University Interscholastic League Spelling and Vocabulary 2007-08 District I Meet Part Ia

Part Ia Proofreading: 15 Points
This is a test to determine your ability to recognize misspelled words. In each of the following sets, one word is incorrect. Errors may be in capitalization, accent marks, hyphens, or in spelling. Most of the words are from the general and the vocabulary lists in UIL WORD POWER; however, up to twenty percent may be from other sources. Do not correct words with alternate spellings if the word shown is a correct form of the word. Write the word correctly in the numbered blank at the right. Each blank is worth one point.

1. philology
   wrongdoer       Babinski Reflex
   off-Broadwaythrees

2. vainglorious
   avocation       concertino
   breach          sympathomemetic

3. doggedly       tardive diskinesia
   heartrending    escargot
   digitize

4. ver batim      insurgent       bandwidth
   Yalta           suture

5. technocrat     intracellular
   sfumatto        aoudad
   elegist

6. chlorosis      sophistry       Pavarotti
   Legionnaires’ disease
   marriagable

7. soigne         terrorism       snapdragon
   rhombus         pedagogical

8. aftereffect    coloratura
   Pegasus         effectuate
   negligent

9. frisson        entomophagous
   Chablis         Brulé
   teeter totter

10. hawser        levity          segue
    da capo         gecco

Continue working to the end of this part of the test - # 30

Errors on this page

Graders 
11. habiliments Uto-Aztecan Sinn Fein schlockmiester interdict
12. forty-niner fez lacticiferous in camera adagios
13. comfrey harrumph drommond sedimentology tragicomedy
14. sarcoma moo goo gai pan arrant repetition hornbill
15. counterveil nevus zoophobia enclave haute cuisine

Continue working to the end of this part of the test - # 30
University Interscholastic League Spelling and Vocabulary 2007-08 District I Meet Part Ib
Part Ib Vocabulary: 15 Points

This is a test to determine how well you know the meanings and origins of the words on the Vocabulary portion of the list in UIL Word Power. Test words are taken from the bulleted word list, their roots, definitions, and synonyms or antonyms. There are no misspelled words on this section of the test. Select the best answer from the answer choices given for each of the following test questions. Please use CAPITAL LETTERS to write the letter of your answer in the numbered space at the right of the question. Each blank is worth one point.

16. People who travel as part of their careers can be referred to as _____ laborers.
   A. crocodilian  B. itinerant  C. zucchetto  D. titansiferous  E. aide-mémoire

17. One who suffers from _____ may have an illness that could grow into alcoholism.
   A. dipsomania  B. algophobia  C. hypoxemia  D. eclampsia  E. appeasement

18. A synonym for ambivalence, ambiguity, or otherwise vacillating in opinion is known as “_____”
   A. viva voce  B. nephrosis  C. impecuniosity  D. denigration  E. equivocation

19. The veterinarian felt he needed to use a special _____ to rid Trixie of heartworms.
   A. vermicide  B. laparoscopy  C. agent provocateur  D. bacteriostasis  E. physiatry

20. The Exxon and Mobil oil companies became a(n) _____ when they merged, which created the Exxon-Mobil oil company.
   A. convolution  B. polygamy  C. amalgamation  D. rescission  E. scriptorium

21. The two ballet dancers made an expert attempt to perform leading roles in Mozart’s The Magic Flute, but they failed in their execution of a perfect _____ during the second act.
   A. tableau vivant  B. roman à clef  C. tuyère  D. aposiopesis  E. pas de chat

22. The dissolution or destruction of a cell is called _____
   A. siderosis  B. cytolysis  C. symbiosis  D. orthogenesis  E. thermocouple

23. A chromolithograph printed with oil paint on canvas in imitation of an oil painting is called a(n) _____
   A. coyotillo  B. pietà  C. subgenre  D. oleograph  E. tokonoma

Continue working to the end of the test (#30)

Graders
#3  #2  #1

Errors on this page
24. The corporation slashed activity budgets, placed a moratorium on all expense accounts, and cancelled the holiday party, which caused the employees to accuse the organization of _____ budget cuts.
A. draconian  B. dipetalous  C. malacological  D. vincible  E. respondent

