government, levied by the |
| 8 | | government on worker's income and business profits, or added to the |
| 9 | | costs of some goods, services, and transactions. |
| 10 | SECTION 3. | This bill shall be implemented by the Internal Revenue Service and the |
| 11 | | Department of the Treasury. |
| 12 | | A. The Internal Revenue Service shall oversee the implementation of |
| 13 | | the tax and monitor that the taxes are being paid. |
| 14 | | B. The Department of the Treasury shall oversee the wealth gap and the |
| 15 | | impacts of such tax. It will also explore ways that the wealth gap can |
| 16 | | continue to be reduced. It will also deliver yearly reports on the |
| 17 | | progress at the end of each tax return season. |
| 18 | SECTION 4. | This bill will go into effect in May of 2022 after passage by this UIL |
| 19 | | Congress. |
| 20 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Mission Early College High School. |



A Bill to Exempt Federal Income Taxation to Active-Duty Military

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. All military pay and benefits for active-duty personnel will be exempt
- from federal income taxation.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Federal income tax will be defined as a tax levied by the United States
- 5 Internal Revenue Service on the annual earnings of individuals,
- 6 corporations, trusts, and other legal entities. Active-duty military will be
- defined as someone who works in the military fulltime and can be
- 8 deployed at any time.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service will be responsible for executing the
- exemption of federal income tax of the active-duty military.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2022.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Chapin High School.



A Resolution for Double Standard Family Planning to Protect Men's Rights Who Oppose the Birth of Their Child

| 1 | WHEREAS, | Abortion often focuses on the rights of a mother or the unborn child, but |
|----|-------------|--|
| 2 | | fails to provide rights to the father who will be affected by the mother's |
| 3 | | final decision to birth the child. |
| 4 | WHEREAS, | A man's pregnant partner seeking to have an abortion, does not legally |
| 5 | | require his consent; a woman may choose to terminate a pregnancy |
| 6 | | against the father's objections or, conversely, choose to carry the |
| 7 | | pregnancy to full term despite his objections. |
| 8 | WHEREAS | This has led to a double standard in family planning. Fathers may not wish |
| 9 | | to assume the responsibilities of fatherhood and oppose the carrying of a |
| LO | | pregnancy to term. |
| 11 | WHEREAS | After birth, the father will generally be responsible for child support |
| 12 | | payments despite his objections to carrying the pregnancy to term; now, |
| L3 | | therefore, be it |
| L4 | RESOLVED, | That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following |
| L5 | | recommendation that fathers of an unborn child should have the right to |
| 16 | | decide if they want to be a father right after conception just as the |
| L7 | | mother has the right to choose if she wants to terminate or carry to full |
| L8 | | term the pregnancy right after conception; and, be it |
| 19 | FURTHER RES | SOLVED, That if the mother decides to carry the pregnancy to term despite |
| 20 | | the father's opposition the father will not be obligated to assume |
| 21 | | financial responsibility. |
| | | |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Eastlake High School.



A Bill to Fund Low Income Communities to Create or Sustain Fine Arts Programs in Public Schools

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Fine Arts programs are important for student success and low-income
- 3 communities are losing programs due to funding.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Fine Arts: any program that uses creativity as its basis.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** The National Endowment for the Arts shall create a specific fund. Local
- 6 school districts will manage the fund.
- A. Low-income schools can apply to have their programs fully funded.
- 8 B. A selection committee will take application and all grant
- 9 requirements must be met.
- 10 C. School will have to reapply every six years for funding.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect August 3, 2022.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Del Valle.