25. In sync with the choir’s final note, the organist pulled the _____ which sent resounding sounds throughout the sanctuary.
A. hemiplegia  B. bel canto  C. coxcombr  D. vox humana  E. pneumatometer

26. Due to his desire to waste time so his opponent could not interrupt, the speaker was accused of causing a(n) _____
A. macrocephaly  B. filibuster  C. ellipsoid  D. wallaby  E. nephrosis

27. Without proper physical therapy, a patient could experience a(n) _____ of the initial injury and cause further damage.
A. exacerbation  B. hesperidium  C. aberration  D. mignonette  E. misfeason

28. An extensive, semiarid plateau region that spans three southwestern states and produces much oil and natural gas is known as the _____
A. Rambouillet  B. Wahpekute  C. Llano Estacado  D. Huguenot  E. Bhopal

29. A “brown noser,” “suck up,” or “apple polisher” can easily make himself known through his _____ behavior
A. catatonic  B. acatalectic  C. homologous  D. obsequious  E. appellant

30. A(n) _____ is known as either a school of music or drama or a greenhouse in which plants are aesthetically displayed.
A. isinglass  B. conservatory  C. phylum  D. aurora australis  E. bal musette
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<td>abbacy</td>
<td>(əbˈe-sē)</td>
<td>noun</td>
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</table>
| 2     | consumable   | (kən-sōmˈe-bəl) | adjective      | 1. That can be consumed  
2. That may be depleted or worn out by use |
| 3     | accessory    | (āk-sēsˈe-rē) | noun           | 1. a. A subordinate or supplementary item; an adjunct. b. Something nonessential but desirable that contributes to an effect or result.  
2. Law. a. One who incites, aids, or abets a lawbreaker in the commission of a crime but is not present at the time of the crime. b. One who aids a criminal after the commission of a crime, but was not present at the time of the crime. |
| 4     | fiber optics | (fiˈbar ˈöpˈtiks) | noun           | 1. The science or technology of light transmission through very fine, flexible glass or plastic fibers.  
2. A bundle of optical fibers. |
| 5     | obviate      | (əbˈvē-átˈ)   | verb           | To anticipate and dispose of effectively; render unnecessary.               |
| 6     | accommodative| (ə-kōmˈe-dətˈiv) | adjective      | [Describing that which]  
1. [does] a favor or service for; oblige  
2. [provides] for; supply with  
3. [holds] comfortably without crowding  
4. [makes] suitable; adapt  
5. To allow for; consider  
6. To settle; reconcile. |
<p>| 7     | Cotoneaster  | (kə-tōˈnē-əsˈtər) | noun           | The genus of various erect or creeping shrubs in the rose family, native to Eurasia, having white to pinkish flowers and tiny, red or black applelike fruits, and frequently cultivated for ornament. |
| 8     | brochure     | (brō-shōbrˈ)  | noun           | A small booklet or pamphlet, often containing promotional material or product information. |</p>
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<td>fiddle-faddle</td>
<td>(fīdˈl-fādˈl)</td>
<td>noun</td>
<td>Nonsense.</td>
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| 10. | optician | (ôp-teesˈən) | noun | 1. One that makes lenses and eyeglasses.  
2. One that sells lenses, eyeglasses, and other optical instruments. |
| 11. | affiliation | (ə-filˈe-əˈshən) | noun | [The act of]  
1. adopt[ing] or accept[ing] as a member, subordinate associate, or branch.  
2. associate[ing] (oneself) as a subordinate, subsidiary, employee, or member:  
3. assign[ing] the origin of. |
| 12. | Croatian | (krōˈə shən) | adjective | Of or relating to Croatia or its people, language, or culture. |
| 13. | • condign | (kən-dīnˈ) | adjective | Deserved; adequate |
| 14. | fraudulent | (frōˈjə-lənt) | adjective | 1. Engaging in fraud; deceitful.  
2. Characterized by, constituting, or gained by fraud |
| 15. | Peloponnesian | pēlˈə-pə-nēˈ nēˈzhen,-shən) | adjective [Of or relating to]  
A peninsula forming the southern part of Greece south of the Gulf of Corinth. It was dominated by Sparta until the fourth century B.C.. |
| 16. | antechoir | (əntˈtə-kwərˈ) | noun | A place in front of the choir reserved for the clergy and choir members. |
| 17. | cromlech | (krōmˈlēkˈ) | noun | 1. A prehistoric monument consisting of monoliths encircling a mound.  
2. A dolmen. |
| 18. | • discernible | (dī-sûrˈnə-bəl, -zûrˈ-) | adjective | Perceptible, as by the faculty of vision or the intellect. |
| 19. | gleba | (glēˈbe) | noun | The fleshy, spore-bearing inner mass of a puffball. |
| 20. | perforation | (pûrˈfə-rəˈshən) | noun | 1. A hole or series of holes punched or bored through something, especially a hole in a series, separating sections in a sheet or roll.  
2. a. The act of perforating. b. The state of being perforated. |
21. **avatar**  (āvˈə-tārˈ)  *noun*  
1. The incarnation of a Hindu deity, especially Vishnu, in human or animal form.  
2. An embodiment, as of a quality or concept; an archetype  
3. A temporary manifestation or aspect of a continuing entity