A Bill to Remove the Tie of Attendance to Public School Funding

| 1 | BE IT ENACTE | D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
|------------|----------------|---|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | Student attendance will no longer be a primary determining factor that |
| 3 | | determines the amount of government funding a public school shall |
| 4 | | receive. |
| 5 | SECTION 2. | Attendance shall be defined as students who are marked present during |
| 6 | | the school day. |
| 7 | SECTION 3. | The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of this |
| 8 | | bill by: |
| 9 | | A. Allowing school districts to determine their own measuring system |
| LO | | that is education-based and shows educational growth in their |
| l 1 | | population, and |
| 12 | | B. Approving each campus' individualized plan of measurement to |
| 13 | | determine funding. |
| L4 | SECTION 4. | Upon passage, schools will be given a one-year span to develop and |
| L5 | | present their growth plan. |
| L 6 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Horizon HS. |



| 1 | BE IT ENACTE | D BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
|----|--------------|---|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | Businesses in the top 1% of value will pay 10% more corporate taxes. The |
| 3 | | revenue from the extra 10% increase in taxes shall be distributed to |
| 4 | | people below the poverty line in the form of basic income. |
| 5 | SECTION 2. | Basic income shall be defined as an income that is given to an individual |
| 6 | | in addition to their normal revenue from their job or business. |
| 7 | SECTION 3. | The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will oversee the enforcement of the |
| 8 | | taxes and the Department of the Treasury shall give out the basic income. |
| 9 | | The Health and Human Services Department shall help oversee who |
| 10 | | qualifies for the program. |
| 11 | | A. The top 1% of businesses shall be determined based on their |
| 12 | | estimated value after Q4, 2021. After implementation, businesses |
| 13 | | affected by the tax increase will change every quarter. |
| 14 | | B. The IRS will determine for each family based on the 2020 Census who |
| 15 | | falls under the poverty line which will indicate who is qualified to |
| 16 | | receive the basic income. |
| 17 | SECTION 4. | This bill will go into effect on January 1 st , 2023. |
| 18 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Burges High School.



A Resolution Regarding Early College Admission

| 1 | WHEREAS, | Colleges that have binding early admission programs contractually |
|----|-----------|--|
| 2 | | require students who apply and are accepted early to attend the college |
| 3 | | that admitted them; and |
| 4 | WHEREAS, | This practice is detrimental to students who need to consider multiple |
| 5 | | financial aid offers from various schools before deciding; and |
| 6 | WHEREAS, | This practice benefits those who need the least help getting into college, |
| 7 | | affluent students with connections and other advantages. This leads to |
| 8 | | wealthier students with weaker backgrounds being disproportionately |
| 9 | | represented in the admissions pool; and |
| 10 | WHEREAS, | Early admissions allows seniors to slack off the second semester of their |
| 11 | | senior year, decreasing their college-readiness; now, therefore, be it |
| 12 | RESOLVED, | That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following |
| 13 | | recommendation for colleges and universities to no longer be allowed to |
| 14 | | use binding early admissions programs. |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Franklin HS.



A Resolution to Eliminate Class Ranks in High Schools

| 1 | WHEREAS, | High school students face incredibly high levels of unnecessary stress |
|----|-----------|--|
| 2 | | over their class ranking; and |
| 3 | WHEREAS, | Some high schools have done away with it because they feel it penalizes |
| 4 | | many excellent students who are squeezed out of the top 10 percent of |
| 5 | | the class and then overlooked by elite colleges; and |
| 6 | WHEREAS, | Intelligence and college readiness can be measured and exhibited in |
| 7 | | many ways besides GPA; and |
| 8 | WHEREAS, | Students should be evaluated by colleges based on their personal resume |
| 9 | | and the whole picture as opposed to being simply compared to others |
| 10 | | based on their class rank; and |
| 11 | WHEREAS, | Due to the tremendous differences in curricula and grading standards at |
| 12 | | different high schools, many admission officers have begun to discount |
| 13 | | the accuracy and importance of class rank as a factor in evaluating |
| 14 | | students; now, therefore, be it |
| 15 | RESOLVED, | By the UIL Congress here assembled that the class ranking system used in |
| 16 | | high schools should be terminated. |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Ysleta High School.



A Resolution to Support Taiwan in Their Fight For Democracy

| 1 | WHEREAS, | The island nation of Taiwan deserves the right to democracy and self- |
|----|-----------|---|
| 2 | | determination; and |
| 3 | WHEREAS, | Nations bordering Taiwan, such as China, have taken aggressive military |
| 4 | | maneuvers against the island nation such as overflights; and |
| 5 | WHEREAS, | Political measures such as coordinated propaganda campaigns that aim |
| 6 | | to sow doubt about U.S. security commitments after American-led |
| 7 | | coalition forces withdrew from Afghanistan; and |
| 8 | WHEREAS, | Other U.S. allies such as Great Britain are taking similar measures to |
| 9 | | protect democracy in Taiwan; now, therefore, be it |
| 10 | RESOLVED, | That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following |
| 11 | | recommendation that the United States of America will support Taiwan |
| 12 | | against military and political aggression. |
| | | |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Parkland High School.



A Bill to Implement Universal Basic Income to better the Economy and Well-Being of our American Citizens

| 1 | BE IT ENACTE | ED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: |
|----|----------------|---|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | The United States federal government ought to give a regular payment to |
| 3 | | every United States citizen over the age of 18, regardless of factors such |
| 4 | | as employment, income, or location. |
| 5 | | A. Over time of implementation of this policy, certain welfare programs |
| 6 | | will be eliminated. Moreover, families will have the opportunity to |
| 7 | | choose their current welfare benefits or their monthly payment to |
| 8 | | determine what programs to keep. (It would not replace Social |
| 9 | | Security, Medicare, Medicaid, housing, or unemployment insurance.) |
| 10 | | B. Those who wish to opt out of these benefits may do so. |
| 11 | SECTION 2. | "Regular payment" is defined as a payment of \$1000 per month per adult |
| 12 | | and \$500 per child. |
| 13 | SECTION 3. | The United States Department of Health and Human Services will oversee |
| 14 | | this bill. |
| 15 | | E. The HHS will manage funds and distribution of payments. |
| 16 | | F. In order to pay for such a policy, there will be an increase of 10% to |
| 17 | | the Value Added Tax, \$20/ton Carbon Tax, and a 0.1% Free Trade |
| 18 | | Treaty. |
| 19 | SECTION 4. | This legislation shall be implemented on January 1 st , 2025. |
| 20 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |
| | Introduced for | UIL Congressional Debate by Coronado HS. |



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Expand the Supreme Court to the Number of Appellate Courts

| 1 | BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: | |
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| 2 | RESOLVED, | By two-thirds of the UIL Congress here assembled, that the following |
| 3 | | article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United |
| 4 | | States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the |
| 5 | | Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the |
| 6 | | several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the |
| 7 | | Congress: |
| 8 | | ARTICLE 3 |
| 9 | SECTION 1: | The Supreme Court of the United States shall extend its number of |
| 10 | | justices to the number of Appellate Courts in the U.S. With the adoption |
| 11 | | of the amendment today, it will be set at 13. But if such number |
| 12 | | changes, the number of justices will change with it. |
| 13 | SECTION 2: | The Supreme Court of the United States will remain with one Chief |
| 14 | | Justice and the remaining number of justices shall serve as Associate |
| 15 | | Justices. |
| 16 | SECTION 3: | If the number of Appellate Courts were to become an even number, the |
| 17 | | Chief Justice shall be the determining vote in any case when the court is |
| 18 | | split. |
| 19 | SECTION 4: | The UIL Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by |
| 20 | | appropriate legislation. |
| | | |

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Mission Early College HS.



A Bill to End the Testing of Cosmetic Products on Animals to Reduce Animal Cruelty

| BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED |) THAT: |
|---|---------|
|---|---------|

- 2 **SECTION 1**. Cosmetic companies will cease the testing of their products on animals.
- 3 **SECTION 2**. Cosmetic is defined as a product (excluding pure soap) intended to be
- applied to the human face for cleansing, beautifying, promoting
- attractiveness, or altering the appearance. Cosmetic company is defined
- as a manufacturer or distributer of cosmetic products. Animal testing is
- defined as use of animals in experiments and development projects,
- 8 usually to determine toxicity and efficacy of cosmetics.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Food and Drug Administration will regulate this act under the authority of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect on August 1, 2022.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Captain John L. Chapin HS.