22. **culpable**  (kūlˈpə-bəl)  *adjective*  
Deserving of blame or censure as being wrong, evil, improper, or injurious.

23. **emanate**  (ēmˈə-nātˈ)  *verb*  
To come or send forth, as from a source

24. **glissade**  (glĭsˈādˌ, -sādˌ)  *noun*  
1. A gliding step in ballet.  
2. A controlled slide, in either a standing or sitting position, used in descending a steep icy or snowy incline.

25. 5 *Minutes*

26. **Azerbaijan**  (āzˈər-bē-jānˌ, āˈzər-)  *noun*  
A country of Transcaucasia north of Iran. The region was settled by the Medes before the eighth century B.C. and was a separate kingdom after the death of Alexander the Great. Ceded to Russia by Persia in 1813 and 1828, the territory was a constituent republic of the U.S.S.R. from 1936 to 1991. Baku is the capital. Population, 6,614,000.

27. **Daliesque**  (dāˈlēs-k)  *adjective*  
*In the manner of* Salvador Dali, Spanish surrealist artist known for his flamboyant personal style and his disquieting interpretation of fantastic images in meticulously rendered canvases. Among his most famous works is *Persistence of Memory* (1931), a desolate landscape inhabited by limp, melting watches.

28. **fructiferous**  (frŭk-tĭfˈər-əs, frŏık-)  *adjective*  
Bearing fruit.

29. **gnarled**  (närld)  *adjective*  
1. Having gnarls; knotty or misshapen  
2. Morose or peevish; crabbed.  
3. Rugged and roughened, as from old
30. barbette (bär-bēt') noun
1. A platform or mound of earth within a fort from which guns are fired over the parapet.
2. An armored protective cylinder around a revolving gun turret on a warship.

31. deferment (dī-für'mənt) noun
1. The act or an instance of delaying or putting off.
2. Officially sanctioned postponement of compulsory military service.

32. inadvertent (in'əd-vür'tnt) adjective
1. Not only attentive.
2. Marked by unintentional lack of care

33. grazioso (grä'tsē-dō'sē-zō) adverb & adjective
Music. In a graceful, smooth manner. Used chiefly as a direction.

34. preferment (prī-für'mənt) noun
1. The act of advancing to a higher position or office; promotion.
2. A position, an appointment, or a rank giving advancement, as of profit or prestige.
3. The act of preferring or the state of being preferred.

35. ponderosa pine (pōn'dō-rō'sō pīn) noun
A tall timber tree (Pinus ponderosa) of western North America, having long, dark green needles grouped in fascicles of three.

36. Beowulf (bā'ə-wōolf') noun
The legendary hero of an anonymous Old English epic poem believed to have been composed in the early eighth century. Beowulf slays the monster Grendel and its mother, becomes king of the Geats, and dies fighting a dragon.

37. deficit (dēf'ī-sīt) noun
1. a. Inadequacy or insufficiency
   b. A deficiency or impairment in mental or physical functioning.
   c. An unfavorable condition or position; a disadvantage
2. a. The amount by which a sum of money falls short of the required or expected amount; a shortage
   b. A business loss.
38. *innocuous*  (ɪ-nəkˈyʊə-əs)  adjective
   1. Having no adverse effect; harmless.
   2. Not likely to offend or provoke to strong emotion; insipid.

39. guava  (gwɑˈve)  noun
   1. Any of various tropical American shrubs and trees of the genus *Psidium*, especially *P. guajava*, having white flowers and edible fruit.
   2. The fruit of this plant.

40. prophecy  (prəfˈɪ-sə)  noun
   1. a. An inspired utterance of a prophet, viewed as a revelation of divine will.
      b. A prediction of the future, made under divine inspiration.
      c. Such an inspired message or prediction transmitted orally or in writing.
   2. The vocation or condition of a prophet.
   3. A prediction.

41. bobolink  (bəbˈə-lîŋk)  noun
   An American migratory songbird (*Dolichonyx oryzivorus*), the male of which has black, white, and yellowish plumage.

42. deliberative  (dɪ-lɪbˈə-rətɪv, -ə-ˈrɛtɪv)  adjective
   1. Assembled or organized for deliberation or debate: a deliberative legislature.
   2. Characterized by or for use in deliberation or debate.

43. *irascible*  (ɪ-rəsˈe-bəl, ɪ-rəsˈ-)  adjective
   1. Prone to outbursts of temper; easily angered.
   2. Characterized by or resulting from anger.

44. hanuman  (hənˈdɑ-ˈmɑn)  noun
   A small monkey (*Presbytis entellus*) of southern Asia, having bristly hairs on the crown and the sides of the face.

45. proviso  (prə-viˈzɔ)  noun
   A clause in a document making a qualification, condition, or restriction.

46. broadband  (brɔdˈbænd)  adjective
   Of, relating to, or having a wide band of electromagnetic frequencies

47. deodar  (dəˈdɑr)  noun
   A tall cècàr (*Cedrus deodara*) native to the Himalaya Mountains and having
48. **irreparable** (ɪrɪˈpærəbəl) *adjective*
   Impossible to repair, rectify, or amend

49. **immobile** (ɪməˈbɛl, -ˌbɛl, -ˈbɛl) *adjective*
   1. Immovable; fixed.
   2. Not moving; motionless.

50. **Puerto Rico** (pwɜːrtə rɛˈkɔ, pɔr'tə, pɔr'tə, pwɔrt'to) *noun*
   A self-governing island commonwealth of the United States in the Caribbean Sea east of Hispaniola. Discovered by Columbus in 1493, it was colonized by the Spanish in the 16th century and ceded to the United States in 1898 after the Spanish-American War. Commonwealth status was proclaimed in 1952 and has been upheld by various plebiscites since the 1960's. San Juan is the capital and the largest city. Population, 3,522,037.

51. **brutalization** (brʊˈtælɪˈzeɪʃən) *noun*
   [The act of]
   1. mak[ing] cruel, harsh, or unfeeling.
   2. treat[ing] cruelly or harshly.

52. **easement** (ˈeɪzmənt) *noun*
   1. The act of easing or the condition of being eased.
   2. Something that affords ease or comfort.
   3. Law. A right, such as a right of way, afforded a person to make limited use of another's real property.

53. **liberal arts** (ˈlɪbrəl ˈɑrts) *noun*
   1. Academic disciplines, such as languages, literature, history, philosophy, mathematics, and science, that provide information of general cultural concern
   2. The disciplines comprising the trivium and quadrivium.

54. **inscrutable** (ɪnˈskrɔrəbəl) *adjective*
   Difficult to fathom or understand; impenetrable.

55. **Quetta** (kwɛtˈə) *noun*
   A city of west-central Pakistan west-southwest of Lahore. Ringed by mountains, it commands the entrance through the strategic Bolan Pass into
56. camcorder  (kæmˈkɔrˈdər) noun
A self-contained unit of communications equipment made up of a lightweight, hand-held television camera and a videocassette recorder.

57. elaterid  (ɪ-lætˈər-ɪd) noun
Any of numerous beetles of the family Elateridae, which includes the click beetles.

58. • lucent  (lʊˈsɛnt) adjective
1. Giving off light; luminous.
2. Translucent; clear.

59. irrational  (ɪ-rəˈʃə-nəl) adjective
1. a. Not endowed with reason.
b. Affected by loss of usual or normal mental clarity; incoherent, as from shock. c. Marked by a lack of accord with reason or sound judgment
2. a. Being a syllable in Greek and Latin prosody whose length does not fit the metric pattern.
b. Being a metric foot containing such a syllable.
3. Mathematics. Of or relating to an irrational number.

60. recipient  (rɪˈsɪpˈe-ənt) adjective
Functioning as a receiver; receptive.

61. captivity  (kæpˈtɪv-ɪ-teɪ) noun
The state or period of being imprisoned, confined, or enslaved.

62. emergent  (ɪ-mɜrˈdʒənt) adjective
1. a. Coming into view, existence, or notice b. Emerging
2. Rising above a surrounding medium, especially a fluid.
3. Demanding prompt action; urgent.
4. Occurring as a consequence; resultant.

63. • monotheism  (mənə-thə-ɪzˈəm) noun
The doctrine or belief that there is only one God.

64. jitney  (jɪtˈnɛ) noun
1. A small motor vehicle, such as a bus or van, that transports passengers on a route for a small fare.
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<td><strong>redoubtable</strong></td>
<td>(rɪ-douˈte-bəl)</td>
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<td>1/3</td>
<td>1. Arousing fear or awe; formidable.</td>
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<td>2. Worthy of respect or honor.</td>
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<td><strong>causation</strong></td>
<td>(kə-zəˈʃən)</td>
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<td>1. The act or process of causing.</td>
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<td>2. A cause.</td>
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<td>3. Causality.</td>
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<td><strong>Epstein-Barr virus</strong></td>
<td>(ɪpˈsten-bær ˈvɜːrəs)</td>
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<td>A herpes virus that is the causative agent of infectious mononucleosis. It is also associated with various types of human cancers.</td>
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<td><strong>nonchalance</strong></td>
<td>(nɒnˈʃə-læns)</td>
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<td>Casual lack of concern</td>
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<td><strong>Jolly Roger</strong></td>
<td>(jɒlˈi ˈroʊər)</td>
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<td>A black flag bearing the emblematic white skull and crossbones of a pirate ship.</td>
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<td><strong>relativity</strong></td>
<td>(rɛlˈə-tɪvə-tə)</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>1. The quality or state of being relative.</td>
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<td>3. A state of dependence in which the existence or significance of one entity is solely dependent on that of another.</td>
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<td>b. General relativity.</td>
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<td>Malathion</td>
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7. **pendant**  
(pĕn′dənt)  
noun  
1. Something suspended from something else, especially an ornament or a piece of jewelry attached to a necklace or bracelet.  
2. A hanging lamp or chandelier.  
3. A sculptured ornament suspended from a vaulted Gothic roof or ceiling.  
4. One of a matched pair; a companion piece.  

8. **marital**  
(mär′i-tl)  
adjective  
1. Of or relating to marriage  
2. Of or relating to a husband.  

9. **Salvadoran**  
(säl′ve-dôr′ən, -dôr′-)  
adjective  
Of or relating to El Salvador or its people or culture.  

10. **competence**  
(kŏm′pĭ-təns)  
noun  
1. a. The state or quality of being adequately or well qualified; ability.  
   b. A specific range of skill, knowledge, or ability.  
2. Law. The quality or condition of being legally qualified to perform an act.  
3. Sufficient means for a comfortable existence.  
4. Microbiology. The ability of bacteria to be genetically transformable.  
5. Medicine. The ability to respond immunologically to bacteria, viruses, or other antigenic agents.  

11. **explication**  
(ĕk′spĭ-lā′shen)  
noun  
[The act of] making clear the meaning of; explaining.  

12. **perfidy**  
(pür′fi-dē)  
noun  
1. Deliberate breach of faith; calculated violation of trust; treachery.  
2. The act or an instance of treachery  

13. **Methuselah**  
(mē-thŭl′ə-lə)  
noun  
A Biblical patriarch said to have lived 969 years.
14. satellite (sætˈɪ-tətˈ) noun 1. Astronomy. A celestial body that orbits a planet; a moon.
2. Aerospace. An object launched to orbit Earth or another celestial body.
3. One who attends a powerful dignitary; a minion.
4. A subservient follower; a sycophant.
5. A nation dominated politically and economically by another nation.
6. An urban or suburban community located near a big city.
7. Genetics. A short segment of a chromosome separated from the rest by a constriction, typically associated with the formation of a nucleolus.
8. Microbiology. A colony of microorganisms whose growth in culture medium is enhanced by certain substances produced by another colony in its proximity.

15. congeniality (kənˈjēnələtē) noun [the condition of] 1. Having the same tastes, habits, or temperament; sympathetic.
2. Of a pleasant disposition; friendly and sociable.
3. Suited to one's needs or nature; agreeable.

16. farrago (fəˈrāɡō, -rāˈ-) noun An assortment or a medley; a conglomeration.

17. namby-pamby (næmˈbē-pəmˈbē) adjective 1. Insipid and sentimental.
2. Lacking vigor or decisiveness; spineless.

18. skiagram (skīˈə-gramˈ) noun 1. A picture or photograph made up of shadows or outlines.

19. talkathon (tōkˈə-thōnˈ) noun A lengthy session of discussions, speeches, or debate.

20. turbidity (tərˈbīdətē) noun [The state or condition of] 1. Having sediment or foreign particles stirred up or suspended; muddy.
2. Heavy, dark, or dense, as smoke or fog.
3. In a state of turmoil; muddled.
| 1. abbreviate | 26. Azerbaijan * | 51. brutalization |
| 2. consumable | 27. Daliesque * | 52. easement |
| 3. accessory | 28. fructiferous | 53. liberal arts |
| 4. fiber optics | 29. gnarled | 54. inscrutable |
| 5. obviate | 30. barbette | 55. Quetta * |
| 6. accommodative | 31. deferment | 56. camcorder |
| 7. Cotoneaster * | 32. inadvertent | 57. elaterid |
| 8. brochure | 33. grazioso | 58. lucent |
| 9. fiddle-faddle | 34. preferment | 59. irrational |
| 10. optician | 35. ponderosa pine | 60. recipient |
| 11. affiliation | 36. Beowulf * | 61. captivity |
| 12. Croatian * | 37. deficit | 62. emergent |
| 13. condign | 38. innocuous | 63. monotheism |
| 14. fraudulent | 39. guava | 64. jitney |
| 15. Peloponnesian * | 40. prophecy | 65. redoubtable |
| 16. antechoir | 41. bobolink | 66. causation |
| 17. cromlech | 42. deliberative | 67. Epstein*-Barr * virus |
| 18. discernible | 43. irascible | 68. nonchalance |
| 19. gleba | 44. hanuman | 69. Jolly* Roger* |
| 20. perforation | 45. proviso | 70. relativity |
| 21. avatar | 46. broadband | |
| 22. culpable | 47. deodar | |
| 23. emanate | 48. irreparable | |
| 24. glissade | 49. immobile | |
| 25. picaro | 50. Puerto* Rico * | |

**Part III - Tiebreaker**

| 1. cirque |
| 2. obituary |
| 3. Malathion * |
| 4. roulette |
| 5. comfrey |
| 6. expandable |
| 7. pendant, pendent |
| 8. marital |
| 9. Salvadoran* |
| 10. competence |
| 11. explication |
| 12. perfidy |
| 13. Methuselah * |
| 14. satellite |
| 15. congeniality |
| 16. farrago |
| 17. namby-pamby |
| 18. skiagram |
| 19. talkathon |
| 20. turbidity |